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Contract for the sale and purchase of land 2022 edition

TERM	MEANING OF TERM	NSW DAN:
vendor's agent	SANDERS PROPERTY AGENTS 9 JANNALI AVENUE JANNALI NSW 2226	Phone: 02 9528-9299 Fax: 0424 852 285 Email: Kirsten.Williams@sanders.com.au
co-agent		
vendor	DENNIS FRANCIS WHITFIELD ROBYN PATRICIA WHITFIELD	
vendor's solicitor	FRANK NOLAN & ASSOCIATES 617 PRINCES HIGHWAY, BLAKEHURST NSW 2221 PO BOX 3091, BLAKEHURST NSW 2221	Phone: 02 9547-0222 Fax: Email: info@franknolan.com
date for completion	42nd day after the contract date (clause 15)	Ref: FN:LN 2300118
land (address, plan details and title reference)	32 /28-34 Leonay Street, Sutherland 2232 LOT 32 IN SP 58280 FOLIO: 32/SP58280	
	☐ VACANT POSSESSION ■ subject to existin	g tenancies
improvements		nit
attached copies	documents in the List of Documents as marked or other documents:	
A real estate agent is	permitted by legislation to fill up the items in this	
inclusions	 □ air conditioning □ blinds □ built-in wardrobes □ curtains □ insect □ dishwasher □ light fi □ ceiling fans □ EV charger □ pool e 	tings II stove
exclusions		
purchaser		
purchaser's solicitor		Phone:
	·	Fax:
		Email:
price		Ref:
deposit	(10% of the price, unless otherwise stated)
balance		·
contract date	(if no	ot stated, the date this contract was made)
Where there is more th		equal shares, specify:
GST AMOUNT (optional)	The price includes GST of: \$	
buyer's agent		

Note: Clause 20.15 provides "Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked."

SIGNING PAGE

VENDOR		PURCHASER					
Signed by		Signed by					
Vendor		Purchaser					
Vendor		Purchaser					
VENDOR (COMPANY)		PURCHASER (COMPANY)					
Signed by in accordance with s127(1) of th authorised person(s) whose sign	e Corporations Act 2001 by the nature(s) appear(s) below:	Signed by					
Signature of authorised person	Signature of authorised person	Signature of authorised person	Signature of authorised person				
Name of authorised person	Name of authorised person	Name of authorised person	Name of authorised person				
Office held	Office held	Office held	Office held				

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Vendor agrees to accept a deposit-bond	■ NO
Nominated Electronic Lodgment Network (ELN) (clause 4	4): PEXA
Manual transaction (clause 30)	■ NO
Tax information (the <i>parties</i> promise this	is correct as far as each <i>party</i> is aware)
input taxed because the sale is of eligible residentia	rise that the vendor carries on (section 9-5(b)) to be registered for GST (section 9-5(d)) concern under section 38-325 or farm land supplied for farming under Subdivision 38-0
Purchaser must make a GSTRW payment (GST residential withholding payment)	details)
da	the details below are not fully completed at the contract ate, the vendor must provide all these details in a separate office at least 7 days before the date for completion.
GSTRW payment (GST residential	
Frequently the supplier will be the vendor. However, sentity is liable for GST, for example, if the supplier is a in a GST joint venture.	sometimes further information will be required as to which a partnership, a trust, part of a GST group or a participant
Supplier's name:	
Supplier's ABN:	
Supplier's GST branch number (if applicable):	
Supplier's business address:	
Supplier's representative:	
Supplier's contact phone number:	
Supplier's proportion of GSTRW payment: \$	
If more than one supplier, provide the above deta	ils for each supplier.
Amount purchaser must pay – price multiplied by the GSTR	RW rate (residential withholding rate):\$
Amount must be paid: AT COMPLETION at another	er time (specify):
Is any of the consideration not expressed as an amount in r	money? NO yes
If "yes", the GST inclusive market value of the non-m	nonetary consideration: \$
Other details (including those required by regulation or the	ATO forms):

List of Documents						
1 property certificate for the land 2 plan of the land 3 unregistered plan of the land 4 plan of land to be subdivided 5 document to be lodged with a relevant plan 6 section 10.7(2) planning certificate under Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 7 additional information included in that certificate under section 10.7(5) 8 sewerage infrastructure location diagram (service location diagram) 9 sewer lines location diagram (sewerage service diagram) 10 document that created or may have created an easement, profit à prendre, restriction on use or positive covenant disclosed in this contract 11 planning agreement 12 section 88G certificate (positive covenant) 13 survey report 14 building information certificate or building certificate given under legislation 15 occupation certificate 16 lease (with every relevant memorandum or variation) 17 other document relevant to tenancies 18 licence benefiting the land 19 old system document 20 Crown purchase statement of account 21 building management statement 22 form of requisitions 23 clearance certificate 24 land tax certificate 24 land tax certificate 25 insurance certificate 26 brochure or warning 27 evidence of alternative indemnity cover 29 evidence of registration 30 relevant occupation certificate 31 certificate of non-compliance 32 detailed reasons of non-compliance 32 detailed reasons of non-compliance 33 detailed reasons of non-compliance 34 detailed reasons of non-compliance 35 detailed reasons of non-compliance 35 detailed reasons of non-compliance 36 detailed reasons of non-compliance 37 detailed reasons of non-compliance 38 detailed reasons 38 detailed reasons 38 detailed reasons 38 detailed	Strata or community title (clause 23 of the contract) 3 property certificate for strata common property 3 plan creating strata common property 3 strata by-laws 36 strata development contract or statement 37 strata management statement 38 strata renewal proposal 39 strata renewal plan 40 leasehold strata - lease of lot and common property 41 property certificate for neighbourhood property 42 plan creating neighbourhood property 43 neighbourhood development contract 44 neighbourhood development statement 45 property certificate for precinct property 47 precinct development contract 48 precinct management statement 49 property certificate for community property 50 plan creating community property 51 community development contract 52 community management statement 53 document disclosing a change in a development or management contract or statement 54 document disclosing a change in boundaries 56 information certificate under Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 57 information certificate under Community Land Management Act 2021 58 disclosure statement - off the plan contract Other 60					
HOLDER OF STRATA OR COMMUNITY SCHEME RECO	DRDS – Name, address, email address and telephone					
Westside Strata Management PO Box 241 Fairfield NSW 1860 E: strata@westside.net.au Tel: 02 9791-9933						

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO VENDORS AND PURCHASERS

Before signing this contract you should ensure that you understand your rights and obligations, some of which are not written in this contract but are implied by law.

WARNING—SMOKE ALARMS

The owners of certain types of buildings and strata lots must have smoke alarms, or in certain cases heat alarms, installed in the building or lot in accordance with regulations under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. It is an offence not to comply. It is also an offence to remove or interfere with a smoke alarm or heat alarm. Penalties apply.

WARNING-LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

Before purchasing land that includes residential premises, within the meaning of the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A, built before 1985, a purchaser is strongly advised to consider the possibility that the premises may contain loose-fill asbestos insulation, within the meaning of the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A. In particular, a purchaser should—

- (a) search the Register required to be maintained under the Home Building Act 1989, Part 8, Division 1A, and
- (b) ask the relevant local council whether it holds records showing that the residential premises contain loose-fill asbestos insulation.

For further information about loose-fill asbestos insulation, including areas in which residential premises have been identified as containing loose-fill asbestos insulation, contact NSW Fair Trading.

Cooling off period (purchaser's rights)

- This is the statement required by the *Conveyancing Act 1919*, section 66X. This statement applies to a contract for the sale of residential property.
- 2 EXCEPT in the circumstances listed in paragraph 3, the purchaser may rescind the contract before 5pm on—
 - (a) for an off the plan contract—the tenth business day after the day on which the contract was made, or
 - (b) in any other case—the fifth business day after the day on which the contract was made.
- 3 There is NO COOLING OFF PERIOD—
 - (a) if, at or before the time the contract is made. (the purchaser gives to the vendor, or the vendor's solicitor or agent, a certificate that complies with the Act, section 66W, or
 - (b) if the property is sold by public auction or
 - (c) if the contract is made on the same day as the property was offered for sale by public auction but passed in, or
 - (d) if the contract is made in consequence of the exercise of an option to purchase the property, other than an option that is void under the Act, section 66ZG.
- A purchaser exercising the right to cool off by rescinding the contract forfeits 0.25% of the purchase price of the property to the vendor.
- The vendor is entitled to recover the forfeited amount from an amount paid by the purchaser as a deposit under the contract. The purchaser is entitled to a refund of any balance.

DISPUTES

If you get into a dispute with the other party, the Law Society and Real Estate Institute encourage you to use informal procedures such as negotiation, independent expert appraisal, the Law Society Conveyancing Dispute Resolution Scheme of mediation (for example mediation under the Law Society Mediation Program).

AUCTIONS

Regulations made under the Property and Stock Agents Act 2002 prescribe a number of conditions applying to sales by auction.

WARNINGS

Various Acts of Parliament and other matters can affect the rights of the parties to 1. this contract. Some important matters are actions, claims, decisions, licences, notices, orders, proposals or rights of way involving:

APA Group

Australian Taxation Office

Council

County Council

Department of Planning and Environment Public Works Advisory

Department of Primary Industries

Electricity and gas

Local Land Services

Land and Housing Corporation

Telecommunications Transport for NSW

Owner of adjoining land

Subsidence Advisory NS

NSW Fair Trading

Privacy

NSW Department of Education

Water, sewerage or dialnage authority

If you think that any of these matters affects the property, tell your solicitor.

- A lease may be affected by the Agricultural Tenancies Act 1906, the Residential 2. Tenancies Act 2010 or the Retail Leases Act 1994.
- If any purchase money is owing to the Crown, it will become payable before 3. obtaining consent, or if no consent is needed, when the transfer is registered.
- If a consent to transfer is required under legislation, see clause 27 as to the 4. obligations of the parties.
- The vendor should continue the vendor's insurance until completion. If the vendor 5. wants to give the purchaser possession before completion, the vendor should first ask the insurer to confirm this will not affect the insurance.
- Most purchasers will have to pay transfer duty (and, sometimes, if the purchaser is 6. not an Australian citizen, surcharge purchaser duty) on this contract. Some purchasers may be eligible to choose to pay first home buyer choice property tax instead of transfer duty. If a payment is not made on time, interest and penalties may be incurred.
- If the purchaser agrees to the release of deposit, the purchaser's right to recover the deposit may stand behind the rights of others (for example the vendor's mortgagee). 7.
- The purchaser should arrange insurance as appropriate. 8.
- Some transactions involving personal property may be affected by the Personal 9. Property Securities Act 2009.
- A purchaser should be satisfied that finance will be available at the time of 10. completing the purchase.
- Where the market value of the property is at or above a legislated amount, the 11. purchaser may have to comply with a foreign resident capital gains withholding payment obligation (even if the vendor is not a foreign resident). If so, this will affect the amount available to the vendor on completion.
- Purchasers of some residential properties may have to withhold part of the purchase 12. price to be credited towards the GST liability of the vendor. If so, this will also affect the amount available to the vendor. More information is available from the ATO.

The vendor sells and the purchaser buys the property for the price under these provisions instead of Schedule 3 Conveyancing Act 1919, subject to any legislation that cannot be excluded.

Definitions (a term in italics is a defined term)

In this contract, these terms (in any form) mean -1.1

adjustment date adjustment figures authorised Subscriber the earlier of the giving of possession to the purchaser or completion; details of the adjustments to be made to the price under clause 14;

a Subscriber (not being a party's solicitor) named in a notice served by a party as

being authorised for the purposes of clause 20.6.8; the Reserve Bank of Australia or an authorised deposit-taking institution which is a

bank, a building society or a credit union;

business day cheaue clearance certificate

bank

any day except a bank or public holiday throughout NSW or a Saturday or Sunday;

a cheque that is not postdated or stale;

a certificate within the meaning of s14-220 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act, that covers one or more days falling within the period from and including the contract date to

completion;

completion time conveyancing rules deposit-bond

the time of day at which completion is to occur; the rules made under s12E of the Real Property Act 1900

a deposit bond or guarantee with each of the following approved by the vendor -

the issuer;

the expiry date (if any); and

the amount;

depositholder

discharging mortgagee

vendor's agent (or if no vendor's agent is married in this contract, the vendor's solicitor, or if no vendor's solicitor is named in this contract, the buyer's agent); any discharging mortgagee, chargee, coverent chargee or caveator whose provision of a *Digitally Signed* discharge of mortgage, discharge of charge or withdrawal of caveat is required in order or unencumbered title to the *property* to be transferred to the purchaser; document relevant to the title or the passing of title;

document of title

ECNL

the Electronic Conveyancing National Law (NSW);

electronic document

a dealing as defined in the Rapproperty Act 1900 which may be created and

Digitally Signed in an Electronic Workspace;

electronic transaction

a Conveyancing Transaction to be conducted for the parties by their legal representatives as Sussemers using an ELN and in accordance with the ECNL and the participation rules,

electronic transfer

a transfer of land upder the Real Property Act 1900 for the property to be prepared and Digitally Signed in the Electronic Workspace established for the purposes of the parties' Conveyancing Transaction;

FRCGW percentage

the percentage mentioned in s14-200(3)(a) of Schedule 1 to the TA Act (12.5% as

at 1 July 2017)

FRCGW remittance

a remittance which the purchaser must make under s14-200 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act, being the lesser of the FRCGW percentage of the price (inclusive of GST, if any) and the amount specified in a variation served by a party;

GST Act GST rate

A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999; the mentioned in s4 of A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax Imposition (-) eneral) Act 1999 (10% as at 1 July 2000);

GSTRW payment

a payment which the purchaser must make under s14-250 of Schedule 1 to the *TA* Act (the price multiplied by the *GSTRW rate*);

GSTRW rate

the rate determined under ss14-250(6), (8) or (9) of Schedule 1 to the TA Act (as at

incoming mortgag

1 July 2018, usually 7% of the price if the margin scheme applies, 1/11th if not); any mortgagee who is to provide finance to the purchaser on the security of the property and to enable the purchaser to pay the whole or part of the price; an Act or a by-law, ordinance, regulation or rule made under an Act;

legislation manual trafisa

a Conveyancing Transaction in which a dealing forming part of the Lodgment Case at or following completion cannot be Digitally Signed;

normally participation rules subject to any other provision of this contract; the participation rules as determined by the ECNL;

party property each of the vendor and the purchaser;

planning agreement

the land, the improvements, all fixtures and the inclusions, but not the exclusions; a valid voluntary agreement within the meaning of s7.4 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 entered into in relation to the property;

to complete data fields in the Electronic Workspace; populate

requisition rescind serve settlement cheque an objection, question or requisition (but the term does not include a claim); rescind this contract from the beginning;

serve in writing on the other party;

an unendorsed cheque made payable to the person to be paid and -

issued by a bank and drawn on itself; or

if authorised in writing by the vendor or the vendor's solicitor, some other cheque;

solicitor

TA Act terminate

title data

in relation to a party, the party's solicitor or licensed conveyancer named in this contract or in a notice served by the party;

Taxation Administration Act 1953;

terminate this contract for breach;

Workspace by the details of the title to the property made available to the Electronia

the Land Registry:

variation within work order a variation made under s14-235 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act; in relation to a period, at any time before or during the period; and

a valid direction, notice or order that requires work to be done or money to be spent on or in relation to the property or any adjoining footpath or road (but the term does not include a notice under s22E of the Swimming Pools act 1992 or clause 22 of the Swimming Pools Regulation 2018).

Words and phrases used in this contract (italicised and in Title Case, such a Conveyancing Transaction, 1.2 Digitally Signed, Electronic Workspace, ELN, ELNO, Land Registry, Lodgment Case and Subscriber) have the meanings given in the participation rules.

Deposit and other payments before completion 2

The purchaser must pay the deposit to the depositholder as stakeholder. 2.1

- 2.2
- Normally, the purchaser must pay the deposit on the making of this contract, and this time is essential. If this contract requires the purchaser to pay any of the deposit by a later time, that time is also essential. 2.3

The purchaser can pay any of the deposit by -2.4

- 2.4.1
- giving cash (up to \$2,000) to the depositholder, unconditionally giving a cheque to the depositholder or to the vendor, vendor's agent or vendor's 2.4.2
- solicitor for sending to the depositholder, or electronic funds transfer to the depositholder's nominated account and, if requested by the vendor 2.4.3 or the depositholder, providing evidence of that transfer.

The vendor can terminate if -2.5

- 2.5.1
- any of the deposit is not paid on time; a cheque for any of the deposit is not conoured on presentation; or 2,5,2
- a payment under clause 2.4.3 is por received in the *depositholder's* nominated account by 5.00 pm on the third *business day* after the time for payment. 2.5.3

- This right to *terminate* is lost as soon as the deposit is paid in full. If the vendor accepts a *deposit-bond* for the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 do not apply. 2.6
- 2.7
- If the vendor accepts a deposit-bond to part of the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 apply only to the balance. If any of the deposit or of the balance of the price is paid before completion to the vendor or as the vendor 2.8 directs, it is a charge on the land in favour of the purchaser until termination by the vendor or completion, subject to any existing right.
- If each party tells the deposit bolder that the deposit is to be invested, the depositholder is to invest the deposit (at the risk of the party who becomes entitled to it) with a bank, in an interest-bearing account in NSW, payable at call, with interest to be reinvested, and pay the interest to the parties equally, after deduction of all 2.9 proper government taxes and financial institution charges and other charges.

3 **Deposit-bond**

- This clause applies only if the vendor accepts a deposit-bond for the deposit (or part of it). 3.1
- The purchaser must provide the deposit-bond to the vendor's solicitor (or if no solicitor the depositholder) at or 3.2
- before the making of this contract and this time is essential.

 If the deposit bond has an expiry date and completion does not occur by the date which is 14 days before the expiry date, the purchaser must serve a replacement deposit-bond at least 7 days before the expiry date. The 3.3 time for service is essential.
- The vendor must approve a replacement deposit-bond if -3.4
 - it is from the same issuer and for the same amount as the earlier deposit-bond; and 3.4.1
 - it has an expiry date at least three months after its date of issue.
- A breach of clauses 3.2 or 3.3 entitles the vendor to terminate. The right to terminate is lost as soon as -3.5 the purchaser serves a replacement deposit-bond; or 3.5.1
 - the deposit is paid in full under clause 2. 3.5.2
- Clauses 3.3 and 3.4 can operate more than once. 3.6

- If the purchaser serves a replacement deposit-bond, the vendor must serve the earlier deposit-bond. 3.7
- The amount of any deposit-bond does not form part of the price for the purposes of clause 16.5. 3.8
- The vendor must give the purchaser any original deposit-bond -3.9
 - 3.9.1 on completion; or
 - if this contract is rescinded. 3.9.2
- If this contract is terminated by the vendor -3,10
 - normally, the vendor can immediately demand payment from the issuer of the deposit-bond; or 3,10.1
 - if the purchaser serves prior to termination a notice disputing the vendor's right to terminate, the 3.10.2 vendor must forward any original deposit-bond (or its proceeds if called up) to the depositholder as stakeholder.
- If this contract is terminated by the purchaser -3.11
 - normally, the vendor must give the purchaser any original deposit-bond; or 3.11.1
 - if the vendor serves prior to termination a notice disputing the purchaser's right to terminate, the 3.11,2 vendor must forward any original deposit-bond (or its proceeds if called up) to the depositholder as stakeholder.

Electronic transaction

- This Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as an electronic transaction unless 4.1
 - 4.1.1
 - the contract says this transaction is a manual transaction, giving the reason, or a party serves a notice stating why the transaction is a manual transaction, in which case the parties do not have to complete earlier than 14 days after service of the notice, and clause 21.3 4.1.2 does not apply to this provision,

and in both cases clause 30 applies.

- If, because of clause 4.1.2, this Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as a manual transaction 4.2 4.2.1 each party must
 - bear equally any disbursements or fees; and
 - otherwise bear that party's own costs;

incurred because this Conveyancing Transaction was to be conducted as an electronic transaction;

- if a party has paid all of a disbursement or fee which, by reason of this clause, is to be borne equally by the parties, that amount must be adjusted under clause 14. 4.2.2
- The parties must conduct the electronic transaction -4.3
 - 4.3.1
- in accordance with the participation rules and the ECNL; and using the nominated ELN, unless the parties otherwise agree. This clause 4.3.2 does not prevent a party using an ELN which can interoperate with the nominated ELN. 4.3.2
- 4.4
- A party must pay the fees and charges payable by that party to the ELNO and the Land Registry.

 Normally, the vendor must within 7 days of the contract date create and populate an Electronic Workspace 4.5
- with title data and the date for completion, and invite the purchaser to the Electronic Workspace. If the vendor has not created an Electronic Workspace in accordance with clause 4.5, the purchaser may create and populate an Electronic Workspace and, if it does so, the purchaser must invite the vendor to the 4.6 Electronic Workspace.
- The parties must, as applicable to their sele in the Conveyancing Transaction and the steps taken under 4.7 clauses 4.5 or 4.6
 - promptly join the Electronic Workspace after receipt of an invitation; 4.7.1
 - create and populate an electronic transfer, 4.7.2
- 4.7.3 invite any discharging mortgagee or incoming mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace; and 4.7.4 populate the Electronic Workspace with a nominated completion time.

 If the transferee in the electronic transfer is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction 4.8
- signed by the purchaser personally for that transfer.

 The vendor can require the purchaser to include a covenant or easement in the electronic transfer only if this contract contains the vording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land burdened 4.9 and benefited.
- If the purchaser must make a GSTRW payment or an FRCGW remittance, the purchaser must populate the 4.10 Electronic Workspace with the payment details for the GSTRW payment or FRCGW remittance payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation at least 2 business days before the date for completion.
- Before completion, the parties must ensure that -4.11
 - all electronic documents which a party must Digitally Sign to complete the electronic transaction are 4.11.1 populated and Digitally Signed;
 - all certifications required by the ECNL are properly given; and 4.11.2
 - they do everything else in the Electronic Workspace which that party must do to enable the 4,11.3 electronic transaction to proceed to completion.
- If the computer systems of any of the Land Registry, the ELNO, Revenue NSW or the Reserve Bank of 4.12 Australia are inoperative for any reason at the completion time agreed by the parties, a failure to complete this contract for that reason is not a default under this contract on the part of either party.

- If the computer systems of the Land Registry are inoperative for any reason at the completion time agreed by 4.13 the parties, and the parties choose that financial settlement is to occur despite this, then on financial settlement occurring
 - all electronic documents Digitally Signed by the vendor and any discharge of mortgage, withdrawal 4.13.1 of caveat or other electronic document forming part of the Lodgment Case for the electronic transaction are taken to have been unconditionally and irrevocably delivered to the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee at the time of financial settlement together with the right to deal with the land; and

the vendor is taken to have no legal or equitable interest in the property. 4,13.2

If the parties do not agree about the delivery before completion of one or more documents or things that 4.14 cannot be delivered through the Electronic Workspace, the party required to deliver the documents or things holds them on completion in escrow for the benefit of; and

must immediately after completion deliver the documents or things to, or as direct 4.14.2 the party entitled to them.

5 Requisitions

- If a form of requisitions is attached to this contract, the purchaser is taken to have made those requisitions. 5.1
- If the purchaser is or becomes entitled to make any other requisition, the purchaser can make it only by 5.2 serving it
 - if it arises out of this contract or it is a general question about the projectly or title within 21 days 5.2.1 after the contract date:
 - if it arises out of anything served by the vendor within 21 days are the later of the contract date 5.2.2 and that service; and
 - in any other case within a reasonable time. 5.2.3

Error or misdescription 6

- Normally, the purchaser can (but only before completion) claim compensation for an error or misdescription in this contract (as to the *property*, the title or anything else and whether substantial or not). 6.1
- This clause applies even if the purchaser did not take notice of or rely on anything in this contract containing 6.2 or giving rise to the error or misdescription.
- However, this clause does not apply to the extent the purchaser knows the true position. 6.3

Claims by purchaser 7

Normally, the purchaser can make a claim (including a claim under clause 6) before completion only by serving it with a statement of the amount claimed and if the purchaser makes one or more claims before completion -

- the vendor can rescind if in the case of claims that are not claims for delay -7.1
 - the total amount claimed exceeds 5% of the price; 7.1.1
- 7.2
- 7.1.2 the vendor serves notice of intention to rescind; and
 7.1.3 the purchaser does not serve notice waiving the claims within 14 days after that service; and if the vendor does not rescind, the parties must complete and if this contract is completed —
 7.2.1 the lesser of the total amount claimed and 10% of the price must be paid out of the price to and held by the depositholder until the claims are finalised or lapse; the amount held is to be invested in accordance with clause 2.9;
 - 7.2.2
 - the claims must be finalised by an arbitrator appointed by the parties or, if an appointment is not 7.2.3 made within 1 month of completion, by an arbitrator appointed by the President of the Law Society at the request of a pointy (in the latter case the parties are bound by the terms of the Conveyancing
 - Arbitration Rules approved by the Law Society as at the date of the appointment); the purchaser is not entitled, in respect of the claims, to more than the total amount claimed and the costs of the purchaser; 7.2.4
 - net interest on the amount held must be paid to the *parties* in the same proportion as the amount held is paid and if the *parties* do not appoint an arbitrator and neither *party* requests the President to appoint an 7.2.5
 - 7.2.6 arbitrator within 3 months after completion, the claims lapse and the amount belongs to the vendor.

Vendor's rights and obligations The vendor can rescind if –

- 8.1
 - the vendor is, on reasonable grounds, unable or unwilling to comply with a requisition; 8.1.1
 - the vendor serves a notice of intention to rescind that specifies the requisition and those grounds; 8.1.2
 - the purchaser does not serve a notice waiving the requisition within 14 days after that service. 8.1.3

- If the vendor does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the 8.2 purchaser can terminate by serving a notice. After the termination
 - the purchaser can recover the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this 8.2.1 contract:
 - the purchaser can sue the vendor to recover damages for breach of contract; and 8.2.2
 - if the purchaser has been in possession a party can claim for a reasonable adjustment. 8.2.3

Purchaser's default 9

If the purchaser does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the vendor can terminate by serving a notice. After the termination the vendor can -

keep or recover the deposit (to a maximum of 10% of the price); 9.1

- hold any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract as security for anything receiverable under this 9.2 clause
 - for 12 months after the termination; or 9.2.1
 - if the vendor commences proceedings under this clause within 12 months, until hose proceedings 9.2.2 are concluded; and
- sue the purchaser either -9.3
 - where the vendor has resold the property under a contract made within 12 months after the 9.3.1termination, to recover
 - the deficiency on resale (with credit for any of the deposit kept of recovered and after allowance for any capital gains tax or goods and services tax payable on anything recovered under this clause); and under this clause); and
 - the reasonable costs and expenses arising out of the purchaser's non-compliance with this contract or the notice and of resale and any attempted resale; or
 - to recover damages for breach of contract. 9.3.2

Restrictions on rights of purchaser 10

- The purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of -10.1
 - the ownership or location of any fence as defined in the Dividing Fences Act 1991; 10.1.1
 - a service for the *property* being a joint service of passing through another property, or any service for another property passing through the *property* (service' includes air, communication, drainage, electricity, garbage, gas, oil, radio, sewerage, telephone, television or water service); a wall being or not being a party wall in any sense of that term or the *property* being affected by an easement for support or not having the benefit of an easement for support; 10.1.2
 - 10.1.3
 - any change in the property due to fair wear and tear before completion; 10,1,4
 - a promise, representation or statement about this contract, the property or the title, not set out or 10.1.5 referred to in this contract;
 - 10.1.6
 - a condition, exception, reservation or restriction in a Crown grant; the existence of any authority or literice to explore or prospect for gas, minerals or petroleum; 10.1.7
 - any easement or restriction on use the substance of either of which is disclosed in this contract or 10.1.8 any non-compliance with the easement or restriction on use; or
 - anything the substance of which is disclosed in this contract (except a caveat, charge, mortgage, priority notice or writ). 10.1.9
- 10.2
- The purchaser cannot rescind or terminate only because of a defect in title to or quality of the inclusions. Normally, the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate or require the vendor to 10.3 change the nature of the title disclosed in this contract (for example, to remove a caution evidencing qualified title, or to lodge a plan of save as regards limited title).

11 Compliance with work orders

- Normally, the vendor first by completion comply with a work order made on or before the contract date and if this contract is completed the purchaser must comply with any other work order. 11.1
- If the purchaser complies with a work order, and this contract is rescinded or terminated, the vendor must pay 11.2 the expense of confoliance to the purchaser.

Certificates and inspections 12

The vendo must do everything reasonable to enable the purchaser, subject to the rights of any tenant -

- to have the preperty inspected to obtain any certificate or report reasonably required; 12.1
- to apply (if necessary in the name of the vendor) for -12.2
 - any certificate that can be given in respect of the property under legislation; or 12.2.1
 - a copy of any approval, certificate, consent, direction, notice or order in respect of the property 12.2.2 given under legislation, even if given after the contract date; and
- to make 1 inspection of the property in the 3 days before a time appointed for completion. 12.3

- Goods and services tax (GST) 13
- Terms used in this clause which are not defined elsewhere in this contract and have a defined meaning in the 13.1 GST Act have the same meaning in this clause.
- Normally, if a party must pay the price or any other amount to the other party under this contract, GST is not to 13.2 be added to the price or amount.
- If under this contract a party must make an adjustment or payment for an expense of another party or pay an 13.3 expense payable by or to a third party (for example, under clauses 14 or 20.7)
 - the party must adjust or pay on completion any GST added to or included in the expense; but
 - the amount of the expense must be reduced to the extent the party receiving the adjustment or 13.3.2 payment (or the representative member of a GST group of which that party is a member is entitled to an input tax credit for the expense; and
 - if the adjustment or payment under this contract is consideration for a taxable supply an amount 13.3.3 for GST must be added at the GST rate.
- If this contract says this sale is the supply of a going concern -13.4
 - the parties agree the supply of the property is a supply of a going concern; 13,4,1
 - the vendor must, between the contract date and completion, carry on the enterprise conducted on 13.4.2 the land in a proper and business-like way;
 - if the purchaser is not registered by the date for completion, the parties must complete and the 13,4.3 purchaser must pay on completion, in addition to the price, an amount peing the price multiplied by the GST rate ("the retention sum"). The retention sum is to be held by the depositholder and dealt with as follows
 - if within 3 months of completion the purchaser serves a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the purchaser is registered with a date of effect of registration on or before completion, the depositholder is to pay the retention sum to the purchaser; but if the purchaser does not serve that letter within 3 months of completion, the depositholder is
 - to pay the retention sum to the vendor; and
 - if the vendor, despite clause 13.4.1, serves a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the 13.4.4 vendor has to pay GST on the supply, the purchaser must pay to the vendor on demand the amount of GST assessed.
- 13.5
- Normally, the vendor promises the margin scheme will not apply to the supply of the property.

 If this contract says the margin scheme is to apply in making the taxable supply, the parties agree that the margin scheme is to apply to the sale of the property. 13.6 margin scheme is to apply to the sale of the property.
- 13.7
- If this contract says the sale is not a taxable supply

 13.7.1 the purchaser promises that the property will not be used and represents that the purchaser does not intend the property (or any part of the property) to be used in a way that could make the sale a taxable supply to any extent; and
 - the purchaser must pay the vendor completion in addition to the price an amount calculated by 13.7.2 multiplying the price by the GST ap if this sale is a taxable supply to any extent because of –

 - a breach of clause 13.7.1; or something else known to the purchaser but not the vendor.
- If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply in full and does not say the margin scheme applies to the 13.8 property, the vendor must pay the purchaser on completion an amount of one-eleventh of the price if – 13.8.1 this sale is not a taxable supply in full; or
- 13.9
- the margin scheme applies to the *property* (or any part of the *property*).

 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply to an extent —

 13.9.1 clause 13.7.1 doesn't apply to any part of the *property* which is identified as being a taxable supply; and
 - the payments mentioned in clauses 13.7 and 13.8 are to be recalculated by multiplying the relevant 13.9.2 payment by the proportion of the price which represents the value of that part of the property to which the clause applies (the proportion to be expressed as a number between 0 and 1). Any evidence of value must be obtained at the expense of the vendor.

 Normally, on completion the vendor must give the recipient of the supply a tax invoice for any taxable supply
- 13.10 by the vendor by or under this contract.
- The vendor deed not have to give the purchaser a tax invoice if the margin scheme applies to a taxable 13.11 supply.
- If the vendor is lable for GST on rents or profits due to issuing an invoice or receiving consideration before 13.12 completion, any adjustment of those amounts must exclude an amount equal to the vendor's GST liability.
- If the vendor serves details of a GSTRW payment which the purchaser must make, the purchaser does not 13,13 have to complete earlier than 5 business days after that service and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- If the purchaser must make a GSTRW payment the purchaser must, at least 2 business days before the date 13,14 for completion, serve evidence of submission of a GSTRW payment notification form to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under either clause 4.8 or clause 30.4 has been given, by the transferee named in the transfer the subject of that direction.

14 **Adjustments**

Normally, the vendor is entitled to the rents and profits and will be liable for all rates, water, sewerage and 14.1 drainage service and usage charges, land tax, levies and all other periodic outgoings up to and including the adjustment date after which the purchaser will be entitled and liable.

The parties must make any necessary adjustment on completion, and -14.2

- the purchaser must provide the vendor with adjustment figures at least 2 business days before the 14.2.1 date for completion; and
- the vendor must confirm the adjustment figures at least 1 business day before the date for 14.2.2 completion.
- If an amount that is adjustable under this contract has been reduced under legislation, the parties must on 14.3 completion adjust the reduced amount.
- The parties must not adjust surcharge land tax (as defined in the Land Tax Act 1956) but myst adjust any 14.4 other land tax for the year current at the adjustment date
 - only if land tax has been paid or is payable for the year (whether by the ventor) by a predecessor 14.4.1 in title) and this contract says that land tax is adjustable;
 - by adjusting the amount that would have been payable if at the start of the 14.4.2

the person who owned the land owned no other land;

- the land was not subject to a special trust or owned by a non-concessional company; and
- if the land (or part of it) had no separate taxable value, by calculating its separate taxable value on a proportional area basis.
- The parties must not adjust any first home buyer choice property tax. 14.5

If any other amount that is adjustable under this contract relates partly to the land and partly to other land, the 14.6 parties must adjust it on a proportional area basis.

If on completion the last bill for a water, sewerage or drainage usage charge is for a period ending before the adjustment date, the vendor is liable for an amount calculated by dividing the bill by the number of days in the 14.7 period then multiplying by the number of unbilled days up to and including the adjustment date.

The vendor is liable for any amount recoverable for work started in or before the contract date on the property

14.8 or any adjoining footpath or road.

Date for completion 15

May do not, a party can serve a notice to The parties must complete by the date for completion and complete if that party is otherwise entitled to do so.

16 Completion

Vendor

Normally, on completion the vendor must cause the legal title to the property (being the estate disclosed in this 16.1 contract) to pass to the purchaser free of any charge, mortgage or other interest, subject to any necessary registration.

The legal title to the property does not pass of pre completion. 16.2

- If the vendor gives the purchaser a document other than the transfer) that needs to be lodged for registration, 16.3 the vendor must pay the lodgment fee to the purchaser.

 If a party serves a land tax certificate showing a charge on any of the land, by completion the vendor must do
- 16.4 all things and pay all money require that the charge is no longer effective against the land.

Purchaser

- On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor -16.5
 - 16.5.1 the price less any

 - deposit paid: FRCGW remittence payable;
 - GSTRW payment; and
 - amount evable by the vendor to the purchaser under this contract; and any other amount payable by the purchaser under this contract.

16.5.2

- If any of the deposit is not covered by a deposit-bond, at least 1 business day before the date for completion 16.6 the purchaser must give the vendor an order signed by the purchaser authorising the depositholder to account to the vendor for the deposit, to be held by the vendor in escrow until completion.
 On completion the deposit belongs to the vendor.
- 16.7

Possession & 17

- Normally, the vendor must give the purchaser vacant possession of the property on completion. 17.1
- The vendor does not have to give vacant possession if -17.2
 - this contract says that the sale is subject to existing tenancies; and 17.2.1
 - the contract discloses the provisions of the tenancy (for example, by attaching a copy of the lease 17.2.2 and any relevant memorandum or variation).
- Normally, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) or rescind if any of the land is 17.3 affected by a protected tenancy (a tenancy affected by Schedule 2, Part 7 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010).

18 Possession before completion

- This clause applies only if the vendor gives the purchaser possession of the property before completion. 18.1
- 18.2 The purchaser must not before completion -
 - 18.2.1 let or part with possession of any of the property;
 - make any change or structural alteration or addition to the property; or 18,2,2
 - contravene any agreement between the parties or any direction, document, legislation, notice or 18.2.3 order affecting the property.
- The purchaser must until completion -18.3
 - keep the property in good condition and repair having regard to its condition at the giving of 18.3.1 possession; and
 - allow the vendor or the vendor's authorised representative to enter and inspect it and leasonable 18.3.2
- The risk as to damage to the property passes to the purchaser immediately after the purchaser enters into 18.4 possession.
- If the purchaser does not comply with this clause, then without affecting any other right of we vendor 18.5
 - the vendor can before completion, without notice, remedy the non-compliance; and 18.5.1
 - if the vendor pays the expense of doing this, the purchaser must pay it to the vendor with interest at 18.5.2 the rate prescribed under s101 Civil Procedure Act 2005.
- 18.6
- If this contract is rescinded or terminated the purchaser must immediately vacate the property. If the parties or their solicitors on their behalf do not agree in writing to a fee or real, none is payable. 18.7

Rescission of contract 19

- If this contract expressly gives a party a right to rescind, the party can exercise the right 19.1
 - only by serving a notice before completion; and 19.1.1
 - in spite of any making of a claim or requisition, any attempt to satisfy a claim or requisition, any 19.1.2 arbitration, litigation, mediation or negotiation or any giving or taking of possession.
- 19.2
- Normally, if a party exercises a right to rescind expressly given by this contract or any legislation —

 19.2.1 the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract must be refunded;
 - a party can claim for a reasonable adjustment if the purchaser has been in possession; 19.2.2
 - a party can claim for damages, costs or expenses anding out of a breach of this contract; and a party will not otherwise be liable to pay the other party any damages, costs or expenses. 19.2.3
 - 19.2.4

20 Miscellaneous

- The parties acknowledge that anything stated in this to was attached was attached to this contract by 20.1 the vendor before the purchaser signed it and is fart of this contract.
- Anything attached to this contract is part of this contract. 20.2
- An area, bearing or dimension in this contract is only approximate. 20.3
- If a party consists of 2 or more persons, this contact benefits and binds them separately and together. 20.4
- A party's solicitor can receive any amount party under this contract or direct in writing that it is 20.5 to be paid to another person.
- A document under or relating to this contract is -20.6
 - signed by a party if it is signed by the party or the party's solicitor (apart from a direction under 20.6.1 clause 4.8 or clause 30.4, served if it is served by the party or the party's solicitor; served if it is served on the party's solicitor, even if the party has died or any of them has died;
 - 20.6.2
 - 20.6.3
 - 20.6.4
 - served if it is served in any manner provided in s170 of the Conveyancing Act 1919; served if it is sent by small or fax to the party's solicitor, unless in either case it is not received; 20.6.5
 - served on a person; it (or a copy of it) comes into the possession of the person; 20.6.6
 - served at the earliest time it is served, if it is served more than once; and 20.6.7
 - served if it sprovided to or by the party's solicitor or an authorised Subscriber by means of an 20,6,8 Electronic Worldspace created under clause 4. However, this does not apply to a notice making an obligation assential, or a notice of rescission or termination.

 An obligation to pay an expense of another party of doing something is an obligation to pay —
- 20.7
 - if the party does the thing personally the reasonable cost of getting someone else to do it; or 20.7.1 if the harty pays someone else to do the thing - the amount paid, to the extent it is reasonable. 20.7.2
- Rights under Hauses 4, 11, 13, 14, 17, 24, 30 and 31 continue after completion, whether or not other rights 20.8
- The vendor does not promise, represent or state that the purchaser has any cooling off rights. 20.9
- The vendor does not promise, represent or state that any attached survey report is accurate or current. 20.10
- A reference to any legislation (including any percentage or rate specified in legislation) is also a reference to 20,11 any corresponding later legislation.
- Each party must do whatever is necessary after completion to carry out the party's obligations under this 20.12 contract.
- Neither taking possession nor serving a transfer of itself implies acceptance of the property or the title. 20.13

- The details and information provided in this contract (for example, on pages 1 4) are, to the extent of each party's knowledge, true, and are part of this contract.
- Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is 20.15 marked.
- Each party consents to -20,16
 - any party signing this contract electronically; and 20,16.1
 - the making of this contract by the exchange of counterparts delivered by email, or by such other 20.16.2 electronic means as may be agreed in writing by the parties.
- Each party agrees that electronic signing by a party identifies that party and indicates that party sintention to 20.17 be bound by this contract.

Time limits in these provisions 21

- If the time for something to be done or to happen is not stated in these provisions, it is a reasonable time. 21.1
- If there are conflicting times for something to be done or to happen, the latest of those times applies. 21.2
- The time for one thing to be done or to happen does not extend the time for another thing w be done or to 21.3 happen.
- If the time for something to be done or to happen is the 29th, 30th or 31st day of a month, and the day does 21.4 not exist, the time is instead the last day of the month.
- If the time for something to be done or to happen is a day that is not a business day; the time is extended to 21.5 the next business day, except in the case of clauses 2 and 3.2.
- Normally, the time by which something must be done is fixed but not essential. 21.6

Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975 22

- The purchaser promises that the Commonwealth Treasurer cannot probable and has not prohibited the transfer 22.1 under the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975.
- This promise is essential and a breach of it entitles the vendor to terminate. 22,2

Strata or community title 23

Definitions and modifications

- This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) is a lot in a strata, neighbourhood, precinct or community 23.1 scheme (or on completion is to be a lot in a scheme of that with).
- 23.2 In this contract -
 - 'change', in relation to a scheme, means 23.2.1
 - a registered or registrable change from by-laws set out in this contract;
 - a change from a development or management contract or statement set out in this contract; or a change in the boundaries of common property;
 - 23.2.2
 - 23.2.3
 - 'common property' includes association property for the scheme or any higher scheme; 'contribution' includes an amount payed le under a by-law; 'information certificate' includes a gentificate under s184 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and s171 Community Land Management Act 2021; 'interest notice' includes a strata interest notice under s22 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 23.2.4
 - 23.2.5 and an association interest tothe under s20 Community Land Management Act 2021;
 - 'normal expenses', in relation to an owners corporation for a scheme, means normal operating expenses usually payable from the administrative fund of an owners corporation for a scheme of 23.2.6 the same kind:
 - 'owners corporation' means the owners corporation or the association for the scheme or any higher 23.2.7 scheme:
 - 'the property' includes any interest in common property for the scheme associated with the lot; and 23.2.8
 - 'special expenses in relation to an owners corporation, means its actual, contingent or expected 23.2.9 expenses, except to the extent they are
 - normal expenses;
 - due to fair wear and tear;
 - disclosed in this contract; or
 - overed by moneys held in the capital works fund.
- 14.8 and 18.4 do not apply to an obligation of the owners corporation, or to property insurable by 23.3 Clauses 11
- Clauses 14.4.2 and 14.6 apply but on a unit entitlement basis instead of an area basis. 23.4

Adjustments and liability for expenses

- The parties must adjust under clause 14.1 -23.5
 - a regular periodic contribution; 23.5.1
 - a contribution which is not a regular periodic contribution but is disclosed in this contract; and 23.5.2
 - on a unit entitlement basis, any amount paid by the vendor for a normal expense of the owners 23.5.3 corporation to the extent the owners corporation has not paid the amount to the vendor.

- If a contribution is not a regular periodic contribution and is not disclosed in this contract -23.6
 - the vendor is liable for it if it was determined on or before the contract date, even if it is payable by 23.6.1 instalments; and
 - the purchaser is liable for all contributions determined after the contract date. 23,6,2
- The vendor must pay or allow to the purchaser on completion the amount of any unpaid contributions for 23.7 which the vendor is liable under clause 23.6.1.
- Normally, the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of -23.8 an existing or future actual, contingent or expected expense of the owners corporation;
 - a proportional unit entitlement of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot, apart from a circum under 23,8.2 clause 6; or
 - a past or future change in the scheme or a higher scheme. 23.8.3
- However, the purchaser can rescind if -23.9
 - the special expenses of the owners corporation at the later of the contract date and the creation of 23.9.1 the owners corporation when calculated on a unit entitlement basis (and, if more than one lot or a higher scheme is involved, added together), less any contribution paid by the vendor, are more than 1% of the price:
 - in the case of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot in a higher scheme, a proportional unit entitlement for the lot is disclosed in this contract but the lot has a different proportional unit 23.9.2
 - entitlement at the contract date or at any time before completion; a change before the contract date or before completion in the scheme or a higher scheme 23.9.3 materially prejudices the purchaser and is not disclosed in this contract; or
 - a resolution is passed by the owners corporation before the contract date or before completion to 23.9.4 give to the owners in the scheme for their consideration a strata renewal plan that has not lapsed at the contract date and there is not attached to this contract a strata renewal proposal or the strata renewal plan.

Notices, certificates and inspections

- Before completion, the purchaser must serve a copy of an interest notice addressed to the owners corporation 23.10 and signed by the purchaser.
- After completion, the purchaser must insert the date of completion in the interest notice and send it to the 23.11
- 23.12
- 23.13
- owners corporation.

 The vendor can complete and send the interest notice as agent for the purchaser.

 The vendor must *serve* at least 7 days before the date to completion, an information certificate for the lot, the scheme or any higher scheme which relates to a period in which the date for completion falls.

 The purchaser does not have to complete earlier than days after *service* of the information certificate and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision. On completion the purchaser must pay the vendor the prescribed fee for the information certificate. 23.14 fee for the information certificate.
- The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for the purchaser's own information certificate. 23.15
- The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply or and make an inspection of any record or other document in the custody or control of the owners corporation or relating to the scheme or any higher scheme.

 Meetings of the owners corporation 23.16

- 23.17
- If a general meeting of the owners corporation is convened before completion 23.17.1 if the vendor receives notice of it, the vendor must immediately notify the purchaser of it; and 23.17.2 after the expiry of any cooling off period, the purchaser can require the vendor to appoint the purchaser (or the purchaser's nominee) to exercise any voting rights of the vendor in respect of the lot at the meeting.

24 **Tenancies**

- If a tenant has not made a payment for a period preceding or current at the adjustment date -24.1
 - for the purpose of clause 14.2, the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and 24.1.1
 - 24.1.2 the purchaser assigns the debt to the vendor on completion and will if required give a further assignment at the vendor's expense.

 If a tenant has pair in advance of the adjustment date any periodic payment in addition to rent, it must be
- 24.2 adjusted as if it were rent for the period to which it relates.
- If the property is to be subject to a tenancy on completion or is subject to a tenancy on completion 24.3.1 the velocity authorises the purchaser to have any accounting records relating to the tenancy 24.3 inspected and audited and to have any other document relating to the tenancy inspected;
 - the vendor must serve any information about the tenancy reasonably requested by the purchaser 24.3.2 before or after completion; and
 - normally, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) if -24.3.3
 - a disclosure statement required by the Retail Leases Act 1994 was not given when required;
 - such a statement contained information that was materially false or misleading;
 - a provision of the lease is not enforceable because of a non-disclosure in such a statement; or
 - the lease was entered into in contravention of the Retail Leases Act 1994.

- If the property is subject to a tenancy on completion -24.4
 - the vendor must allow or transfer -24.4.1
 - any remaining bond money or any other security against the tenant's default (to the extent the security is transferable);
 - any money in a fund established under the lease for a purpose and compensation for any money in the fund or interest earnt by the fund that has been applied for any other purpose;
 - any money paid by the tenant for a purpose that has not been applied for that purpose and compensation for any of the money that has been applied for any other purpose
 - if the security is not transferable, each party must do everything reasonable to cause alreplacement 24.4.2 security to issue for the benefit of the purchaser and the vendor must hold the original security on trust for the benefit of the purchaser until the replacement security issues;
 - the vendor must give to the purchaser -24.4.3
 - at least 2 business days before the date for completion, a proper notice of the transfer (an attornment notice) addressed to the tenant, to be held by the purchaser in scrow until completion;
 - any certificate given under the Retail Leases Act 1994 in relation to the lenancy;
 - a copy of any disclosure statement given under the Retail Leases act 1994;
 - a copy of any document served on the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion; and any document served by the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the
 - document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenantianter completion;
 - the vendor must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent it is to be 24.4.4 complied with by completion; and
 - the purchaser must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent that the obligation is disclosed in this contract and is to be complied with after completion. 24.4.5

Qualified title, limited title and old system title 25

- This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) -25.1
 - is under qualified, limited or old system title; or 25.1.1
- 25.2
- 25.1.2 on completion is to be under one of those titles.

 The vendor must serve a proper abstract of title within 7 days after the contract date.

 If an abstract of title or part of an abstract of title is attached to this contract or has been lent by the vendor to 25.3 the purchaser before the contract date, the abstract of part is served on the contract date.
- An abstract of title can be or include a list of documents, events and facts arranged (apart from a will or 25.4 codicil) in date order, if the list in respect of each document
 - shows its date, general nature, names of parties and any registration number; and 25.4.1
 - has attached a legible photocopy of it of an official or registration copy of it. 25.4.2
- 25.5 An abstract of title
 - must start with a good root of title if the good root of title must be at least 30 years old, this means 25.5.1 30 years old at the contract date);
 - in the case of a leasehold in east, must include an abstract of the lease and any higher lease; 25.5.2
 - normally, need not include a Crown grant; and 25.5.3
 - need not include anything evidenced by the Register kept under the Real Property Act 1900. 25.5.4
- In the case of land under old system litle -25.6
 - 25.6.1
 - in this contract 'transfer' means conveyance; the purchaser does not have to serve the transfer until after the vendor has served a proper abstract of title, and 25.6.2
 - each vendor must give proper covenants for title as regards that vendor's interest. 25.6.3
- In the case of land under limited title but not under qualified title -25.7
 - normally, the abstract of title need not include any document which does not show the location, 25.7.1 area or dimensions of the land (for example, by including a metes and bounds description or a plan of the land);
 - clause 25.7.1 does not apply to a document which is the good root of title; and 25.7.2
 - re velator does not have to provide an abstract if this contract contains a delimitation plan 25.7.3 whether in registrable form or not).
- On completion the vendor must give the purchaser any document of title that relates only to the property. 25.8
- If on completion the vendor has possession or control of a document of title that relates also to other property, 25.9 the vendor must produce it as and where necessary.
- The vendor must give a proper covenant to produce where relevant.
- The vendor does not have to produce or covenant to produce a document that is not in the possession of the 25.11 vendor or a mortgagee.
- If the vendor is unable to produce an original document in the chain of title, the purchaser will accept a 25.12 photocopy from the Land Registry of the registration copy of that document.

26 Crown purchase money

- This clause applies only if purchase money is payable to the Crown, whether or not due for payment. 26.1
- The vendor is liable for the money, except to the extent this contract says the purchaser is liable for it. 26.2
- To the extent the vendor is liable for it, the vendor is liable for any interest until completion. 26.3
- To the extent the purchaser is liable for it, the parties must adjust any interest under clause 14. 26.4

Consent to transfer

- This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) cannot be transferred without consent under legislation or a 27.1 planning agreement.
- The purchaser must properly complete and then serve the purchaser's part of an application for consent to 27.2 transfer of the land (or part of it) within 7 days after the contract date.
- The vendor must apply for consent within 7 days after service of the purchaser's part. 27.3

If consent is refused, either party can rescind. 27.4

- If consent is given subject to one or more conditions that will substantially disadvantage a party, then that 27.5 party can rescind within 7 days after receipt by or service upon the party of written notice withe conditions.
- If consent is not given or refused -27.6 within 42 days after the purchaser serves the purchaser's part of the application, the purchaser can 27.6.1 rescind: or
 - within 30 days after the application is made, either party can rescind 27.6.2
- Each period in clause 27.6 becomes 90 days if the land (or part of it) is -27.7 27.7.1 under a planning agreement; or

- If the land (or part of it) is described as a lot in an unregistered plan, each time in clause 27.6 becomes the later of the time and 35 days after creation of a concrete falls for the 27.8 later of the time and 35 days after creation of a separate folio for the
- The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 14 days after service of the notice 27.9 granting consent to transfer.

Unregistered plan 28

- 28.1
- This clause applies only if some of the land is described as a lot in an unregistered plan. The vendor must do everything reasonable to have the plan registered within 6 months after the contract date, 28.2 with or without any minor alteration to the plan or any document to be lodged with the plan validly required or made under legislation.
- If the plan is not registered within that time and in that manner -28.3
 - the purchaser can rescind; and 28.3.1
 - the vendor can rescind, but only if the reador has complied with clause 28.2 and with any 28.3.2 legislation governing the rescission.
- 28.4
- Either party can serve notice of the registration of the plan and every relevant lot and plan number. The date for completion becomes the later of the later for completion and 21 days after service of the notice. 28.5
- Clauses 28.2 and 28.3 apply to another plan that is to be registered before the plan is registered. 28.6

Conditional contract 29

- This clause applies only if a provision says this contract or completion is conditional on an event. 29.1
- 29.2
- If the time for the event to happen is no stated, the time is 42 days after the contract date. If this contract says the provision is to be benefit of a party, then it benefits only that party. 29.3
- If anything is necessary to make the event happen, each party must do whatever is reasonably necessary to 29.4 cause the event to happen.
- 29.5
- A party can rescind under this clause only if the party has substantially complied with clause 29.4. If the event involves an approval and the approval is given subject to a condition that will substantially disadvantage a party who has the benefit of the provision, the party can rescind within 7 days after either party 29.6 serves notice of the condition.

If the parties can lawford complete without the event happening -29.7

- if the even does not happen within the time for it to happen, a party who has the benefit of the 29.7.1 provision can rescind within 7 days after the end of that time;
- if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, a party who has the 29.7.2 be left of the provision can rescind within 7 days after either party serves notice of the refusal; and
- the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after the earliest 29.7.3
 - either party serving notice of the event happening;
 - every party who has the benefit of the provision serving notice waiving the provision; or
 - the end of the time for the event to happen.

- If the parties cannot lawfully complete without the event happening -29.8
 - if the event does not happen within the time for it to happen, either party can rescind;
 - if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, either party can 29.8.2 rescind:
 - the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after either party 29.8.3 serves notice of the event happening.
- A party cannot rescind under clauses 29.7 or 29.8 after the event happens. 29.9

30 Manual transaction

This clause applies if this transaction is to be conducted as a manual transaction. 30.1

Transfer

- Normally, the purchaser must serve the transfer at least 7 days before the date for completion 30.2
- If any information needed for the transfer is not disclosed in this contract, the vendor must see 30.3
- If the purchaser serves a transfer and the transferee is not the purchaser, the purchaser in use give the vendor 30.4 a direction signed by the purchaser personally for that transfer.
- The vendor can require the purchaser to include a covenant or easement in the transfer only if this contract 30.5 contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land burdened and benefited.

Place for completion

- Normally, the parties must complete at the completion address, which is -30.6
 - if a special completion address is stated in this contract that address; or 30.6.1
 - if none is stated, but a first mortgagee is disclosed in this contract and the mortgagee would usually 30.6.2 discharge the mortgage at a particular place - that place; or
- 30.6.3 in any other case the vendor's *solicitor's* address stated in this contract.

 The vendor by reasonable notice can require completion at another place, if it is in NSW, but the vendor must pay the purchaser's additional avenues in the little and the l 30.7 pay the purchaser's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.
- If the purchaser requests completion at a place that is not the completion address, and the vendor agrees, the purchaser must pay the vendor's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee. 30.8

• Payments on completion

- On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor the appunts referred to in clauses 16.5.1 and 16.5.2, by 30.9 cash (up to \$2,000) or settlement cheque.
- 30.10 Normally, the vendor can direct the purchaser to produce a settlement cheque on completion to pay an amount adjustable under this contract and if so
 - the amount is to be treated as if it were paid, and 30.10.1
 - the cheque must be forwarded to the safe immediately after completion (by the purchaser if the 30.10.2 cheque relates only to the property or by the vendor in any other case).
- If the vendor requires more than 5 settlement chaques, the vendor must pay \$10 for each extra cheque. 30.11
- 30.12
- If the purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment* the purchaser must 30.12.1 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *GSTRW payment* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;

 - 30.12.2 forward the settlement cheque to the payee immediately after completion; and serve evidence of receipt of payment of the GSTRW payment and a copy of the settlement date confirmation form submitted to the Australian Taxation Office.

 If the purchaser must pay an FRCGW remittance, the purchaser must —
- 30.13
 - produce on completion a settlement cheque for the FRCGW remittance payable to the Deputy 30.13.1 Commissioner of Texation;
 - forward the settlement cheque to the payee immediately after completion; and 30.13.2
 - serve evidence of receipt of payment of the FRCGW remittance. 30.13.3

Foreign Resident Capital Gains Withholding 31

- This clause applies only 31.1
 - the sale is of an excluded transaction within the meaning of s14-215 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act; 31.1.1
 - a afearance certificate in respect of every vendor is not attached to this contract. 31.1.2
- If the vendor series any clearance certificate or variation, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 5 business days after that service and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision. 31.2
- The purchaser must at least 2 business days before the date for completion, serve evidence of submission of 31.3 a purchaser payment notification to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under either clause 4.8 or clause 30.4 has been given, by the transferee named in the transfer the subject of that direction.
- The vendor cannot refuse to complete if the purchaser complies with clause 31.3 and, as applicable, clauses 31.4 4.10 or 30.13.
- If the vendor serves in respect of every vendor either a clearance certificate or a variation to 0.00 percent, 31.5 clauses 31.3 and 31.4 do not apply.

32 Residential off the plan contract

This clause applies if this contract is an off the plan contract within the meaning of Division 10 of Part 4 of the 32.1 Conveyancing Act 1919 (the Division).

No provision of this contract has the effect of excluding, modifying or restricting the operation of the Division. 32.2

If the purchaser makes a claim for compensation under the terms prescribed by sections 4 to 6 of Schedule 3 at matter, stranger of the str 32.3 to the Conveyancing (Sale of Land) Regulation 2022 -

the purchaser cannot make a claim under this contract about the same subject matter, including a 32.3.1

32.3.2

CERTIFI	ICATE	
l,		
of		
Solicito	or/Licensed Conveyancer, certify as follows:	
(a)	I am a Solicitor/ Licensed Conveyancer currently admitted to practice in	New South Wales.
(b)	I am giving this certificate in accordance with S66W of the Conveyancing	g Act 1919 with ' from
referer to	nce to a contract for the sale of property at	in order that there is
	oling off period in relation to that contract.	
(c)	I do not act for the vendor and am not employed in the legal practice of	f a solicitor acting for
	ndor nor am a member or employee of a firm of which a solicitor acting fiver or employee.	or the vendor is a
(d)	I have explained to the Purchaser.	
(i)	the effect of the contract for the purchase of that property;	
(ii)	the nature of this certificate;	
(iii)	the effect of giving this certificate to the vendor.	
Dated	! :	

Solicitor/ Licensed Conveyancer

Conditions of Sale by Auction

If the property is or is intended to be sold at auction:

Bidders Record means the Bidders Record to be kept pursuant to Clause 18 of the Property, Stock and Business Agents Regulation 2003 and Section 68 of the Property, Stock and Business Agents Act 2002:

- 1) The following conditions are prescribed as applicable to and in respect of the sale by auction of land:
- a) The principal's reserve price must be given in writing to the auctioneer before the auction commences.
- b) A bid for the seller cannot be made unless the auctioneer has, before the commencement of the auction, announced clearly and precisely the number of bids that may be made by or on behalf of the seller.
- c) The highest bidder is the purchaser, subject to any reserve price.
- d) In the event of a disputed bid, the auctioneer is the sole arbitrator and the auctioneer's decision is final.
- e) The auctioneer may refuse to accept any bid that, in the auctioneer's opinion, is not in the best interests of the seller.
- f) A bidder is taken to be a principal unless, before bidding, the bidder has given to the auctioneer a copy of a written authority to bid for or on behalf of another person.
- g) A bid cannot be made or accepted after the fall of the hammer.
- h) As soon as practicable after the fall of the hammer the purchaser is to sign the agreement (if any) for sale.
- 2) The following conditions, in addition to those prescribed by subclause (1), are prescribed as applicable to and in respect of the sale by auction of residential property or rural land:
- a) All bidders must be registered in the Bidders Record and display an identifying number when making a bid.
- b) One bid only may be made by or on behalf of the seller. This includes a bid made by the auctioneer on behalf of the seller.
- c) When making a bid on behalf of the seller or accepting a bid made by or on behalf of the seller, the auctioneer must clearly state that the bid was made by or on behalf of the seller. Or auctioneer.

ANNEXURE TO CONTRACT FOR SALE OF LAND

			_	_	ο.
v	H	v	D	U	R:

PURCHASER:

33. AMENDMENTS TO PRINTED CONDITIONS

- 33.1. This Contract is deemed to be amended as follows:-
- 33.1.1. definition of "adjustment date" delete word "completion" and insert in its place the words "the due date for completion in accordance with this Contract".
- 33.1.2. definition of "settlement cheque" delete in full the definition contained in Clause 1 on page 9 of the Contract and insert in its place the words: "an unendorsed cheque made payable to the person to be paid and drawn on its own funds by a Bank or if authorised in writing by the Vendor or the Vendor's solicitor, some other cheque".
- 33.1.3. by the deletion in clause 7.1.1 of the figure "5%" and substituting in place of this figure, the figure "\$500.00".
- 33.1.4. by the deletion in clause 7.2.1 of the figure "10%" and substituting in place of this figure, the figure "\$1,000.00".
- 33.1.5. by deleting clause 14.4.2.
- 33.2 Clause 18 is amended by the deletion of the words "none is payable" in Clause 18.7 to be substituted by the words "then the fee shall be that amount of money as determined by the Vendor's Agent or if there is no agent then it shall be at a fee determined by another agent nominated by the Vendor in the same locality whose decision shall be final."
- 33.3. by adding in at the end of Clause 20.6.5 the words "which shall be when the transmission has been completed except that if:-
- 33.3.1. the sender's machine indicated a malfunction in transmission, or the recipient immediately notifies the sender of an incomplete transmission, service shall not be deemed to have been effected; or
- 33.3.2. the transmission is not completed before 5.00 p.m. (local time) on a business day, service shall be deemed to have been effected at 9.00 a.m. on the next business day".
- 33.4 Clause 20 is amended deleting from Clause 20.10 the words "attached Survey Report" and substituting the word "attachments".
- 33.5 Clause 24 is amended by the deletion of Clause 24.3.1.

34. ACKNOWLEDGEMENT BY THE PURCHASER

- 34.1 The property together with all appurtenances and inclusions is sold in its present condition, state of repair and subject to all faults and defects, both latent and patent. The Purchaser acknowledges buying the property and appurtenances and inclusions aforesaid relying on their own inspection, knowledge and enquiries and does not rely wholly or partly on any statement or representation made by or on behalf of the Vendor. The Purchaser shall not call upon the Vendor to carry out any repairs whatsoever in relation to the property or appurtenances or inclusions as aforesaid.
- 34.2 The Purchaser warrants that the Purchaser has not been introduced to the property or the Vendor by any agent other than the agent (if any) specified herein and shall indemnify the Vendor in relation to any claim against the Vendor arising out of any breach of this warranty by the Purchaser.

35. INCAPACITY ETC OF A PARTY TO THIS CONTRACT

- 35.1 Without in any manner negativing, limiting or restricting any rights or remedies which would have been available to either party at law or in equity if this special condition had not been included, it is agreed that:
- 35.1.1 If either party (or any one of them if more than one) shall die or become mentally ill or insane or protected or an incapable person within the meaning of the New South Wales Mental Health Act 1958, as amended, then either party may by written notice to the other party or such other party's Solicitor named herein rescind this Contract whereupon clause 19 shall apply;

and

35.1.2 If the Purchaser shall be declared bankrupt or enter into any scheme of arrangement of make any assignment for the benefit of creditors or being a company shall resolve or go into liquidation or have an application for its winding up filed in any Court of competent jurisdiction or enter into any scheme of arrangement with its creditors, or if competent jurisdiction or enter into any scheme of arrangement with its creditors, or if a Receiver or Official Manager be appointed in respect of the Purchaser, then the Purchaser shall be deemed to be in default hereunder and the Vendor may by written notice to the Solicitor named herein as the Purchaser's Solicitor terminate this Contract and forfeit to the Vendor the deposit paid hereunder.

36. COMPLETION

36.1 In addition to any other rights which may exist in law or in equity any Notice to Complete validly given by one party hereto to the other shall be sufficient as to time of a period of fourteen

- (14) days from the receipt of the Notice is allowed for completion. The party giving such notice shall be at liberty at any time to withdraw the said notice without prejudice to a continuing right to give any further such notice.
- 36.2 If the Vendor issues a Notice to Complete, The Purchaser will be liable for and must pay on demand an amount of \$440.00 (GST Inclusive) for the legal costs and other expenses incurred by the Vendor in issuing the Notice to Complete.
- 36.3 If the Purchaser does not complete this purchase by the Completion Date, other than due to any default of the Vendor, the Vendor is entitled to recover from the Purchaser as liquidated damages payable on completion:-
- interest on the purchase price at the rate of eight per cent (8%), calculated at a daily rate from the completion date to the actual date of completion.

It is agreed that the above amounts are a genuine pre-estimate of the damages suffered by the Vendor as a consequence of the Purchaser's default and the Purchaser shall not be entitled to require the Vendor to complete this Contract unless such amounts are paid to the Vendor on completion, and it is an essential term of this Contract that such amounts be so paid.

37. FURTHER AMENDMENTS REGARDING THE DEPOSIT

- 37.1 If the Vendor agrees to accept a Deposit Guarantee Bond in lieu of a deposit the delivery to the Vendor or the Vendor's Solicitor of a Deposit Guarantee Bond shall be deemed for the purposes of this Agreement to be payment of the deposit at the time of such delivery on account of the deposit to the person or persons nominated in this Agreement to receive the deposit, and the following provisions shall apply:
- 37.2 On completion of this Agreement, or at such other time as may be provided for the deposit to be accounted for to the Vendor, the Purchaser shall pay the amount stipulated in the Bond to the Vendor by cash or settlement cheque; or
- 37.3 If the Vendor serves on the Purchaser a notice in writing claiming to forfeit the deposit, then such service shall operate as a demand upon the Purchaser for payment forthwith of the deposit (or so much thereof as has not been paid) and upon failure of the Purchaser to pay the same within two (2) clear business days of service of such a notice the Vendor shall be entitled to demand payment in accordance with the provisions of the Bond, and the provisions of this Agreement in relation to the deposit (other than this Special Condition) shall then apply as though this Agreement had just been made and required payment of the deposit within two (2) clear business days of demand being made under this clause.

38 Deposit to be 10% of the contract price

38.1 Despite any other provision in this Contract, the Purchaser acknowledges that the deposit herein shall be ten per centum (10%) of the Contract price. Should the vendor elect to accept a

lesser sum as at the date of exchange of contract then same shall be deemed to be an initial deposit only and the balance of the ten percent (10%) of the price will be payable either:

upon completion PROVIDED THAT no default on the part of the purchaser occurs in respect of any condition or obligation of the purchaser pursuant to this agreement

OR

should the purchaser default prior to completion then notwithstanding any other right or remedy which the vendor may have, the balance of the said deposit shall be then payable forthwith.

39. Deposit Release for Completion

The Purchaser agrees that, if required by the Vendor and notified to the Purchasers Conveyancer/Solicitor in writing, the purchaser authorises the Depositholder to release so much of the deposit held by the Depositholder as directed by the vendor's conveyancer/solicitor prior to completion only if required by the vendor to effect completion of this contract and/or to assist with the vendor's settlement of a purchase. If the Contract is not completed, the vendor undertakes to immediately instruct their conveyancer/solicitor to return the deposit moneys released to the Depositholder. The parties agree that no further authority will be required for such release as the necessary authority is contained in this special condition.

40. Special Levy (Strata Title Property Only)

The Vendor and the Purchaser acknowledge that any special levies levied before the Contract date and after the contract date, is the sole responsibility of the Purchaser. This clause shall not merge on completion.

41. The Purchaser agrees that the only form of general requisitions on title the Purchaser may make under Clause 5 of this Contract for Sale are the Requisitions on Title annexed hereto.

42. PEXA

42.1 The parties agree that if the transaction is completed via PEXA then the following shall apply:

If the purchaser is required to provide a document to the vendor on settlement then the purchaser must provide the document to the vendor's solicitor at least one (1) day prior to the scheduled completion date to be held in escrow pending confirmation of settlement.

43. Guarantee & Indemnity

If the Purchaser (and, if comprising more than one person, any one or more of them) is a company then in consideration of the Vendor entering into this contract with the Purchaser, the directors of the Purchaserand	
("the Guarantors") hereby jointly and severally agree to guarantee to the Vendor the due and punctual performance and observance by the Purchaser of its obligations under this contract and indemnify and keep indemnified the Vendor against all losses, damages, liabilities, costs and expenses accruing to the Vendor, resulting or arising from any failure by the Purchaser to perform observe any of the obligations on its part to be performed or observed. This guarantee and indemnity is a continuing obligation and cannot be abrogated, prejudiced or discharged by reason any deemed waiver by the Vendor or by any means other than express waiver by the Vendor. Any rescission or termination of this contract will not waive any of the obligations arising pursuant to t clause. This guarantee and indemnity is an essential condition of this contract and is deemed to constitute a principal obligation between the Guarantors and the Vendor.	of /
Signed, sealed and delivered by	
the Guarantors in the presence of:	
	10000

44. Electronic Transfer

This clause applies where the parties have agreed to conduct this transaction electronically.

Guarantor

Guarantor

44.1 Contract

Witness

Witness

- (a) The parties agree that this Contract may be signed in any number of counterparts with the same effect as if the signatures to each counterpart were on the same instrument.
- (b) Execution by either (or both) parties to this Contract of a facsimile or email copy of this Contract and transmission by facsimile or email of a copy of the Contract executed by that party or their conveyancer/solicitor to the other party or the other party's conveyancer/solicitor shall constitute a valid and binding execution of this contract by such parties.

- (c) For the purposes of the *Electronic Transactions Act, 1999 (Cth) and Electronic Transactions Act, 2000 (NSW)* each of the parties consent to receiving and sending the Contract electronically.
- (d) Where this contract has been entered into by a party that has provided an electronic copy of the contract executed by them, it is an essential term of this contract that such party provide to the other party the original execution pages in the same terms as executed electronically within fourteen (14) days of the date of the Contract.

45. Settlement Vendor & Rescheduling

- 45.1 If for any reason (other than default by the Vendor) completion of this Contract does not take place at the date scheduled between the parties and settlement requires rescheduling, then in addition to any other sums payable and without prejudice to the Vendor's rights under this Contract or otherwise, the Purchaser will be liable for and must pay an amount of \$330.00 (GST inclusive) for every time settlement is re-scheduled for the legal costs and other expenses incurred by the Vendor in respect of settlement rearrangements.
- 45.2 It is an essential term of this Contract that the costs payable under this clause be paid to the Vendor on completion and the Purchaser is not entitled to require the Vendor to complete unless such costs are paid.

46. Purchaser acknowledgments

- 46. The Purchaser acknowledges and agrees that prior to completion, the Vendor are not obliged to;
- 46.1.1 mow any lawns or remove any garden refuse and other rubbish from the property;
- 46.1.2 if any of the services to the property are disconnected, do anything or pay any amounts for the reconnection of those services;
- 46.1.3 provide any keys or remote-control devices which may be missing for any lock/door/window/garage on the property; and
- dec.1.4 clean and chemically balance the pool, if a pool is an improvement erected on the property.
- The Purchaser shall make no objection, requisition, or claim for compensation regarding the affectations disclosed in this entire clause 46.1. This entire clause 46 shall not merge on completion.

47. If there is a television wall bracket or wall mount or picture hooks or shelving on the walls or any item fixed to the wall of the property, the vendor will not make good any holes in the wall following the removal of the said items. The Purchaser agrees that no objection shall be taken, requisition raised, compensation claimed nor any settlement delay due to any matter arising from this special condition.

48. HOLIDAY PERIOD

- 48.1 Notwithstanding any other condition herein, the purchaser shall not require the Vendor to complete the sale of this matter during the period Friday 22 December 2023 to Monday 29 January 2024 (the Holiday Period).
- 48.2 In the event settlement does fall during the Holiday Period, then settlement shall take place on Tuesday, 30 January 2024 unless the Vendor agrees to settle earlier by notice in writing to the Purchaser.
- 48.3 No Notice to Complete shall be served during the Holiday Period.



Title Search

Information Provided Through triSearch (Website) Ph. 1300 064 452 Fax.

NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH ______

FOLIO: 32/SP58280

SEARCH DATE TIME

EDITION NO DATE _____

7/11/2023 1:27 PM

7

3 29/1/2010

LAND

LOT 32 IN STRATA PLAN 58280 AT SUTHERLAND

LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA SUTHERLAND SHIRE

FIRST SCHEDULE _____

DENNIS FRANCIS WHITFIELD ROBYN PATRICIA WHITFIELD AS JOINT TENANTS

(T 5464656)

SECOND SCHEDULE (1 NOTIFICATION)

1 INTERESTS RECORDED ON REGISTER FOLIO CP/SP58280

NOTATIONS _____

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***

PRINTED ON 7/11/2023

Received: 07/11/2023 13:27:23

Information Provided Through triSearch (Website) Ph. 1300 064 452 Fax.

NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: CP/SP58280

LAND

THE COMMON PROPERTY IN THE STRATA SCHEME BASED ON STRATA PLAN 58280 WITHIN THE PARCEL SHOWN IN THE TITLE DIAGRAM

AT SUTHERLAND

LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA SUTHERLAND SHIRE

PARISH OF SUTHERLAND COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND

TITLE DIAGRAM SHEET 2 SP58280

FIRST SCHEDULE

THE OWNERS - STRATA PLAN NO. 58280
ADDRESS FOR SERVICE OF DOCUMENTS:
C/ - WESTSIDE STRATA
PO BOX 241
FAIRFIELD NSW 1860

SECOND SCHEDULE (7 NOTIFICATIONS)

		• •••
1	RESERVATION OF THE RESERVATION O	ONS AND CONDITIONS IN THE CROWN GRANT(S)
2	в731236	LAND EXCLUDES MINERALS AND IS SUBJECT TO RIGHTS TO MINE AFFECTING THE PART SHOWN SO BURDENED IN THE TITLE
		DIAGRAM
3	B575708	LAND EXCLUDES MINERALS AND IS SUBJECT TO RIGHTS TO
		MINE AFFECTING THE PART SHOWN SO BURDENED IN THE TITLE
		DIAGRAM
4	SP58280	POSITIVE COVENANT
5	SP58280	EASEMENT TO DRAIN WATER VARIABLE WIDTH AFFECTING
5	0130200	THE PART(S) SHOWN SO BURDENED IN THE TITLE DIAGRAM
6	AM358818	INITIAL PERIOD EXPIRED
7	AN831155	CONSOLIDATION OF REGISTERED BY-LAWS

SCHEDULE	OF	UNIT	ENTITLEMENT	(AGGREGATE:	1000)
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STRATA	PLAN	58280								
LOT	ENT		LOT	ENT	LOT		ENT	LOT		ENT
1 -	23		2 -	21	3 -	-	23	4	-	21
5 -			6 -	21	7 .		22	8	-	23
9 -			10 -	23	11 -		22	12	-	23
13 -			14 -	22	15		23	16	-	23
17 -			18 -	23	19		23	20	-	23
21 -			22 -	24	23	•••	24	24	-	24

END OF PAGE 1 - CONTINUED OVER

PRINTED ON 7/11/2023

2300118

FOLIO: CP/SP58280

PAGE 2

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SCHEDULE OF	UNIT ENTITLEMENT	(AGGREGATE: 1000)	(CONTINUED)
STRATA PLAN	58280		
LOT ENT	LOT ENT	LOT ENT	LOT ENT
25 - 24	26 - 24	27 - 23	28 - 23
29 - 24	30 - 24	31 - 24	32 - 24
33 - 26	34 - 26	35 - 27	36 - 27
-	38 - 27	39 - 26	40 - 26
37 - 27	30 - 21	33 20	
41 - 26	42 - 26		

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***

PRINTED ON 7/11/2023

SURVEYOR'S REFERENCE 22782S4

8

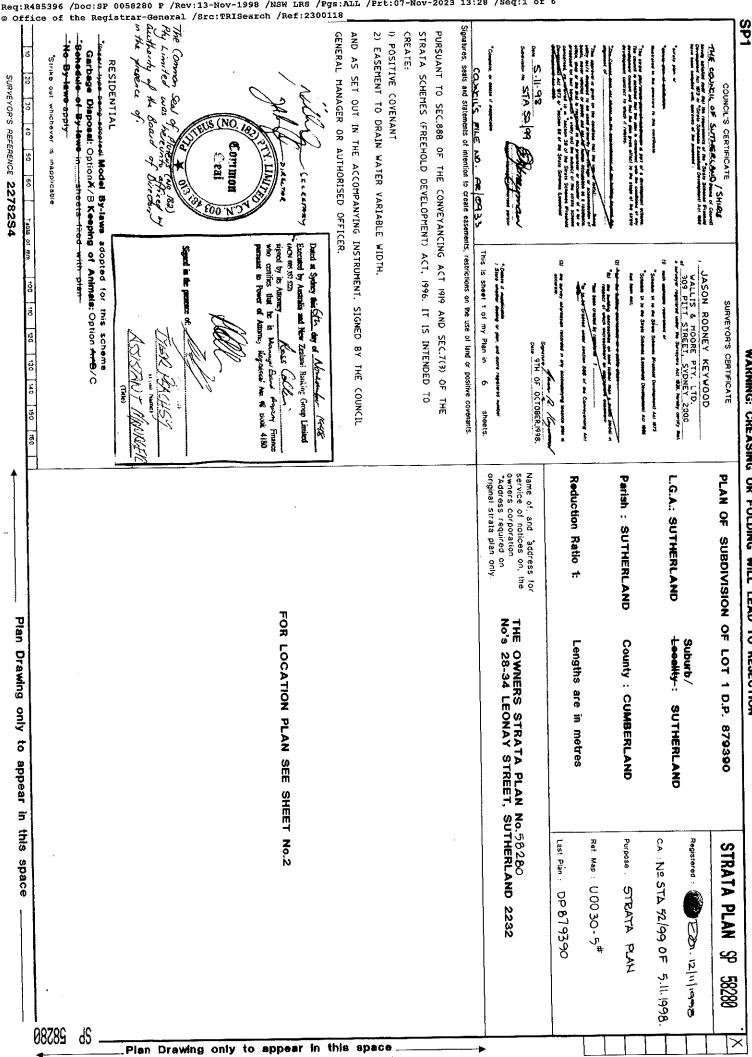
160

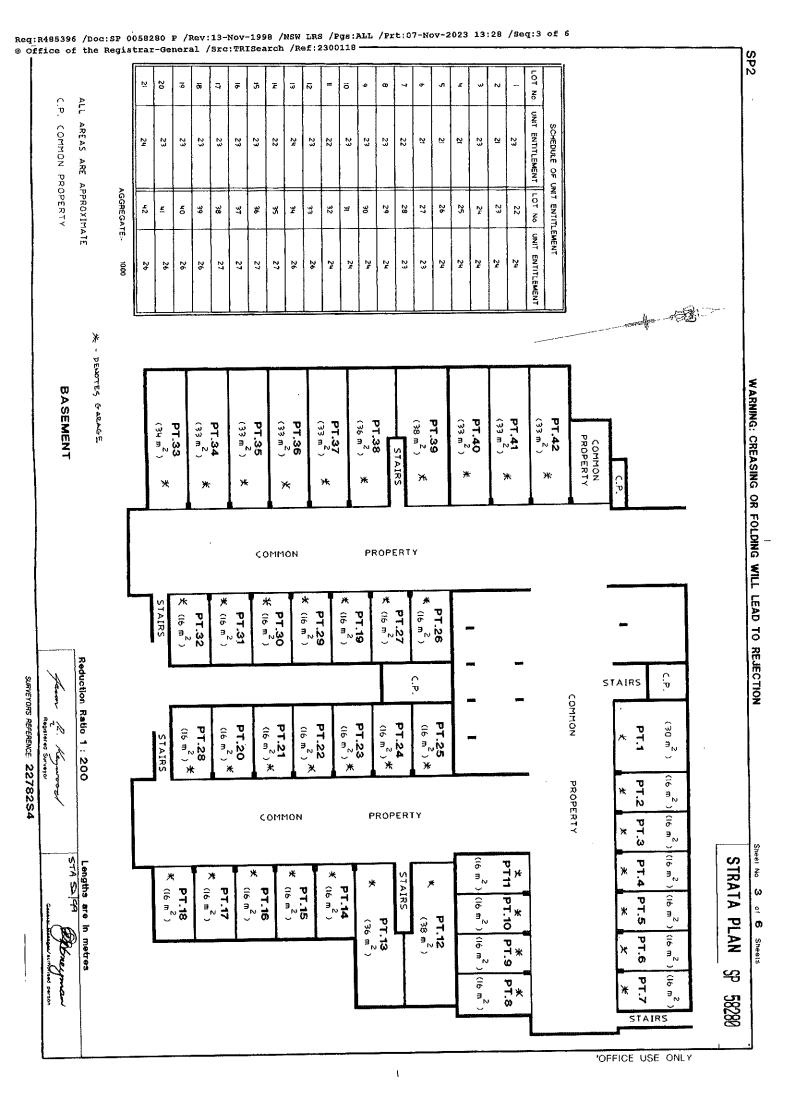
Plan Drawing only to

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INSTRUMENT SETTING OUT TERMS OF EASEMENTS, RESTRICTIONS & POSITIVE COVENANT OF THE USE OF LAND INTENDED TO BE CREATED PURSUANT TO SECTION 88B, CONVEYANCING ACT, 1919.

Lengths are in metres

Page 1 of 4 Pages

SP 58280

Plan of Subdivision of Lot 1 in DP879390 covered by Council Clerk's Certificate No. STA 52/99

PART 1

Full name and address of the roprietor of the land

Pluteus (No.182) Pty Ltd A.C.N. 003 481 810 67 Beresford Avenue GREENACRE NSW 2190

Identity of Covenant firstly referred to in abovementioned plan.

Positive Covenant

SCHEDULE OF LOTS AFFECTED

Lot Burdened

Authority Benefited

Common Property

The Council of Sutherland Shire

 Identity of easement secondly referred to in abovementioned plan. Easement to Drain Water Variable Width.

SCHEDULE OF LOTS AFFECTED

Lot Burdened

Authority Benefited

Common Property

The Council of Sutherland Shire

Approved by The Council of Sutherland Shire

Stoneyman Authorised Person Council Clark

INSTRUMENT SETTING OUT TERMS OF EASEMENTS, RESTRICTIONS & POSITIVE COVENANT OF THE USE OF LAND INTENDED TO BE CREATED PURSUANT TO SECTION 88B, CONVEYANCING ACT, 1919.

Lengths are in metres

Page 2 of 4 Pages

SP 58280

Plan of Subdivision of
Lot 1 in DP879390 covered by
Council Clerk's Certificate
No. STA 52/99

PART 2

- 1. TERMS OF POSITIVE COVENANT FIRSTLY REFERRED TO IN ABOVEMENTIONED PLAN.
 - - (a) Permit stormwater to be temporarily detained in the detention facility.
 - (b) Keep the detention facility clean and free from silt, rubbish and debris.
 - (c) Maintain and repair the detention facility so that it functions in a safe and efficient manner.
 - (d) Replace, repair, alter and renew the whole or parts of the detention facility within the time and in the manner specified in a written notice issued by the Council.
 - (e) Not make any alterations to the detention facility or elements thereof without prior consent in writing of the Council.
 - (f) Permit the Council or its authorised agent from time to time upon giving reasonable notice (but at any time and without notice in the case of an emergency) to enter and inspect the land for compliance with the requirements of this Clause.
 - (g) Comply with the terms of any written notice issued by the Council in respect to the requirements of the Clause within the time stated in the notice.

Approved by The Council of Sutherland Shire

De Horisea Person Council Clork

Req:R486021 /Doc:SP 0058280 B /Rev:13-Nov-1998 /NSW LRS /Pgs:ALL /Prt:07-Nov-2023 14:22 /Seq:3 of 4 © Office of the Registrar-General /Src:TRISearch /Ref:2300118

INSTRUMENT SETTING OUT TERMS OF EASEMENTS, RESTRICTIONS & POSITIVE COVENANT OF THE USE OF LAND INTENDED TO BE CREATED PURSUANT TO SECTION 88B, CONVEYANCING ACT, 1919.

Lengths are in metres

Page 3 of 4 Pages

SP 58280

Plan of Subdivision of
Lot 1 in DP879390 covered by
Council Clerk's Certificate
No. STA 52/99

- 2. In the event of the Owners Corporation failing to comply with the terms of any written notice served with respect to the matters in Clause 1, the Council or its authorised agents may enter with all necessary equipment and carry out any work required to ensure the safe, efficient operation of the system and recover from the owner/s the cost of carrying out the work and if necessary recover the amount due by legal proceedings (including legal costs and fees) and entry of a covenant charge on the lots burdened under Section 88F of the Conveyancing Act, 1919. In carrying out any work under this Clause, the Council shall take reasonable precautions to ensure that the land is disturbed as little as possible.
- 3. In this Covenant "Council" means the Council of Sutherland Shire.

NAME OF AUTHORITY EMPOWERED TO RELEASE, VARY OR MODIFY THE POSITIVE COVENANT FIRSTLY AND EASEMENT TO DRAIN WATER SECONDLY REFERRED TO IN ABOVEMENTIONED PLAN:

The Council of Sutherland Shire

Approved by The Council of Sutherland Shire

Pullarised Penson Council Clork

INSTRUMENT SETTING OUT TERMS OF EASEMENTS, RESTRICTIONS & POSITIVE COVENANT OF THE USE OF LAND INTENDED TO BE CREATED PURSUANT TO SECTION 88B, CONVEYANCING ACT, 1919.

Lengths are in metres

Page 4 of 4 Pages

SP 58280

Plan of Subdivision of
Lot 1 in DP879390 covered by
Council Clerk's Certificate
No. STA 52/99

The Common Seal of)
Pluteus (No.182) Pty Limited)
A.C.N. 003 481 810)
was hereunto affixed by authority of the Board of Directors in accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company and in the presence of:)



Directo

Dated at Sydney this GL day of November 1948

Executed by Australia and New Zealand Banking Group Limited (ACN 005 357 522)

signed by its Attorney Who certifies that he is Attorney Feanda Property Finance pursuant to Power of Attorney Registered No. 48 Book 4180

Signed in the presence of:

(Signature)

RANAERS NSSISTANI

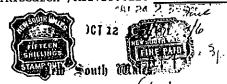
Approved by The Council of Sutherland Shire

Authorised Arson Council Clerk

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Req:R486022 /Dog:DL B731236 /Rev:03-Mar-1997 /NSW LRS /Pgs:ALL /Prt:07-Nov-2023 14:22 /Seq:1 of 4 © Office of the Registrar-General /Src:TRISearch /Ref:2300118

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MEMORANDUM OF TRANSFER.

(REAL PROPERTY ACT, 1900).

6781236

THE HOLT SUTHERLAND COMPANY LIMITED (hereinafter called the Company) being registered as the proprietors for a term of fifty-six years from the first day of July 1899 under Memorandam of Lease registered No. 50990 as extended by the Holt Sutherland Estate Act 1900 in the land hereinafter described subject however to such enoundrances liens and interests as are notified by memorandam underwritten or endorsed hereon in consideration of the sum of Absch two Bounds Run Quality.

Paid by

arshur Cooper

of Bescherf, agent

to the

Perpetual Trustee Company Limited the Australian trustee of the Will of Tl omas Holt late of Sydney pursuant to Section 7 of the said Holt Sutherland Estate Act 1900 (the receipt of which sum is hereby acknowledged by the said Perpetual Trustee Company Limited testified by the receipt hereto amexed) doth hereby in exercise and in pursuance of the power and direction in Section 7 of the said Holt Sutherland Estate Act 1900 and of all other powers embling it appoint and trunsfer to the said Ordhore Cooples.

All the estate and interest of the registered Proprietor in fee simple in the surface of ALL that parcel of land situated in the Parish of Sutherland County of Cumberland and being part of the land comprised in Certificate of Title dated the fifth day of University of the surface of the

Registered Vol. 3796 fol. 135 and in the said Legse Number 50990 and being the surface of the whole of the lend comprised in Sub-lense Number 441811 from the Holt Sutherland Estate Company Limited to the said William Coopers And doth also transfer to the said William Coopers all

the estate and interest of which it the said Holt Sutherland Company Limited is registered Proprietor Together with all its rights and powers in respect thereof as comprised in the said

M Lease No. 50990 in and so far only as regards the land comprised in the said Sub-lease No. 1441811 except and reserving to the said Company and its assigns during the residue now unexpired of the term of the said Lense No. 50990 as extended by the Holt Sutherland Estate Act 1900 and subject thereto unto the person or persons for the time being entitled to the Mines and premises next herein excepted and reserved in reversion immediately expectant on the said Lease No. 50990 (all of whom including the Perpetual Trustee Company L mited and other the Australian Trustees or Trustee for the time being of the said Will of the said Thomas Holt deceased are hereinafter included in the term the reversioner and reversioners) all Mines heds seems and velus of coal iron and other metals and minerals comprised in the said Lease No. 50000 which are now known or shall or may be discovered hereafter as lying and being under the surface of the land hereby appointed and transferred together with liberty for the Company and its assigns during such residue and subject thereto for the reversioner and reversioners without entering on the surface of the said hand hereby appointed and without doing any act which may disturb or cause any damage to any house or houses building or buildings now erected or henceforth to be erected on the said land hereby appointed or be a nuisance to the occupiers of such houses or buildings or any of them to get work and win the said Mines seems and veins of coal iron and other metals and minerals and for such purposes to make maintain and use any necessary and convenient underground works whatsoever and subject to and reserving unto the person or persons entitled thereto all rights of way across the said land hereby appointed And excepting and reserving anto the said reversioner and reversioners all metals and minerals not comprised in the said Lease No. 50990 and which are now known or shall be discovered hereafter as lying under the surface of the said hand hereby

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appointed together with liberty for the reversioner or reversioners without entering on the suface of the said land hereby appointed and without doing any acts which may disturb or cause any damage to any house or houses building or buildings now erected or hereafter to be erected on the land hereby appointed or he a nuisance to the occupiers of such houses or buildings or any of them to get work and win the said metals and minerals hereby lastly hereinbefore excepted and reserved and for such purpose to make maintain and use any necessary and convenient underground works whatsoever to the intent that the said arthur

-booker may become the registered proprietor in fee simple of the surface lands comprised in the said Sub-lease No. 144 tillo the extent only directed and intended by the said Holt Sutherland Estate Act 1900 PROVIDED ALWAYS that the Company and its assigns shall hold the residue of the lands comprised in the said Lease No. 50990 subject to all the provisoes conditions and agreements in the said Lease contained and on the part of the Company to be observed and performed as (if at all) varied by the Holt Sutherland Estate Act 1900 and to the provisions of the same Act And the reversioner and reversioners shall in respect of such residue be entitled to the benefit of all conditions and powers of in-entry for non-payment of rent and other powers and reservations in the said Lease contained in all respects as if this Transfer had not been made.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF the Common Seal of the Holt Sutherland Company Limited was hereunto affixed at Sydney this I have to a will

THE COMMON SEAL of the HOLT SUTHER-LAND COMPANY LIMITED was affixed hereto by the Directors present at a Meeting of THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of that Company held this Ilanta and day of 19 Band such Directors thereupon signed this

dre be alone

Accepted and I hereby certify this Transfer to be correct for the purposes of the Real Property Act.

SIGNED in my presonce by the said

arthur booper

personally known to me-Vilalky Solicitor 56 Handey 2

PERPETUAL TRUSTEE COMPANY LTD.,

sum of hotel two founds ten shalling wing the purchase money for the fee simple of all that piece of land situate in the Parish of Satherland and County of Cumberland, being the whole of the land comfamilies prised in Sub-leuse No. B. 418.11 dotal 19 November 1920 from the HOLT SUTHERLAND CO. LTD. to Chather and part of the land comprised in registered No. 10000. Received from arthur Souther Cog the sum of July two founds ten shalling the sum of July two founds ten shalling the purchase money for the series of S

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MEMORANDUM OF TRANSFER.

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the surface lands comprised in the said Sub-leases to 65401 — to the extent only directed and intended by the said Holt Sutherland Petate Act 1900 PROVIDED ALWAYS that the Company and its assigns shall hold the residue of the lands comprised in the said Lense No. 50990 subject to all the provisoes conditions and agreements in the said Lease contained and on the part of the Company to be observed and performed as (if at all) varied by the Holt Sutherland Estate Act 1900 and to the provisions of the same Act. And the reversioner and reversioners shall in respect of such residue be entitled to the benefit of all conditions and powers of re-entry for non-payment of rent and other powers and reservations in the said Lease contained in all respects as if this Transfer had not been made. IN WITNESS WHEREOF the Common Seal of the Holt Sutherland Company Limited was hereuato affixed at Sydney this that THE COMMON SEAL of the HOLT SUTHER. LAND COMPANY LIMITED was affixed hereto by the Directors present at a Meeting of THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of that Company held this // day of solo! such Directors thereupon signed this Transfer in the presence of Arrent and a Market Accepted and hereby certify this Transfer to be correct for the purposes of the Real Property Act. Christina & Forsburg SIGNED in my presence by the said CHRISTINA KLIZABETH FORSSBERG and VALSTTA ECCLE Valita Feeler personally known to

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CONSOLIDATION/ CHANGE OF BY-LAWS

New South Wales Strata Schemes Management Act Real Property Act 1900



PRIVACY NOTE: Section 31B of the Real Property Act 1900 (RP Act) authorises the by this form for the establishment and maintenance of the Real Property Act Register. Section 96B RP Act requires that the Register is made available to any person for search upon payment of a fee, if any.

(A)	TORRENS TILL	For the com	mon property					
(B)	LODGED BY	Document Collection Box	Name, Address of Westside St PO BOX 151 Yagoona NSW	trata	istomer Account Number if any		CODE	
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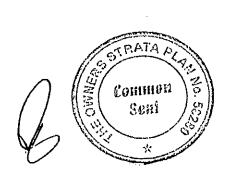
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Authority:

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14.	Floor coverings
15.	Garbage disposal
16.	Keeping of animals
17.	Appearance of lot
18.	Notice board
19.	Change in use of lot to be notified
20.	Special Resolution Bylaw 1 – Installation of Drop Arm Shade/Awning
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SCHEDULE 2 - By-laws for pre-1996 strata schemes

(Clause 35)

1. Noise

An owner or occupier of a lot must not create any noise on the parcel likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or of any person lawfully using common property.

2. Vehicles

An owner or occupier of a lot must not park or stand any motor or other vehicle on common property except with the written approval of the owners corporation.

3. Obstruction of common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not obstruct lawful use of common property by any person.

4. Damage to lawns and plants on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not:

- (a) damage any lawn, garden, tree, shrub, plant or flower being part of or situated on common property, or
- (b) use for his or her own purposes as a garden any portion of the common property.

5. Damage to common property

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not mark, paint, drive nails or screws or the like into, or otherwise damage or deface, any structure that forms part of the common property without the approval in writing of the owners corporation.
- (2) An approval given by the owners corporation under $\underline{\text{clause}}$ (1) cannot authorise any additions to the common property.
- (3) This by-law does not prevent an owner or person authorised by an owner from installing:
- (a) any locking or other safety device for protection of the owner's lot against intruders, or
- (b) any screen or other device to prevent entry of animals or insects on the lot, or
- (c) any structure or device to prevent harm to children.

2016

- (4) Any such locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure must be installed in a competent and proper manner and must have an appearance, after it has been installed, in keeping with the appearance of the rest of the building.
- (5) Despite section 106 of the <u>Strata Schemes Management Act 2015</u>, the owner of a lot must maintain and keep in a state of good and serviceable repair any installation or structure referred to in <u>clause</u> (3) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot.

6. Behaviour of owners and occupiers

An owner or occupier of a lot when on common property must be adequately clothed and must not use language or behave in a manner likely to cause offence or embarrassment to the owner or occupier of another lot or to any person lawfully using common property.

7. Children playing on common property in building

An owner or occupier of a lot must not permit any child of whom the owner or occupier has control to play on common property within the building or, unless accompanied by an adult exercising effective control, to be or to remain on common property comprising a laundry, car parking area or other area of possible danger or hazard to children.

8. Behaviour of invitees

An owner or occupier of a lot must take all reasonable steps to ensure that invitees of the owner or occupier do not behave in a manner likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using common property.

9. Depositing rubbish and other material on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit or throw on the common property any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or of any person lawfully using the common property.

10. Drying of laundry items

An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the consent in writing of the owners corporation, hang any washing, towel, bedding, clothing or other article on any part of the parcel in such a way as to be visible from outside the building other than on any lines provided by the owners corporation for the purpose and there only for a reasonable period.

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11. Cleaning windows and doors

An owner or occupier of a lot must keep clean all glass in windows and all doors on the boundary of the lot, including so much as is common property.

12. Storage of inflammable liquids and other substances and materials

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the approval in writing of the owners corporation, use or store on the lot or on the common property any inflammable chemical, liquid or gas or other inflammable material.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to chemicals, liquids, gases or other material used or intended to be used for domestic purposes, or any chemical, liquid, gas or other material in a fuel tank of a motor vehicle or internal combustion engine.

13. Moving furniture and other objects on or through common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not transport any furniture or large object through or on common property within the building unless sufficient notice has first been given to the strata committee so as to enable the strata committee to arrange for its nominee to be present at the time when the owner or occupier does so.

14. Floor coverings

- (1) An owner of a lot must ensure that all floor space within the lot is covered or otherwise treated to an extent sufficient to prevent the transmission from the floor space of noise likely to disturb the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to floor space comprising a kitchen, laundry, lavatory or bathroom.

15. Garbage disposal

An owner or occupier of a lot:

- (a) must maintain within the lot, or on such part of the common property as may be authorised by the owners corporation, in clean and dry condition and adequately covered a receptacle for garbage, and
- (b) must ensure that before refuse is placed in the receptacle it is securely wrapped or, in the case of tins or other containers, completely drained, and
- (c) for the purpose of having the garbage collected, must place the receptacle within an area designated for that purpose by the owners corporation and at a time not more than 12 hours before the time at which garbage is normally collected, and

- (d) when the garbage has been collected, must promptly return the receptacle to the lot or other area referred to in paragraph (a), and
- (e) must not place any thing in the receptacle of the owner or occupier of any other lot except with the permission of that owner or occupier, and
- (f) must promptly remove any thing which the owner, occupier or garbage collector may have spilled from the receptacle and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled.

16. Keeping of animals

- (1) Subject to section 157 of the <u>Strata Schemes Management Act 2015</u>, an owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the approval in writing of the owners corporation, keep any animal on the lot or the common property.
- (2) The owners corporation must not unreasonably withhold its approval of the keeping of an animal on a lot or the common property.

17. Appearance of lot

- (1) The owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the written consent of the owners corporation, maintain within the lot anything visible from outside the lot that, viewed from outside the lot, is not in keeping with the rest of the building.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to the hanging of any washing, towel, bedding, clothing or other article as referred to in by-law 10.

18. Notice board

An owners corporation must cause a notice board to be affixed to some part of the common property.

19. Change in use of lot to be notified

60,07

An occupier of a lot must notify the owners corporation if the occupier changes the existing use of the lot in a way that may affect the insurance premiums for the strata scheme (for example, if the change of use results in a hazardous activity being carried out on the lot, or results in the lot being used for commercial or industrial purposes rather than residential purposes).

20. Special Resolution Bylaw 1 – Installation of Drop Arm Shade/Awning.

Resolved that in accordance with section 51 and 52 of the Strata Schemes Act 1996, the Owners Corporation of SP58280 Specially resolve that lot owners for the time being in the strata scheme are conferred with the right to install a Drop Arm Awning, on their balcony at their own expense, subject to the following conditions as set in Annexure A.

5 of 6

Annexure A Special Resolution by-law 1 Installation of Drop Arm Shade/Awning.

- A. The owners of any lot undertaking the installation of the awning must obtain all necessary permits, licenses or consents required by local authority or other statutory or lawful authority for such installation; and submit plans to the Owners Corporation 14 days prior to commencement.
- B. The awning must comply with the Building Code of Australia, the installation must be performed in such a way as to meet all current Work Health and Safety requirement.
- C. The plans are to provide the dimensions and specifications of the works involved.
- D. The color will be Celadon by 582
- E. The installation of the awning must be effected in a workman like manner by licensed and insured tradespersons;
- F. Any damage to common property or another lot that occurs during, or results from, the installation or subsequent removal or use of, the awning must be forthwith made good by the owners of the lot from which the damage results at no cost to the Owners Corporation or lot owner of the lot whose property has been damaged;
- G. The awning is to be maintained in a state of good repairs and must be in keeping with the appearance of the strata scheme.
- H. The awning is to be maintained at the lot owners expense, does not form part of common property, and is to be insured by the lot owner.
- I. Where necessary replace or renew the awning when in need of replacement or renewal provided that such replacement or renewal is with an item of the same or similar quality, design and specifications. If the replacement or renewal involves an item which in the Owners Corporation in its reasonable opinion deems to be a modification, then such replacement or renewal will be subject to the consent of the Owners Corporation.
- J. The Owners Corporation may enforce the By Law by legal means.
- K. The Owners Corporation may do any work which should have been done by an Owner or Occupier.
- L. If the Owners Corporation must do work under clause (I), an owner or occupier must:
 - a. Give The Owners Corporation or persons authorized by it access (if required).
 - b. Pay The Owners Corporation for its costs of doing the work.
 - The Owners Corporation may recover any money owed to it by the owner under this By-Law, the By-Laws or the SSMA as a debt.

M. The lot owner indemnifies and keep indemnifying the Owners Corporation against any liability or expenses incurred which may be caused by the installation, use, maintenance or removal of the awning

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Approved Form 10

Certificate re Initial Period

The owners corporation certifies that in respect of the strata scheme:

*that the initial period has expired.

*the eriginal preprietor owns all of the lets in the strata scheme and any purchaser under an exchanged contract for the purchase of a let in the scheme has consented to any plan or dealing being ledged with this certificate.

Name: Frankly again Authority: Principal.

^ Insert appropriate date

Signature:

* Strike through if inapplicable.

Text below this line is part of the instructions and should not be reproduced as part of a final document.

- 1. This form must be provided in it entirety as shown above.
- 2. Any inapplicable parts should be struck through.
- This certificate is required to accompany any document which proposes action not permitted during
 the initial period and when the common property title does not have a notification indicating the initial
 period has been expired.



Reg:R486025 /Dog:DL AN831155 /Rev:05-Nov-2018 /NSW LRS /Pgs:ALL /Prt:07-Nov-2023 14:22 /Seq:1 of 22 © Office of the Registrar-General /Srg:TRISearch /Ref:2300118

Form: 15CH Rélease: 2·1

CONSOLIDATION/ CHANGE OF BY-LAWS

New South Wates Strata Schemes Management Act 2 Real Property Act 1980

PRIVACY NOTE: Section 31B of the Real Property Act 1900 (RP Act) authorises the Registrar General to collect the information required



AN831155G

by this form for the establishment and maintenance of the Real Property Act Register. Section 96B RP Act requires that the Register is made available to any person for search upon payment of a fee, if any. (A) TORRENS TITLE For the common property CP/SP58280 Name, Address or DX, Telephone, and Customer Account Number if any CODE LODGED BY Document Collection WESTSIDE STRATA Box P O BOX 241 FAIRFIELD NSW 1860 Reference: FRACK VIGOUROUX 02 9791 9933 certify that a special resolution was passed on 22/10/2018 The Owners-Strata Plan No. 58280 (C) pursuant to the requirements of section 141 of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015, by which the by-laws were changed as (D) follows---Repealed by-law No. NOT APPLICABLE Added by-law No. 25 & 26 Amended by-law No. NOT APPLICABLE as fully set out below: BY-LAW 25 - BATHROOM AND LAUNDRY RENOVATIONS BY-LAW 26 - WINDOW COVERINGS A consolidated list of by-laws affecting the above mentioned strata scheme and incorporating the change referred to at Note (E) is annexed hereto and marked as Annexure F was affixed on <u>24/10/2018</u> The seal of The Owners-Strata Plan No. 58280 the following person(s) authorised by section 273 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 to attest the affixing of the seal: Signature: SAMUEL VIGOUROUX Name: Authority: STRATA MANAGER Commun

ALL HANDWRITING MUST BE IN BLOCK CAPITALS.

1705

Signature:
Name:
Authority:

Page 1 of 22

BYLAWS

SP58280

28-34 Leonay Street, Sutherland NSW 2232



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1. Noise

An owner or occupier of a lot must not create any noise on a lot or the common property likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or of any person lawfully using common property.

2. Vehicles

An owner or occupier of a lot must not park or stand any motor or other vehicle on common property except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.

3. Obstruction of common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not obstruct lawful use of common property by any person except on a temporary and non-recurring basis.

4. Damage to lawns and plants on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation:

- (a) damage any lawn, garden, tree, shrub, plant or flower being part of or situated on common property, or
- (b) use for his or her own purposes as a garden any portion of the common property.

5. Damage to common property

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not mark, paint, drive nails or screws or the like into, or otherwise damage or deface, any structure that forms part of the common property except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.
- (2) An approval given by the owners corporation under subclause (1) cannot authorise any additions to the common property.
- (3) This by-law does not prevent an owner or person authorised by an owner from installing:
- (a) any locking or other safety device for protection of the owner's lot against intruders or to improve safety within the owner's lot, or
- (b) any screen or other device to prevent entry of animals or insects on the lot, or
- (c) any structure or device to prevent harm to children, or
- (d) any device used to affix decorative items to the internal surfaces of walls in the owner's lot.
- (4) Any such locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure must be installed in a competent and proper manner and must have an appearance, after it has been installed, in keeping with the appearance of the rest of the building.
- (5) Despite section 62, the owner of a lot must:
- (a) maintain and keep in a state of good and serviceable repair any installation or structure referred to in subclause (3) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot, and

(b) repair any damage caused to any part of the common property by the installation or removal of any locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure referred to in subclause (3) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot.

6. Behaviour of owners and occupiers

An owner or occupier of a lot when on common property must be adequately clothed and must not use language or behave in a manner likely to cause offence or embarrassment to the owner or occupier of another lot or to any person lawfully using common property.

7. Children playing on common property in building

An owner or occupier of a lot must not permit any child of whom the owner or occupier has control to play on common property within the building or, unless accompanied by an adult exercising effective control, to be or to remain on common property comprising a laundry, car parking area or other area of possible danger or hazard to children.

8. Behaviour of invitees

An owner or occupier of a lot must take all reasonable steps to ensure that invitees of the owner or occupier do not behave in a manner likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using common property.

9. Depositing rubbish and other material on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit or throw on the common property any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material or discarded item except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.

10. Drying of laundry items

An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation, hang any washing, towel, bedding, clothing or other article on any part of the parcel in such a way as to be visible from outside the building other than on any lines provided by the owners corporation for the purpose and there only for a reasonable period.

11. Cleaning windows and doors

An owner or occupier of a lot must keep clean all exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors on the boundary of the lot, including so much as is common property, unless:

- (a) the owners corporation resolves that it will keep the glass or specified part of the glass clean, or
- (b) that glass or part of the glass cannot be accessed by the owner or occupier of the lot safely or at all.

12. Storage of inflammable liquids and other substances and materials

(1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation, use or store on the lot or on the common property any inflammable chemical, liquid or gas or other inflammable material.

(2) This by-law does not apply to chemicals, liquids, gases or other material used or intended to be used for domestic purposes, or any chemical, liquid, gas or other material in a fuel tank of a motor vehicle or internal combustion engine.

13. Moving furniture and other objects on or through common property

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not transport any furniture or large object through or on common property within the building unless sufficient notice has first been given to the executive committee so as to enable the executive committee to arrange for its nominee to be present at the time when the owner or occupier does so.
- (2) An owners corporation may resolve that furniture or large objects are to be transported through or on the common property (whether in the building or not) in a specified manner.
- (3) If the owners corporation has specified, by resolution, the manner in which furniture or large objects are to be transported, an owner or occupier of a lot must not transport any furniture or large object through or on common property except in accordance with that resolution.

14. Floor coverings

- (1) An owner of a lot must ensure that all floor space within the lot is covered or otherwise treated to an extent sufficient to prevent the transmission from the floor space of noise likely to disturb the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to floor space comprising a kitchen, laundry, lavatory or bathroom.

Garbage disposal

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot in a strata scheme that does not have shared receptacles for garbage, recyclable material or waste:
- (a) must maintain such receptacles within the lot, or on such part of the common property as may be authorised by the owners corporation, in clean and dry condition and (except in the case of receptacles for recyclable material) adequately covered, and
- (b) must ensure that before refuse, recyclable material or waste is placed in the receptacles it is, in the case of refuse, securely wrapped or, in the case of tins or other containers, completely drained, or, in the case of recyclable material or waste, separated and prepared in accordance with the applicable recycling guidelines, and
- (c) for the purpose of having the garbage, recyclable material or waste collected, must place the receptacles within an area designated for that purpose by the owners corporation and at a time not more than 12 hours before the time at which garbage, recyclable material or waste is normally collected, and
- (d) when the garbage, recyclable material or waste has been collected, must promptly return the receptacles to the lot or other area referred to in paragraph (a),
- (e) must not place any thing in the receptacles of the owner or occupier of any other lot except with the permission of that owner or occupier, and

- (f) must promptly remove any thing which the owner, occupier or garbage or recycling collector may have spilled from the receptacles and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled.
- (2) An owner or occupier of a lot in a strata scheme that has shared receptacles for garbage, recyclable material or waste:
- (a) must ensure that before refuse, recyclable material or waste is placed in the receptacles it is, in the case of refuse, securely wrapped or, in the case of tins or other containers, completely drained, or, in the case of recyclable material or waste, separated and prepared in accordance with the applicable recycling guidelines, and
- (b) must promptly remove any thing which the owner, occupier or garbage or recycling collector may have spilled in the area of the receptacles and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled.

16. Keeping of animals

Option C

Subject to section 49 (4), an owner or occupier of a residential lot must not keep any animal on the lot or the common property.

17. Appearance of lot

- (1) The owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the prior written approval of the owners corporation, maintain within the lot anything visible from outside the lot that, viewed from outside the lot, is not in keeping with the rest of the building.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to the hanging of any washing, towel, bedding, clothing or other article as referred to in by-law 10.

18. Change in use of lot to be notified

An occupier of a lot must notify the owners corporation if the occupier changes the existing use of the lot in a way that may affect the insurance premiums for the strata scheme (for example, if the change of use results in a hazardous activity being carried out on the lot, or results in the lot being used for commercial or industrial purposes rather than residential purposes).

19. Provision of amenities or services

- (1) The owners corporation may, by special resolution, determine to enter into arrangements for the provision of the following amenities or services to one or more of the lots, or to the owners or occupiers of one or more of the lots:
- (a) window cleaning,
- (b) garbage disposal and recycling services,
- (c) electricity, water or gas supply,
- (d) telecommunication services (for example, cable television).

(2) If the owners corporation makes a resolution referred to in subclause (1) to provide an amenity or service to a lot or to the owner or occupier of a lot, it must indicate in the resolution the amount for which, or the conditions on which, it will provide the amenity or service.

20. Installation of Drop Arm Shade/Awning.

Resolved that in accordance with section 51 and 52 of the Strata Schemes Act 1996, the Owners Corporation of SP58280 resolve that lot owners for the time being in the strata scheme are conferred with the right to install a Drop Arm Awning, on their balcony at their own expense, subject to the following conditions as set in Annexure A.

21. Installation of Air-conditioning units

That any owners wishing to install an Air-Conditioning Unit in their lot are able to do so under the following conditions as outlined in Annexure B.

22. Child Safety Locks

Resolved that the Owners Corporation specially resolves pursuant to section 141 of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 to create an additional By-Law Child Safety Locks the said directions, orders and requirements. Found in Annexure C

23. Minor Renovations

Resolved that in accordance with section 110 (6b) of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015, the Owners Corporation specially resolves to delegate the functions for the decision making in relation to minor renovations as listed in accordance with Section 110 (3 a-f) of the Strata Schemes Management Act (2015) to the strata committee. Found in Annexure D.

24. Reimbursement of costs, charges and expense

That the Owners Corporation specially resolves pursuant to section 141 of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 to create an additional By-Law for the reimbursement of costs, charges and expenses as **outlined in Annexure E.**

25. Bathroom and Laundry Renovations

The Owners Corporation specially resolves to granting special privilege rights to lot owners in accordance with Section 108 and Section 142 of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 by passing this By-Law as **outlined in Annexure F**

26. Window Coverings

The Owners Corporation resolves to granting special privilege rights to lot owners in accordance with Section 108 and Section 142 of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 by passing Special By-Law 7.

This by-law allows owners of the lot to replace their window coverings with their choice of style. But the outside colour shall only be white in colour, to keep the external appearance of the complex uniform throughout.

Annexure A Installation of Drop Arm Shade/Awning.

- A. The owners of any lot undertaking the installation of the awning must obtain all necessary permits, licenses or consents required by local authority or other statutory or lawful authority for such installation; and submit plans to the Owners Corporation 14 days prior to commencement.
- B. The awning must comply with the Building Code of Australia, the installation must be performed in such a way as to meet all current Work Health and Safety requirement.
- C. The plans are to provide the dimensions and specifications of the works involved.
- D. The color will be Celadon by 582
- E. The installation of the awning must be effected in a workman like manner by licensed and insured tradespersons;
- F. Any damage to common property or another lot that occurs during, or results from, the installation or subsequent removal or use of, the awning must be forthwith made good by the owners of the lot from which the damage results at no cost to the Owners Corporation or lot owner of the lot whose property has been damaged;
- G. The awning is to be maintained in a state of good repairs and must be in keeping with the appearance of the strata scheme.
- H. The awning is to be maintained at the lot owners expense, does not form part of common property, and is to be insured by the lot owner.
- Where necessary replace or renew the awning when in need of replacement or renewal provided that such replacement or renewal is with an item of the same or similar quality, design and specifications. If the replacement or renewal involves an item which in the Owners Corporation in its reasonable opinion deems to be a modification, then such replacement or renewal will be subject to the consent of the Owners Corporation.
- J. The Owners Corporation may enforce the By Law by legal means.
- K. The Owners Corporation may do any work which should have been done by an Owner or Occupier.
- L. If the Owners Corporation must do work under clause (I), an owner or occupier must:
 - a. Give The Owners Corporation or persons authorized by it access (if required).
 - b. Pay The Owners Corporation for its costs of doing the work.
 - c. The Owners Corporation may recover any money owed to it by the owner under this By-Law, the By-Laws or the SSMA as a debt.
- M. The lot owner indemnifies and keep indemnifying the Owners Corporation against any liability or expenses incurred which may be caused by the installation, use, maintenance or removal of the awning.

Annexure B Installation of air conditioning units

1. Installation of an Air-Conditioning Unit

- 1.1 That any owners wishing to install an Air-Conditioning Unit in their lot are able to do so under the following conditions:
- 1.2 The air conditioner is to be of a split system design.
- 1.3 The outdoor unit, if mounted on anything other than grass, must be mounted on rubber anti-vibration pads.
- 1.4 The external unit must be situated so as to not interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of neighbouring lots with regard to noise, exhaust air direction & aesthetics.
- 1.5 The external unit must be situated so as to not be visible from the common property or outside the scheme land.
- 1.6 That the power point is to be installed below the height of the balcony railing and be visually unobtrusive.
- 1.7 All condensate lines must be connected directly to the building plumbing and no water is to run freely onto the building.
- 1.8 All electrical, refrigerant & condensate lines are to be screened by conduit.
- 1.9 Adequate electrical circuits must be allowed for safe operation of Air-Conditioning Unit systems.
- 1.10 The air conditioner must be installed in accordance with Workplace Health & Safety Regulations relating to "falls from helghts" specifications.
- 1.11 The air conditioner must not exceed local government guidelines relating to noise output for air-conditioners

2. Maintenance

- 2.1 The owner must at the owners expense at all times and from time to time properly maintain and keep the Air-Conditioning Unit to which the works have been effected, created or attached in a state of good and serviceable repair.
- 2.2 The owner must, at the owner's expense, properly maintain and keep the Air-Conditioning Unit in a state of good and serviceable repair and as reasonably required must replace the works from time to time to preserve the integrity of the building.

3. Documentation

- 3.1 Before commencing the installation of the Air-Conditioning Unit the owner must submit to the Owners Corporation the following documents relating to the works:
 - 3.1.1. plans and drawings, location of the dish or Air- Conditioning Unit;
 - 3.1.2. specifications;
 - 3.1.3. structural diagrams;
 - 3.1.4. a document in writing which is required by the Owners Corporation accepting the terms and conditions of this special resolution.

4. Approvals

- 4.1 Before commencing the works the owner must obtain approval for the performance of the works from The Owners Corporation :
 - 4.1.1. Where required a structural engineer will be engaged at the Owners cost
 - 4.1.2. If any required the relevant consent will be obtained by the authority under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act;
 - 4.1.3. If any other relevant statutory authority whose requirements apply to the works;
 - 4.1.4. the Owners Corporation at general meeting.

5. Insurance

- 5.1 Before commencing the works the owner must ensure the contractor has effected the following insurances in the joint names of the Owner and the Owners Corporation:
 - 5.1.1. contractors all works insurance;
 - 5.1.2. if applicable insurance required under the Home Building Act (1989);
 - 5.1.3. workers compensation insurance; and
 - 5.1.4. public liability insurance in the amount of at least \$1,000,000.

6. Licensed Contractor

- 6.1 The works shall be done:
 - 6.1.1. by duly licensed contractors; and
 - 6.1.2. in accordance with the drawings and specifications (if any) approved by the local council such drawings and plans and specifications being identical with the drawings, plans and specifications as served on the Owners Corporation pursuant to Section 2 Documentation above.

7. Statutory Directions

7.1 In performing the works the owner must comply with all directions, orders and requirements of all relevant statutory authorities and shall ensure and be responsible for compliance with such directions, orders and requirements by the owner's servants, agents and contractors.

8. Owners Fixtures

8.1 The works shall remain the owner's fixtures.

9. Right to Remedy Default

- 9.1 If the owner falls to comply with any obligation under this by-law, THEN the Owners Corporation must advise the owner of that failure and, if such failure is not remedied by the Owner with 28 days, may:
 - 9.1.1. carry out all work necessary to remedy that failure;
 - 9.1.2. enter upon any part of the lot to carry out that work; and
 - 9.1.3, recover the costs of carrying out that work from the owner.

10. Performance of works

10.1 In performing the works the owner must:

- 10.1.1. transport all construction materials, equipment, debris and other material in the manner reasonably directed by the Owners Corporation;
- 10.1.2. protect the building and all areas of the common property from damage by the works or by the transportation of construction materials, equipment and debris in a manner reasonably acceptable to the Owners Corporation;
- 10.1.3. keep all areas of the building and common property clean and tidy throughout the performance of the works;
- 10.1.4. only perform the works at the time approved by the Owners Corporation;
- 10.1.5. not create noise that causes discomfort, disturbance or interference with activities of the occupiers of all the other lots in the strata scheme;
- 10.1.6. remove all debris resulting from the works from the building within a reasonable time; and
- 10.1.7. observe the requirements of the Owners Corporation arising under any bylaws and any relevant statutory authority concerning the performance of the works.

11. Liability

11.1 The owner will be liable for any damage caused to any part of the building or common property as a result of the works to the common property and will make good that damage at the owner's expense within a reasonable period after the owner is advised that the damage has occurred.

12. Cost of works

12.1 The works must be undertaken at the cost of the owner and the Owners Corporation's cost and fees (including legal fees, engineer's costs, government stamp duty and GST) associated with the preparation and registration of this by-law must also be met by the Owner being granted exclusive use rights.

13. Upon Completion

- 13.1 After completing the works the owner must deliver to the Owners Corporation the following documents relating to the works:
 - 13.1.1. Certification by an engineer as to the structural integrity of the works; and/or
 - 13.1.2. Any other document reasonably required by the Owners Corporation.

Annexure C Child Safety Locks

That the Owners Corporation specially resolves pursuant to section 141 of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 to create an additional By-Law with the following terms:

- 1.1 This by-law is made pursuant to Division 2 of Part 7 of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015.
- 1.2 It is made for the purpose of the control, management, administration and use of the common property for the strata scheme.
- 1.3 Its principal purpose is to provide additional security and safety for the residents of the strata scheme by providing the owners corporation with the power to:
 - (a) install Child Window Safety Devices; and
 - (b) to impose conditions on the operation, use, repair, maintenance and replacement of the Child Window Safety Devices.
- 1.4 The Child Window Safety Devices will be installed on any openable window where:
 - (a) the lowest window edge is less than 1.7 metres above the inside floor surface of the Lot; and
 - (b) when the drop from the internal floor surface level to the external surface beneath the window is two metres or more; or
 - (c) any legislative requirement that amends or replaces sub-clauses 1.4(a) and/or (b).

PART 2 "GRANT OF POWER

2.1 Notwithstanding anything contained in any by-law applicable to the strata scheme, the Owners Corporation shall have the following additional powers, authorities, duties and functions to install a Child Window Safety Device on Non-compliant Windows and to impose conditions in relation to its operation and use.

PART 3 - DEFINITIONS & INTERPRETATION

3.1 Definitions

In this by-law, unless the context otherwise requires:

- (a) Act means the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015.
- (b) Authority means any government, semi-government, statutory, public or other authority having any jurisdiction over the Lot or the Building including the local council.
- (c) Building means the building situated at 28-34 Leonay St, Sutherland 2232

- (d) Child Window Safety Device means the installation of:
 - a device which allows a window to be locked with a maximum opening of 125mm;
 - (ii) the installation of a security screen that is capable of resisting a lateral load of 250 newtons or more; or
 - (iii) any legislative requirement that amends or replaces sub clauses 3.1(d)(i) and/or (ii), to Non-compliant Windows.
- (e) Non-compliant Window means any openable window in the building where:
 - (i) the lowest window edge is less than 1.7 metres above the inside floor surface of the Lot; and
 - (ii) the drop from the internal floor surface level to the external surface beneath the window is two metres or more; or
 - (iii) any legislative requirement that amends or replaces sub clauses 3.1(e)(i) and/or (ii).
- (f) Lot means any individual lot in strata plan 58280
- (g) Owner means owner of a Lot.
- 3.2 Interpretation
- 3.2.1 In this by-law, unless the context otherwise requires:
 - (a) the singular includes the plural and vice versa;
 - (b) any gender includes the other genders;
- (c) any terms in the by-law will have the same meaning as those defined in the Act;
 - references to legislation include references to amending and replacing legislation; and
 - (e) where a term of the by-law is inconsistent with any by-law applicable to the strata scheme, then the provisions of the by-law shall prevail to the extent of the inconsistency.

PART 4 - INSTALLATION OF CHILD WINDOW SAFETY DEVICE

- 4.1 The Owners Corporation shall install a Child Window Safety Device to every Non-compliant Window.
- 4.2 The owners corporation must abide by the by-laws applicable to the strata scheme and all directions, orders and requirements of any Authority relating to the erection of the installation of the Child Window Safety Devices and must be responsible to ensure that the respective servants, agents and contractors of the owners corporation comply with the said directions, orders and requirements.

- 4.3 The owners corporation must ensure that the provisions of the Building Code of Australia and Australian Standards are, so far as relevant, complied with.
- 4.4 The Owners Corporation must comply with the Home Building Act 1989 where relevant.
- 4.5 The installation of the Child Window Safety Device must be carried out in a proper and workmanlike manner.
- 4.6 The Child Window Safety Device must comprise materials that are good and suitable for the purpose for which they are used and must be new.
- 4.7 The Owners Corporation may, if it chooses to do so engage a third party contractor to perform the duties and functions of carrying out inspections, advising on work required and undertaking the installation of the Child Window Safety Device.

PART 5 • ACCESS

- 5.1 The Owners shall, from time to time, upon reasonable notice being provided to an Owner or occupier, permit the owners corporation in accordance with its power under section 122 (1) (a) of the Act, to access the Lot for the purpose of:
 - (a) installing the Child Window Safety Devices; and
 - (b) determining whether the Child Window Safety Devices require any maintenance, repair or replacement.
- 5.2 The owners corporation acknowledges and agrees that it will be liable for any damage to the contents of the Lot arising out of the access to it, in accordance with clause 5.1.

PART 6 - MAINTENANCE, REPAIR AND REPLACEMENT

- 6.1.1 The Owners acknowledge and agree that:
 - (a) they will reimburse the owners corporation for all costs of any repair or replacement of the Child Window Safety Device if it is removed, replaced, or in any way damaged, defaced or no longer compliant safety window devices; and
 - (b) the cost of repair and replacement, if not paid in accordance with clause 6.1.2(c) of this by-law, will bear until paid, simple interest at an annual rate of 10 per cent or, if the regulations provide under the Act for interest on overdue levy contributions for another rate, that other rate, and the interest will form part of that debt.
- 6.1.2 The procedure by which maintenance and repair is to be carried out, is as follows:
 - the Owners Corporation (or its duly authorised contractor), in accordance with its inspection under clause 5.1, will inspect the Child Window Safety Device that requires repair or replacement;
 - (b) Upon determining that the Child Window Safety Device requires repair or

:

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- replacement, the owners corporation (or its duly authorised contractor) will arrange for the it to be repaired or replaced, as required;
- (c) If the owner or any occupant of the lot has damaged the Child Window Safety Device, upon completion of the repair or replacement, the owners corporation will provide a copy of the tax invoice for such repair or replacement to the owner; and the owner must reimburse the owners corporation within seven (7) days of the receipt of the tax invoice, for the sum of that invoice.

Annexure D Minor Renovations

"Minor renovations" include but are not limited to work for the purposes of the following:

- (a) renovating a kitchen,
- (b) changing recessed light fittings,
- (c) installing or replacing wood or other hard floors,
- (d) installing or replacing wiring or cabling or power or access points,
- (e) work involving reconfiguring walls,
- (f) installing a false or suspended ceiling,
- (g) installing ceiling insulation, ceiling downlights
- (h) installing a split system air conditioner,
- (i) installing a clothesline or similar laundry drying device,
- (j) Installing a pergola or awning,
- (k) installing double or triple glazed windows,
- (I) installing a satellite dish or television antenna,
- (m) installing a whirly bird, extraction fan or similar device,
- (n) any other work prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this subsection

Before obtaining the approval of the strata committee, an owner of a lot must give written notice of proposed minor renovations to the strata committee, including the following:

- (a) details of the work, including copies of any plans,
- (b) duration and times of the work,
- (c) details of the persons carrying out the work, including qualifications to carry out the work,
- (d) arrangements to manage any resulting rubbish or debris.
- (e) An owner of a lot must ensure that any damage caused to any part of the common property or to another lot by the carrying out of minor renovations by or on behalf of the owner is repaired, and the minor renovations and any repairs are carried out in a competent and proper manner.

Annexure E Reimbursement of costs

That the Owners Corporation specially resolves pursuant to section 141 of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 to create an additional By-Law with the following terms:

A. In the event that an owner or occupier of a lot breaches a registered by-law in the strata plan, the Owners Corporation may: to the extent permitted by law, recover from the owner or occupier as a debt:

- (a). The expenses incurred by the Owners Corporation arising out of or caused by a breach of by-laws, including expenses incurred rectifying, preventing, or attempting to rectify, restrain or prevent a breach, such as strata managing agent's and legal or administrative costs to:
- (1) issue a notice to comply with a by-law,
- (2) prepare an application for and attend mediation,
- (3) prepare an application for an order by a tribunal,
- (4) prepare an application for a penalty to be imposed,
- (5) Appear at the tribunal on behalf of the Owners Corporation.
- (6) Any costs incurred relating to action taken to remedy a breach of by-law.
- (b). the expenses incurred by the Owners Corporation recovering any or all of the expenses and the costs of and related to the breach of by-laws, including legal costs and disbursements on an indemnity basis.
- B. Nothing in this clause limits the rights of or the remedies available to the owners corporation on a breach of any by-law.
- C. In addition to any other rights of the owners corporation under this by-law, the owners corporation may charge interest (in accordance with section 85 of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015) on any amounts if not paid at the end of one month after they become due and payable by the owner under this by-law.

Annexure F Bathroom and Laundry Renovations

1. Introduction

1.1 This by-law authorises Works to be conducted on the common property bathroom(s) and laundry

floors and walls by lot owners in their respective lots.

1.2 This by-law further grants to the lot owner exclusive use of so much of the Works as comprise part of the Common Property so that the Owner may use and enjoy the benefit of the Works on certain terms and conditions.

2. Definitions & Interpretations

2.1 In this by-law:

"Building" means the building to which the Works are attached.

"Common Property" means the common property for the Strata Scheme.

"Strata Committee" means the strata committee of the Owners Corporation or the strata manager with the delegated authority of the strata committee.

"Lot" means lot within the Strata Scheme.

"Occupier" means an Occupier of a lot within the Strata Scheme and includes, without limiting the generality of the foregoing, lessees and licensees.

"Owner" means the owner of the Lot and that owner's successors in title.

"Owners Corporation" means the owners corporation for the Strata Scheme.

"Strata Managing Agent" means a strata managing agent appointed to the Strata Scheme pursuant to the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015.

"Strata Plan" means the strata plan for the Strata Scheme.

"Strata Scheme" means the Strata Scheme In respect of which this by-law applies.

"Strata Legislation" means the Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015.

"Works" means the renovation / renewal of the bathroom(s) and laundry fixtures and fittings, including but not limited to :

- Wall and floor tiles and associated grout wherever located in the lot bathroom(s) and laundry.
- The waterproofing membrane in the bathroom(s) and laundry.
- Floor drain pipes, toilet waste pipes and associated water pipes and electrical wiring in the bathroom(s) and laundry.
- Shower screens, shower bases, bath tubs, spas, toilets and hand basins.
- Any and all other bathroom(s) and laundry fixtures and fittings.

2.2 In this by-law:

- 2.2.1 headings have been inserted for guidance only and do not affect the interpretation of this by-law,
- 2.2.2 references to any statutory or like provisions include any statutory or like provisions amending,

consolidating or replacing the same, and all by-laws, ordinances, proclamations, regulations, rules and other authorities made under them,

2.2.3 words importing the singular number include the plural and vice versa,

- 2.2.4 words importing the masculine, feminine or neuter gender include both of the other two genders.
- 2.2.5 where any word or phrase is given a definite meaning any part of speech or other grammatical form in respect of that word or phrase has a corresponding meaning,
- 2.2.6 where any decision needs to be made by the Owners Corporation that decision may be made by the Strata Committee unless the decision would constitute a decision on any matter or type of matter that the Owners Corporation has determined in general meeting is to be decided only by the Owners Corporation in general meeting or is a decision which can only be made by the Owners Corporation in general meeting pursuant to the Strata Legislation,
- 2.2.7 any expression used in this by-law and which is defined in the Strata Legislation will have the same meaning as that expression has in that legislation unless a contrary intention is expressed in this by-law, and
- 2.2.8 if there is any inconsistency between this by-law and any other by-law applicable to the Strata Scheme, then the provisions of this by-law will prevail to the extent of that inconsistency.

3. Authorisation and Right of Exclusive Use

- 3.1 Authorisation
- 3.1.1 For the purpose of improving or enhancing the Common Property the Owner may conduct the Works on the Common Property area situated within their respective lot(s) bathroom(s) and laundry.
- 3.2 The Grant of Exclusive Use
- 3.2.1 The Owner will have a right of exclusive use and enjoyment of so much of the Works as comprise part of the Common Property on the terms and conditions set out in this by-law.
- 3.3 Rights of the Owners Corporation
- 3.3.1 The right of exclusive use and enjoyment granted to the Owner is subject to the Owners Corporation being able to obtain access to and the use of any part of that Common Property required for the purposes of fulfilling any obligation which the Owners Corporation may have under the Strata Legislation or any other law.
- 3.4 Responsibility for Maintenance and Upkeep
- 3.4.1 The Owner is responsible at all times for the proper maintenance of, and keeping in a state of good and serviceable repair, the Works and that part of the Common Property on which the Works have been installed and, when necessary, renewing or replacing any part of the Works and the Common Property on which the Works have been installed.

4.0 Terms & Conditions

- 4.1 Before Commencement of the Works
- 4.1.1 Before commencing the Works the Owner must:
- 4.1.1.1 request in writing the approval form from the Owners Corporation to carry out the Works and provide with the request, details and specifications of the renovations to be undertaken and location drawings, along with a signed statement that the Owner will comply with Special By-Law;
- 4.1.1.2 give the Owners Corporation at least 7 days' notice of the commencement of the Works once the approval has been given by the Owners Corporation to proceed with Works;
- 4.1.1.3 obtain and provide to the Owners Corporation a copy of a certificate of insurance evidencing a contractor's all risk Insurance policy which is current and which includes public liability cover of not less than \$10 million in respect of any claim noting the interests of the Owners Corporation on the policy, and

- 4.1.1.4 pay for all costs associated with this by-law including, but without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the costs of the drafting, passing and registration of this by-law.
- 4.1.2 If the Owner does not comply with the conditions set out in clause 4.1.1 the Owner must not carry out the Works and, if already commenced, the Works must be stopped immediately.
- 4.1.3 The Works must not be conducted until this by-law is registered.
- 4.2 During the Conduct of the Works
- 4.2.1 During the Works the Owner must:
- 4.2.1.1 Standard of Workmanship

ensure the Works are carried out in a proper and workmanlike manner by appropriately qualified and licensed tradespersons utilising only first quality materials which are good and suitable for the purpose for which they are used

4.2.1.2 Quality of the Works

make certain the Works are in accordance with any specification,

4.2.1.3 Variation to Works

not vary the Works without obtaining the prior written approval of the Owners Corporation,

4.2.1.4 Debris

ensure that any debris is removed from the Common Property daily and strictly in accordance with the reasonable directions of the Owners Corporation,

4.2.1.5 Times for Renovations

ensure that the Works are only carried out between the hours of 8.00am -5.00pm on Monday - Friday and are not performed on weekends or public holidays,

4.2.1.6 Interruption to Services

give the occupiers of other lots at least 48 hours prior notice of any planned interruption to the services in the Strata Scheme such as water, electricity, television, cable television,

4.2.1.7 Costs of Works

pay all costs associated with the Works,

4,2,1,8 Comply with All Laws

comply with all statutes, by-laws, regulations, rules and other laws for the time being in force and which are applicable to the Works, and

4.2.1.9 Right of Access

give the Owners Corporation's nominated representative(s) access to inspect the Works within 48 hours of any requests from the Owners Corporation.

4.3 Enduring Obligations

The Owner must:

- 4.3.1 make good any damage to another lot or the Common Property caused by the Works, and when necessary, renewing or replacing any part of the Works and the Common Property on which the Works have been installed no matter when such damage, renewing or replacement may become evident or necessary,
- 4.3.2 notify the Owners Corporation that any damage to another lot or the Common Property caused by the Works has been repaired, and
- 4.3.3 comply with all statutes, by-laws, regulations, rules and other laws for the time being in force and which are applicable to the Works (for example, the conditions of the Local Council's approval for the Works).

4.4 Indemnity

The Owner indemnities and keeps indemnified the Owners Corporation against all actions, proceedings, claims, demands, costs, damages and expenses which may be incurred by or brought or made against the Owners Corporation arising out of the Works or the altered state or use of the Common Property arising therefrom.

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- 4.5 Breach of this By-Law
- 4.5 If the Owner breaches any condition of this by-law and fails to rectify that breach within 14 days of service of a written notice from the Owners Corporation require rectification of that breach, then the Owners Corporation may: -
- 4.5.1 rectify any such breach,
- 4.5.2 enter on any part of the Common Property or the Lot, by its agents, employees or contractors for the purpose of rectifying any such breach, and
- 4.5.3 recover as a debt due from the Owner the costs of the rectification together with the expenses of the Owners Corporation incurred in recovering those costs including legal costs on an indemnity basis.
- 4.6 Nothing in this clause restricts the rights of or the remedies available to the Owners Corporation as a consequence of a breach of this bylaw.





Applicant:

Frank Nolan & Associates 617 Princes Highway BLAKEHURST NSW 2221

Planning Certificate – Section 10.7 (2) Certificate Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979

Certificate no:

ePC:23/7674

Delivery option:

Certificate date:

07/11/2023

Your reference:

2300118

Property:

Lot 32 S/P 58280 32/28-34 Leonay Street SUTHERLAND NSW 2232

Zone:

* Sutherland Shire Local Environmental Plan 2015 Zone R4 High Density Residential

Notes:

- (a) The information in this certificate only relates to the real property Identifier associated with the property and not to any licence or permissive occupancy that may be attached to and included in the property details contained in the description of the land.
- (b) The Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 will be referred to in this Certificate as 'the Act'.

Disclaimer:

(a) This certificate contains information provided to Council by third parties and is as current as the latest information available to Council at the time of production of this document. Council does not warrant the accuracy of the information contained within the information provided by third parties and has not independently verified the information. It is strongly recommended that you contact the relevant third parties to confirm the accuracy of the information.

INFORMATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 10.7(2), ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING & ASSESSMENTACT, 1979

1. Names of relevant instruments and DCPs

1. The name of each environmental planning instrument and development control plan that applies to the carrying out of development on the land:

Environmental Planning Instruments

- * Sutherland Shire Local Environmental Plan 2015
- * SEPP (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008
- * SEPP (Housing) 2021
- * SEPP No.65 Design Quality of Residential Apartment Development
- * SEPP (Biodiversity and Conservation) 2021
- * SEPP (Industry and Employment) 2021
- * SEPP (Planning Systems) 2021
- * SEPP (Primary Production) 2021
- * SEPP (Resources and Energy) 2021
- * SEPP (Resilience and Hazards) 2021
- * SEPP (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021
- * SEPP (Sustainable Buildings) 2022

Development Control Plans

Sutherland Shire Development Control Plan 2015

2. The name of each proposed environmental planning instrument and draft development control plan, which is or has been subject to community consultation or public exhibition under the Act, that will apply to the carrying out of development on the land:

Draft Environmental Planning Instruments

The following Draft State Environmental Planning Policies (SEPP) apply: Amendments to SEPP (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021 (formerly SEPP (Infrastructure) 2007), SEPP (Housing) 2021, SEPP (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008, and SEPP (Planning Systems) 2021.

Draft Development Control Plans

No draft Development Control Plans apply.

- 3. Subsection (2.) does not apply in relation to a proposed environmental planning instrument or draft development control plan if—:
 - a. it has been more than 3 years since the end of the public exhibition period for the proposed instrument or draft plan, or
 - for a proposed environmental planning instrument—the Planning Secretary has notified the council that the making of the proposed instrument has been deferred indefinitely or has not been approved.
- 4. In this section—

 proposed environmental planning instrument means a draft environmental planning instrument and includes a planning proposal for a local environmental plan.

2. Zoning and land use under relevant LEPs

The following matters for each environmental planning instrument or draft environmental planning instrument that includes the land in a zone, however described—

(a) The identity of the zone, whether by reference to-(i) a name, such as "Residential Zone" or "Heritage Area" or

- (ii) a number, such as "Zone No 2 (a)",
- (b) the purposes for which development in the zone—
 - (i) may be carried out without development consent, and
 - (ii) may not be carried out except with development consent, and
 - (iii) is prohibited,

Sutherland Shire Local Environmental Plan 2015 Zone R4 High Density Residential

(i) Permitted without consent:

Home occupations

(ii) Permitted with consent:

Attached dwellings; Backpackers' accommodation; Bed and breakfast accommodation; Boarding houses; Centre-based child care facilities; Community facilities; Dual occupancies; Dwelling houses; Environmental protection works, Flood mitigation works; Home businesses; Home industries; Hostels; Multi dwelling housing; Neighbourhood shops; Oyster aquaculture; Places of public worship; Recreation areas; Residential flat buildings; Respite day care centres; Roads; Semi-detached dwellings; Seniors housing; Shop top housing;

(iii) Prohibited:

Pond-based aquaculture; Tank-based aquaculture; Any development not specified in item (i) or (ii)

(c) whether additional permitted uses apply to the land,

No Additional Permitted Uses apply to this land.

(d) Do development standards apply to the land fix minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling house on the land and, if so, the fixed minimum land dimensions?

Under Sutherland Shire Local Environmental Plan 2015 there are no relevant development standards for the erection of a dwelling house due to site dimensions.

(e) Is the land in an area of outstanding biodiversity value under the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016?*

No

(f) Is the land in a conservation area, however described?

No

(g) Is an item of environmental heritage situated on the land, however described?

There is no item of environmental heritage situated on the property.

3. Contribution Plans

- (1) The name of each contributions plan under the Act, Division 7.1 applying to the land, including draft contributions plans.
- The 2016 Section 7.12 Development Contributions Plan applies to this property (Effective 01/01/17).
- The 2016 Section 7.11 Development Contributions Plan applies to this property (Effective 01/01/17).
- (2) If the land is in a special contributions area under the Act, Division 7.1, the name of the area.

No areas within Sutherland Shire are currently part of a special contributions area.

4. Complying Development

(1) The extent to which the land is land on which complying development may be carried out under each of the complying development codes under State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008, because of that Policy, clause 1.17A(1)(c)—(e), (2), (3) or (4), 1.18(1)(c3) or 1.19.

(2) If complying development may not be carried out on the land because of 1 of those clauses, the reasons why it may not be carried out under the

clause.

(3) If the council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which complying development may or may not be carried out on the land, a statement that—

a. a restriction applies to the land, but it may not apply to all of the

land, and

 the council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which complying development may or may not be carried out on the land.

(4) If the complying development codes are varied, under that Policy, clause

1.12, in relation to the land.

Housing Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Housing Code.

The code is not varied under Clause 1.12 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.

(Note: this code applies only to land within, or proposed to be within, the following zones R1, R2, R3, R4 or RU5. Check the zoning on the front of this certificate.)

Housing Alterations Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Housing Alterations Code.

The code is not varied under Clause 1.12 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.

Industrial and Business Alterations Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Industrial and Business Alterations Code.

The code is not varied under Clause 1.12 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.

Industrial and Business Buildings Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Industrial and Business Buildings Code.

The code is not varied under Clause 1.12 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.

(Note: this code applies only to land within, or proposed to be within, the following zones E1, E2, E3, MU1, E4, E5, W4, SP1, SP2, SP3 or SP5. Check the zoning on the front of this certificate.)

Container Recycling Facilities Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Container Recycling Facilities Code.

The code is not varied under Clause 1.12 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.

Subdivisions Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Subdivisions Code.

The code is not varied under Clause 1.12 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.

Rural Housing Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Rural Housing Code.

The code is not varied under Clause 1.12 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.

(Note: this code applies only to land within, or proposed to be within, the following zones RU1, RU2, RU3, RU4, RU6 or R5. Check the zoning on the front of this certificate.)

Low Rise Housing Diversity Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Low Rise Housing Diversity Code.

The code is not varied under Clause 1.12 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.

(Note: this code applies only to land within, or proposed to be within, the following zones RU5, R1, R2 or R3. Check the zoning on the front of this certificate.)

Green Field Housing Code

Complying development under the Greenfield Housing Code may be carried out on the land.

The code is not varied under Clause 1.12 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.

(Note: This code applies to land within the Greenfield Housing Code Area as mapped in State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.)

General Development Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the General Development Code.

The code is not varied under Clause 1.12 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.

Demolition Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Demolition Code.

The code is not varied under Clause 1.12 of State

Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.

Fire Safety Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Fire Safety Code.

The code is not varied under Clause 1.12 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.

Inland Code

Complying development may be carried out on the land under the Inland Code.

The code is not varied under Clause 1.12 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.

(Note: This code only applies to local government areas specified in State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008. At this time it does not apply to Sutherland Shire.)

Agritourism and Farm Stay Accommodation Code
Complying development under the Agritourism and Farm Stay
Accommodation Code may be carried out on the land.

The code is not varied under Clause 1.12 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.

(Note: this code applies only to land within the following zones RU1, RU2, or RU4. Check the zoning on the front of this certificate.)

5. Exempt Development

- (1) The extent to which the land is land on which exempt development may be carried out under each of the exempt development codes under State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008, because of that Policy, clause 1.16(1)(b1)–(d) or 1.16A.
- (2) If exempt development may not be carried out on the land because of 1 of those clauses, the reasons why it may not be carried out under the clause.
- (3) If the council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which exempt development may or may not be carried out on the land, a statement that
 - a. a restriction applies to the land, but it may not apply to all of the land, and
 - b. the council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which exempt development may or may not be carried out on the land.
- (4) If the exempt development codes are varied, under that Policy, clause 1.12, in relation to the land.

General Exempt Development Code

Exempt development may be carried out on the land under the General Exempt Development Code.

The code is not varied under Clause 1.12 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.

Advertising and Signage Exempt Development Code

Exempt development may be carried out on the land under the Advertising and Signage Exempt Development Code.

The code is not varied under Clause 1.12 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.

Temporary Uses and Structures Exempt Development Code
Exempt development may be carried out on the land under the
Temporary Uses and Structures Exempt Development Code.

The code is not varied under Clause 1.12 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.

6. Affected building notices and building product rectification orders

- (1) Is council is aware that-
 - (a) an affected building notice is in force in relation to the land, or No
 - (b) a building product rectification order is in force in relation to the land that has not been fully complied with, or

 No
 - (c) a notice of intention to make a building product rectification order given in relation to the land is outstanding.

 No
- (2) In this section—

affected building notice has the same meaning as in the Building Products (Safety) Act 2017, Part 4.

building product rectification order has the same meaning as in the Building Products (Safety) Act 2017.

7. Land Reserved for Acquisition

Does any environmental planning instrument or proposed environmental planning instrument referred to in clause 1 of this certificate make provision in relation to the acquisition of the land by an authority of the State, as referred to in section 3.15 of the Act?

No

8. Road Widening and Road Realignment

(a) Is the land affected by a road widening or road realignment under Division 2 of Part 3 of the Roads Act 1993?

No

(b)	Is the land affected by any road widening or road realignment under any
•	environmental planning instrument?

No

(c) Is the land affected by any road widening or road realignment under any resolution of the Council?

No

9. Flood related development controls information

(1) Is the land or part of the land within the flood planning area and subject to flood related development controls?

No

(2) Is the land or part of the land between the flood planning area and the probable maximum flood and subject to flood related development controls?

No

(3) In this clause—

flood planning area has the same meaning as in the Floodplain Development Manual.

Floodplain Development Manual means the Floodplain Development Manual (ISBN 0 7347 5476 0) published by the NSW Government in April 2005.

probable maximum flood has the same meaning as in the Floodplain Development Manual.

10. Council and other public authority policies on hazard risk restrictions

(1) Is any of the land is affected by an adopted policy that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of land slip, bush fire, tidal inundation, subsidence, acid sulfate soils, contamination, aircraft noise, salinity, coastal hazards, sea level rise or another risk, other than flooding.

No

- (2) In this section—

 adopted policy means a policy adopted—
 - (a) by the council, or
 - (b) by another public authority, if the public authority has notified the council that the policy will be included in a planning certificate issued by the council.

11. Bush fire prone land

- (1) If any of the land is bush fire prone land, designated by the Commissioner of the NSW Rural Fire Service under the Act, section 10.3, a statement that all or some of the land is bush fire prone land.
- (2) If none of the land is bush fire prone land, a statement to that effect.

Is the land bush fire prone?

None of the land is bush fire prone land as defined under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979.

12. Loose-fill asbestos insulation

Does the land includes residential premises, within the meaning of the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A, that are listed on the Register kept under that Division?

No

13. Mine Subsidence

Is the land declared to be a mine subsidence district within the meaning of the Coal Mine Subsidence Compensation Act 2017?

No

14. Paper subdivision information

- (1) Is the land subject to any development plan adopted by a relevant authority that—
 - (a) applies to the land?, or
 - (b) is proposed to be subject to a ballot?
- (2) Is the land subject to a subdivision order that applies to the land, and if so what is the date of the order?

No

(3) Words and expressions used in this section have the same meaning as in this Regulation, Part 10 and the Act, Schedule 7.

15. Property Vegetation Plans

Has Council been notified that the land is subject to a property vegetation plan which is approved and in force under the *Native Vegetation Act 2003*, Part 4?

No

16. Biodiversity stewardship sites

Has Council been notified by the Biodiversity Conservation Trust that the land is a biodiversity stewardship site under a biodiversity stewardship agreement under Part 5 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*?

No

Note. Biodiversity stewardship agreements include biobanking agreements under the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995*, Part 7A that are taken to be biodiversity stewardship agreements under the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*, Part 5.

17. Biodiversity Certified Land

Is the land biodiversity certified land under Part 8 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*?

No

Note. Biodiversity certified land includes land certified under Part 7AA of the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995* that is taken to be certified under Part 8 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*.

18. Orders Under Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006

Has Council been notified of an order made under the Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006 to carry out work in relation to a tree on the land?

No.

19. Annual charges under Local Government Act 1993 for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works

(1) If the Coastal Management Act 2016 applies to the council, has the owner, or a previous owner, of the land has given written consent to the land being subject to annual charges under the Local Government Act 1993, section 496B, for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works?

The Coastal Management Act 2016 does apply to Sutherland Shire. However, in the LGA there are no properties subject to annual charges under section 496B of the Local Government Act 1993 for coastal protection services.

(2) In this section—
existing coastal protection works has the same meaning as in the Local Government Act 1993, section 553B.

Note. Existing coastal protection works are works to reduce the impact of coastal hazards on land, such as seawalls, revetments, groynes and beach nourishment, that existed before 1 January 2011.

20. Western Sydney Aerotropolis

Under State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts—Western Parkland City) 2021, Chapter 4 is the land—

- (a) in an ANEF or ANEC contour of 20 or greater, as referred to in that Chapter, section 4.17?, or No
- (b) shown on the Lighting Intensity and Wind Shear Map?, or
- (c) shown on the Obstacle Limitation Surface Map?, or
- (d) in the "public safety area" on the Public Safety Area Map?, or No
- (e) in the "3 kilometre wildlife buffer zone" or the "13 kilometre wildlife buffer zone" on the Wildlife Buffer Zone Map?

 No

Note: State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts—Western Parkland City) 2021 does not apply to any land in Sutherland Shire.

21. Development Consent Conditions for Seniors Housing

If State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021, chapter 3, part 5 applies to the land, are there any conditions of a development consent granted after 11 October 2007 in relation to the land that are of a kind set out in clause 88 (2) of that Policy?

No

22. Site Compatibility Certificates and Development Consent Conditions for Affordable Rental Housing

- (1) Is there is a current site compatibility certificate under State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021, or a former site compatibility certificate, of which the council is aware, in relation to proposed development on the land and, if there is a certificate—
 - (a) the period for which the certificate is current, and
 - (b) that a copy may be obtained from the Department.

None found.

(2) If State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021, Chapter 2, Part 2, Division 1 or 5 applies to the land, any conditions of a development consent in relation to the land that are of a kind referred to in that Policy, section 21(1) or 40(1).

None found.

(3) Any conditions of a development consent in relation to land that are of a kind referred to in State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009, clause 17(1) or 38(1).

None found.

(4) In this section—former site compatibility certificate means a site compatibility certificate issued under State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009.

Any Other Prescribed Matter

Note: The following matters are prescribed by section 59 (2) of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997 as additional matters to be specified in a planning certificate:

- (a) Is the land significantly contaminated land within the meaning of that Act?
- (b) Is the land subject to a management order within the meaning of that Act?

No

- (c) Is the land the subject of an approved voluntary management proposal within the meaning of that Act?
- (d) Is the land subject to an ongoing maintenance order within the meaning of that Act?
- (e) Is the land subject of a site audit statement within the meaning of that Act?

No

Additional Information

Council's records indicate that there is no other relevant information in accordance with Section 10.7(5) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979 related to this property. Advice regarding demolition orders should be sought by application for a Division 6.7 Building information certificates.

For further information please telephone [02] 9710 0333.

Yours faithfully

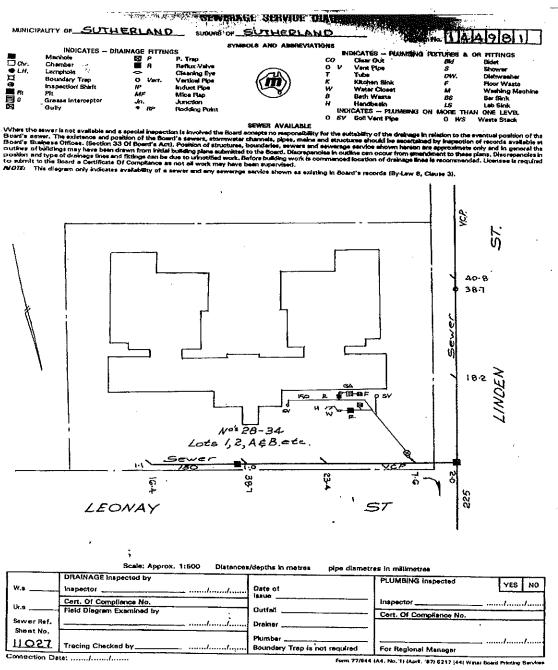
Mark Carlon

Manager Strategic Planning



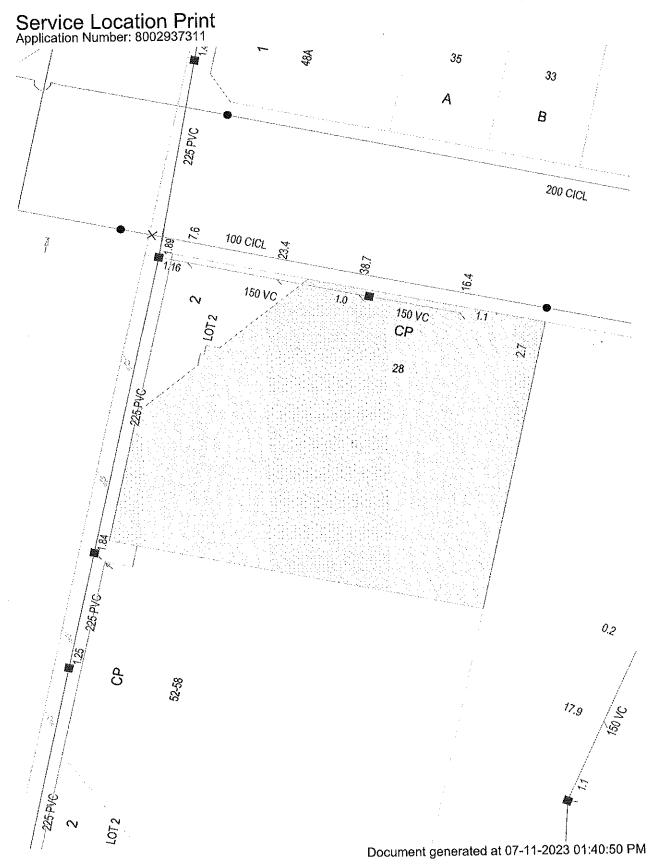
Sewer Service Diagram

Application Number: 8002937309



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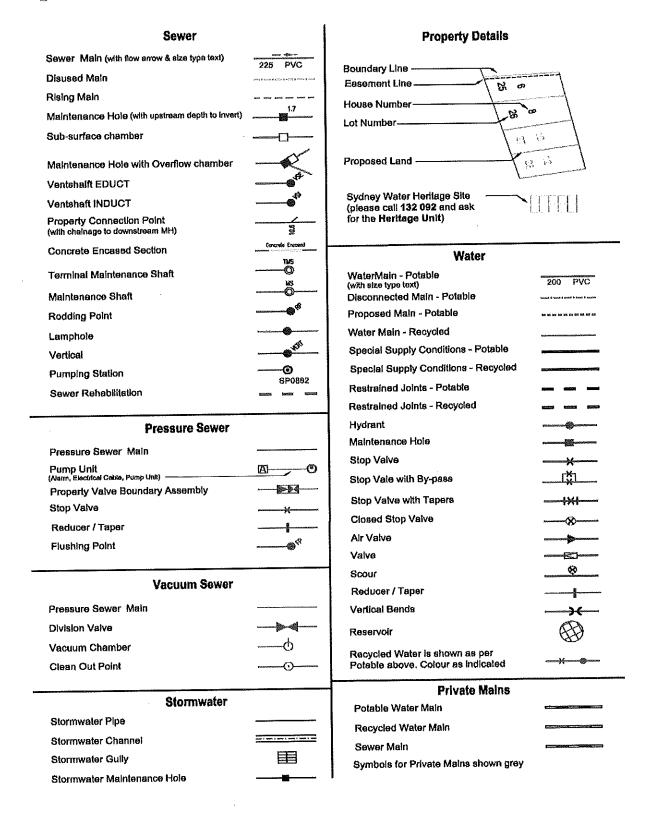






Asset Information

Legend





Pipe Types

ABS	Acrylonitrile Butadiene Styrene	AC	Asbestos Cement
BRICK	Brick	CI	Cast Iron
CICL	Cast Iron Cement Lined	CONC	Concrete
COPPER	Copper	DI	Ductile Iron
DICL	Ductile Iron Cement (mortar) Lined	DIPL	Ductile Iron Polymeric Lined
EW	Earthenware	FIBG	Fibreglass
FL BAR	Forged Locking Bar	GI	Galvanised Iron
GRP	Glass Reinforced Plastics	HDPE	High Density Polyethylene
MS	Mild Steel	MSCL	Mild Steel Cement Lined
PE	Polyethylene	PC	Polymer Concrete
PP	Polypropylene	PVC	Polyvinylchloride
PVC - M	Polyvinylchloride, Modified	PVC - O	Polyvinylchloride, Oriented
PVC - U	Polyvinylchloride, Unplasticised	RC	Reinforced Concrete
RC-PL	Reinforced Concrete Plastics Lined	S	Steel
SCL	Steel Cement (mortar) Lined	SCL IBL	Steel Cement Lined Internal Bitumen Lined
SGW	Salt Glazed Ware	SPL	Steel Polymeric Lined
SS	Stainless Steel	STONE	Stone
VC	Vitrified Clay	Wi	Wrought Iron
ws	Woodstave		

Further Information

Please consult the Dial Before You Dig enquiries page on the Sydney Water website.

For general enquiries please call the Customer Contact Centre on 132 092

In an emergency, or to notify Sydney Water of damage or threats to its structures, call 13 20 90 (24 hours, 7 days)

STRATA TITLE (RESIDENTIAL) PROPERTY REQUISITIONS ON TITLE

Vendor: Purchaser:

Property: Dated:

Unit

Possession and tenancies

Vacant possession of the property must be given on completion unless the Contract provides otherwise. 1.

Is anyone in adverse possession of the property or any part of it? 2.

- What are the nature and provisions of any tenancy or occupancy? 3.
 - If they are in writing, all relevant documentation should be produced, found in order and (b) handed over on completion with notices of attornment.

Please specify any existing breaches. (c)

All rent should be paid up to or beyond the date of completion. (d)

- Please provide details of any bond together with the Rental Bond Board's reference number. (e)
- if any bond money is held by the Rental Bond Board, the appropriate transfer documentation duly (f) signed should be handed over on completion.
- Is the property affected by a protected tenancy? (A tenancy affected by Parts 2, 3, 4 or 5 of the Landlord 4. and Tenant (Amendment) Act 1948.)

If the tenancy is subject to the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 (NSW): 5.

- has either the vendor or any predecessor or the tenant applied to the Consumer, Trader and Tenancy Tribunal for an order?
- have any orders been made by the Consumer, Trader and Tenancy Tribunal? If so, please (b) provide details.

- Subject to the Contract, on completion the vendor should be registered as proprietor in fee simple of the property and recorded as the owner of the property on the strata roll, free of all other interests. 6.
- On or before completion, any mortgage or caveat or writ must be discharged, withdrawn or cancelled (as the case may be) or, in the case of a mortgage or caveat, an executed discharge or withdrawal handed over on 7. completion together with a notice under Section 118 of the Strata Schemes Management Act 1996 (the Act).
- Are there any proceedings pending or concluded that could result in the recording of any writ on the title to the property or in the General Register of Deeds? If so, full details should be provided at least 8. 14 days prior to completion.

When and where may the title documents be inspected?

Are the inclusions or fixtures subject to any charge or hiring agreement? If so, details must be given and 9 any indebtedness discharged prior to completion or title transferred unencumbered to the vendor prior to 10. completion.

- All outgoings referred to in clause 14.1 of the Contract must be paid up to and including the date of 11. completion.
- Is the vendor liable to pay land tax or is the property otherwise charged or liable to be charged with land 12. tax? If so:

to what year has a return been made?

what is the taxable value of the property for land tax purposes for the current year? (b)

Survey and building

- Subject to the Contract, survey should be satisfactory and show that the whole of the property and the common property is available, that there are no encroachments by or upon the property or the common 13. property and that all improvements comply with local government/planning legislation.
- Is the vendor in possession of a survey report? If so, please produce a copy for inspection prior to 14. completion. The original should be handed over on completion.

In respect of the property and the common property: 15.

- Have the provisions of the Local Government Act, the Environmental Planning and (a) Assessment Act 1979 and their regulations been complied with?
- Is there any matter that could justify the making of an upgrading or demolition order in respect (b) of any building or structure?

Has the vendor a Building Certificate which relates to all current buildings or structures? If so, (c) it should be handed over on completion. Please provide a copy in advance.

Has the vendor a Final Occupation Certificate issued under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 for all current buildings or structures? If so, it should be handed over on (d) completion. Please provide a copy in advance.

In respect of any residential building work carried out in the last 7 years: (e)

- please identify the building work carried out; (i)
- when was the building work completed? (ii)
- please state the builder's name and licence number; (iii)

- please provide details of insurance under the Home Building Act 1989. (iv)
- Has the vendor (or any predecessor) or the Owners Corporation entered into any agreement with or granted 16. any indemnity to the Council or any other authority concerning any development on the property or the common property?
- If a swimming pool is on the common property: 17.
 - when did construction of the swimming pool commence? (a)
 - is the swimming pool surrounded by a barrier which complies with the requirements of the (b) Swimming Pools Act 1992?
 - if the swimming pool has been approved under the Local Government Act 1993, please provide (c) details.
 - are there any outstanding notices or orders? (d)
- If there are any party walls, please specify what rights exist in relation to each party wall and 18. (a) produce any agreement. The benefit of any such agreement should be assigned to the purchaser on completion.
 - Is the vendor aware of any dispute regarding boundary or dividing fences or party walls? (b)
 - Has the vendor received any notice, claim or proceedings under the Dividing Fences Act 1991 (c) or the Encroachment of Buildings Act 1922?

Affectations, notices and claims

- In respect of the property and the common property: 19.
 - Is the vendor aware of any rights, licences, easements, covenants or restrictions as to use of them other than those disclosed in the Contract?
 - Has any claim been made by any person to close, obstruct or limit access to or from them or to (b) prevent the enjoyment of any easement appurtenant to them?
 - is the vendor aware of: (c)
 - any road, drain, sewer or storm water channel which intersects or runs through them? (i)
 - any dedication to or use by the public of any right of way or other easement over any (ii)
 - any latent defects in them? (iii)
 - Has the vendor any notice or knowledge of them being affected by the following: (d)
 - any resumption or acquisition or proposed resumption or acquisition?
 - any notice requiring work to be done or money to be spent on them or any footpath or (ii) road adjoining? If so, such notice must be complied with prior to completion.
 - any work done or intended to be done on them or the adjacent street which may (iii) create a charge on them or the cost of which might be or become recoverable from the purchaser?
 - any sum due to any local or public authority recoverable from the purchaser? If so, it (iv) must be paid prior to completion.
 - any realignment or proposed realignment of any road adjoining them? (v)
 - any contamination of them? (vi)

Owners corporation management

- Has the initial period expired? 20.
- If the property includes a utility lot, please specify the restrictions.
- If there are any applications or orders under Chapter 5 of the Act, please provide details. 21. 22.
- Do any special expenses (as defined in clause 23.2 of the Contract) exceed 1% of the price? 23.

If the Contract discloses that the vendor is a trustee, evidence should be produced to establish the 24. trustee's power of sale.

Requisitions and transfer

- If the transfer or any other document to be handed over on completion is executed pursuant to a power of 25. attorney, then at least 7 days prior to completion a copy of the registered power of attorney should be produced and found in order.
- If the vendor has or is entitled to have possession of the title deeds the Certificate Authentication Code 26. must be provided 7 days prior to settlement.
- Searches, surveys, enquiries and inspection of title deeds must prove satisfactory. 27.
- The purchaser reserves the right to make further requisitions prior to completion. 28.
- Unless we are advised by you to the contrary prior to completion, it will be assumed that your replies to 29. these requisitions remain unchanged as at completion date.



RESIDENTIAL TENANCY AGREEMENT

RESIDENTIAL TENANCIES REGULATION 2019



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Please read this before completing the residential tenancy agreement (the Agreement).

- This form is your written record of your tenancy agreement. This is a binding contract under the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, so please read all terms and conditions carefully.
- If you need advice or information on your rights and responsibilities, please call NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20 or visit www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au before signing the Agreement.
- If you require extra space to list additional items and terms, attach a separate sheet. All attachments should be signed and dated by both the landlord or the landlord's agent and the tenant to show that both parties have read and agree to the attachments.
- The landlord or the landlord's agent must give the tenant a copy of the signed Agreement and any attachments, two copies or one electronic copy of the completed condition report and a copy of NSW Fair Trading's Tenant Information Statement publication.

hls agreem	ent is made on	28 /06	/2023	at	Shop 1, 7	52- 754 Kingsway	, Gymea		Between
andlord									
[Insert name Territory or,	and telephone ni if not in Australia,	ımber or other co country in which	ontact details the landlord	s of la	ndiord(s). If arily resides	the landlord does no]	ot ordinarily reside in N	lew South Wales, speci	fy the State,
Landlord 1	Name: Dennis	Whitfield					A.E	3.N. (if applicable):	
Landlord te	lephone number	or other contac	t details: 0	2 952	5 0377				- Libert
If not in NS	W, the State, Ter	ritory or country	y (if not Aus	tralia)	the landlo	d ordinarily reside:	s in:		
Note. Thes	e details must be	provided for la	ındlord(s), w	hethe	r or not the	re is a landlord's a	agent.		
[Insert name Territory or,	e and telephone n if not in Australia,	umber or other c country in which	ontact detail the landlord	s of la ordina	ndlord(s). If arily resides	the landlord does n	ot ordinarily reside in f	New South Wales, spec	ify the State,
Landlord 2							Α.	3.N. (if applicable):	
Landlord te	elephone number	or other contac	ot details:						
				tralia)	the landlo	d ordinarily reside	s in:	LUMAN, LUMAN,	
						ere is a landlord's a			
Shop 1/75	ness address or re 2-754 Kingsway, se details must b	Gymea			is no landi	ord's agent.		2227	
[Insert corp	oration name and	business addres	s of landlord	l(s) if la	andlord(s) is	a corporation]			18-10
enant [Ins	ert name of tenan	t(s) and contact	details]			2 M 1			
Tenant 1	Name Megar	Wootton		uro-	-101				AND THE RESERVE OF THE PERSON
	Phone +6141	9690918				Email m	wootton45@gmail.co	m	
Tenant 2	Name								
	Phone					Email			
Tenant 3	Name								
Tenant S	Phone					Email		- 11/2/20	
Tenant 4	Name Phone					Email		The state of the s	



Property Address:

32/28 Leonay Street, Sutherland, NSW, 2232







icensee FR Shaw Pty L	.td			
Trading as Strong Property	1		A.B.N. 93 001 58	5 379
Address Shop 1, 752-75	4 Kingsway			
Gymea, NSW			Postcode 2227	
Phone 02 9525 0377	Fax	Mobile	Email reception@strongprop	erty.com.au
enant's agent details [ins	ert name of tenant's ag	gent (if any) and contac	t details]	
Name/s			A,B,N.	
Address				
			Postcode	
Phone	Fax	Mobile	Email	
	11741			
erm of agreement	ia.			
he term of this agreement	IS:			•
6 months				
12 months				
2 years				
_ 3 years				
5 years 7 Other (please specify):	26 weeks			
Other (please specify):Periodic (no end date)	20 WEEKS			
	23 and ending or	n 25 /01 /24	[Cross out if not applicable]	
late For a residential tena	ncy agreement havin		than 3 years, the agreement must be ann	exed to the form approved by
egistrar-General for regist	ration under the Real	Property Act 1900.	•	
_				
lesidential Premises	- Unaart addrassi			
he residential premises ar	e [msert address]			
Address 32/28 Leonay S	treet			W
Cubarba Cuthorland			State NSW	Postcode 2232
Suburb Sutherland			10// 1/ 1/ 1/ 1/ 1/ 1/ 1/ 1/ 1/ 1/ 1/ 1/ 1	dditional nagan if accessary I
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Property Address:

32/28 Leonay Street, Sutherland, NSW, 2232





Rent				,				
	nt is \$ 475.		per wee		ayable in advance			
		n 33 of the <i>Residen</i> der this Agreement.	tial Tenan	ocies Act 2010, a landlord	l, or landlord's age	nt, must not require a tenant to pay m	ore than 2 weeks	
The me	ethod by wh	ich the rent must be	paid:					
(a) to	to at by each or Electronic Funds Transfer (
(b) int	to the follow	ing account,				or any other account nominated by the landlord:		
BS	SB number:			Account number:				
Ad	ccount name):				174		
Pε	ayment refer	ence: n/a					, or	
(c) by	y BPAY® in a	accordance with the	biller coc	le and reference number	below or as other	wise provided to the tenant for that p	urpose:	
BF	PAY® Biller (Code:			Reference Nu	ımber:		
(d) as	s follows: V	IA DIRECT DEBIT						
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Renta	l bond [Cr	oss out if there is n						
		ALREADY LODGE		st be paid by the tenant o	on signing this agre	eement.		
				e than 4 weeks rent.				
1-74	· ·	ed the rental bond a	mount to:					
	ie landlord o ne landlord's	r another person, or agent or						
Z N	SW Fair Trac	ding through Rental	Bonds On	line.				
Note. workir	All rental bo	nde must he Indaer	with NSV Fair Tradi	V Fair Trading. If the bonding approved form, If the I	is paid to the land bond is paid to the	dlord or another person, it must be dep landlord's agent, it must be deposited	oosited within 10 d within 10 working	
IMPO	ORTANT	INFORMATION				•		
Maxin	num numbei	of occupants						
No mo	ore than		persor	ns may ordinarily live in th	ne premises at any	one time.		
Urger	nt repairs							
		people for urgent re	pairs:			Talanhana; 0406 727 704		
Electr	rical repairs:	Kilowatt	.,			Telephone: 0406 727 704		
Plumb	oing repairs:	Above and Below				Telephone: 0432 681 406		
Other	repairs:	Same Day Hot Wa	ter			Telephone: 1300 721 996		
	er usage			, 1		40140		
		required to pay set	parately fo	or water usage?	es 🗸 No If y	res, see clauses 12 and 13.		
Utiliti			6	2 بالعمديدة معرف مامام مراجب			✓ Yes No	
				embedded network?			Yes No	
is gas For m	s supplied to lore informat	the premises from ion on consumer rig	hts if elec	etricity or gas is supplied	from an embedde	d network contact NSW Fair Trading.	A ₁₀₀ musul A ₁₀₀ musul .	
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Property Address:

32/28 Leonay Street, Sutherland, NSW, 2232





Smoke alarms Indicate whether the smoke alarms installed in the residential premises are hardwired or battery operated:
Hardwired smoke alarm
Battery operated smoke alarm If the amoldo alarms are bettery operated are the batteries in the smoke alarms of a kind the tenant can replace? Yes No
If the shipke alarms are battery operated, are the batteries in the shipke dialine of a line to the battery operated, are the batteries in the shipke dialine of a line to the batteries in the shipke dialine of a line to the batteries in the shipke dialine of a line to the batteries in the shipke dialine of a line to the batteries in the shipke dialine of a line to the batteries in the shipke dialine of a line to the batteries in the shipke dialine of a line to the batteries in the shipke dialine of a line to the batteries in the shipke dialine of a line to the batteries in the shipke dialine of a line to the batteries in the ship and the batteries in the shipke dialine of a line to the batteries in the ship and th
If yes, specify the type of battery that needs to be used if the battery in the smoke alarm needs to be replaced:
9V
If the smoke alarms are hardwired, are the back-up batteries in the smoke alarms of a kind the tenant can replace?
If yes, specify the type of back-up battery that needs to be used if the back-up battery in the smoke alarm needs to be replaced:
If the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 applies to the residential premises, is the owners corporation of the strata V Yes No scheme responsible for the repair and replacement of smoke alarms in the residential premises?
Strata by-laws
Are there any strata or community scheme by-laws applicable to the residential premises?
Giving notices and other documents electronically [optional] [Cross out if not applicable]
Indicate below for each person whether the person provides express consent to any notice and any other document under section 223 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 being given or served on them by email. The Electronic Transactions Act 2000 applies to notices and other documents you send or receive electronically.
[You should only consent to electronic service if you check your emails regularly. If there is more than one tenant on the agreement, all tenants should agree on a single email address for electronic service. This will help ensure co-tenants receive notices and other documents at the same time.]
Landlord
Does the landlord give express consent to the electronic service of notices and documents? Ves No If yes, see clause 50. [Specify email address to be used for the purpose of serving notices and documents.]
grace@strongproperty.com.au
Tenant
Does the tenant give express consent to the electronic service of notices and documents? Yes No If yes, see clause 50. [Specify email address to be used for the purpose of serving notices and documents.]
mwootton45@gmail.com
Condition report
A condition report relating to the condition of the premises must be completed by or on behalf of the landlord before or when this agreement is
given to the tenant for signing.
Tenancy laws
The Residential Tenancies Act 2010 and the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 apply to this agreement. Both the landlord and the tenant must comply with these laws.

Property Address:

32/28 Leonay Street, Sutherland, NSW, 2232





RIGHT TO OCCUPY THE PREMISES

 The landlord agrees that the tenant has the right to occupy the residential premises during the tenancy. The residential premises include the additional things (if any) noted under "Residential premises".

COPY OF AGREEMENT

- The landlord agrees to give the tenant:
 - 2.1 a copy of this agreement before or when the tenant gives the signed copy of the agreement to the landlord or landlord's agent, and
 - 2.2 a copy of this agreement signed by both the landlord and the tenant as soon as is reasonably practicable.

RENT

- 3. The tenant agrees:
 - 3.1 to pay rent on time, and
 - 3.2 to reimburse the landlord for the cost of replacing rent deposit books or rent cards lost by the tenant, and
 - 3.3 to reimburse the landlord for the amount of any fees paid by the landlord to a bank or other authorised deposit-taking institution as a result of funds of the tenant not being available for rent payment on the due date.

4. The landlord agrees:

- 4.1 to provide the tenant with at least one means to pay rent for which the tenant does not incur a cost (other than bank fees or other account fees usually payable for the tenant's transactions) and that is reasonably available to the tenant, and
- 4.2 not to require the tenant to pay more than 2 weeks rent in advance or to pay rent for a period of the tenancy before the end of the previous period for which rent has been paid, and
- 4.3 not to require the tenant to pay rent by a cheque or other negotiable instrument that is post-dated, and
- 4.4 to accept payment of unpaid rent after the landlord has given a termination notice on the ground of failure to pay rent if the tenant has not vacated the residential premises, and
- 4.5 not to use rent paid by the tenant for the purpose of any amount payable by the tenant other than rent, and
- 4.6 to give a rent receipt to the tenant if rent is paid in person (other than by cheque), and
- 4.7 to make a rent receipt available for collection by the tenant or to post it to the residential premises or to send it by email to an email address specified in this agreement by the tenant for the service of documents of that kind if rent is paid by cheque, and
- 4.8 to keep a record of rent paid under this agreement and to provide a written statement showing the rent record for a specified period within 7 days of a request by the tenant (unless the landlord has previously provided a statement for the same period).

Note. The landlord and the tenant may, by agreement, change the manner in which rent is payable under this agreement.

RENT INCREASES

5. The landlord and the tenant agree that the rent cannot be increased after the end of the fixed term (if any) of this agreement or under this agreement if the agreement is for a fixed term of 2 years or more, unless the landlord gives not less than 60 days written notice of the increase to the tenant. The notice must specify the increased rent and the day from which it is payable.

Note. Section 42 of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* sets out the circumstances in which rent may be increased during the fixed term of a residential tenancy agreement. An additional term for this purpose may be included in the agreement.

- The landlord and the tenant agree that the rent may not be increased after the end of the fixed term (if any) of this agreement more than once in any 12-month period.
- 7. The landlord and the tenant agree:
 - 7.1 that the increased rent is payable from the day specified in the notice, and
 - 7.2 that the landlord may cancel or reduce the rent increase by a later notice that takes effect on the same day as the original notice, and
 - 7.3 that increased rent under this agreement is not payable unless the rent is increased in accordance with this agreement and the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or by the Civil and Administrative Tribunal.

RENT REDUCTIONS

- 8. The landlord and the tenant agree that the rent abates if the residential premises:
 - 8.1 are destroyed, or become wholly or partly uninhabitable, otherwise than as a result of a breach of this agreement, or
 - 8.2 cease to be lawfully usable as a residence, or
 - 8.3 are compulsorily appropriated or acquired by an authority.
- The landlord and the tenant may, at any time during this agreement, agree to reduce the rent payable.

PAYMENT OF COUNCIL RATES, LAND TAX, WATER AND OTHER CHARGES

- 10. The landlord agrees to pay:
 - 10.1 rates, taxes or charges payable under any Act (other than charges payable by the tenant under this agreement), and
 - 10.2 the installation costs and charges for initial connection to the residential premises of an electricity, water, gas, bottled gas or oil supply service, and
 - 10.3 all charges for the supply of electricity, non-bottled gas or oil to the tenant at the residential premises that are not separately metered, and
 - Note 1. Clause 10.3 does not apply to premises located in an embedded network in certain circumstances in accordance with clauses 34 and 35 of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019*.
 - Note 2. Clause 10.3 does not apply to social housing tenancy agreements in certain circumstances, in accordance with clause 36 of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.*
 - 10.4 the costs and charges for the supply or hire of gas bottles for the supply of bottled gas at the commencement of the tenancy, and
 - 10.5 all charges (other than water usage charges) in connection with a water supply service to separately metered residential premises, and
 - 10.6 all charges in connection with a water supply service to residential premises that are not separately metered, and
 - 10.7 all charges for the supply of sewerage services (other than for pump out septic services) or the supply or use of drainage services to the residential premises, and
 - all service availability charges, however described, for the supply of non-bottled gas to the residential premises if the premises are separately metered but do not have any appliances, supplied by the landlord, for which gas is required and the tenant does not use gas supplied to the premises, and





10.9 the costs and charges for repair, maintenance or other work carried out on the residential premises which is required to facilitate the proper installation or replacement of an electricity meter, in working order, including an advanced meter, if the meter installation is required by the retailer to replace an existing meter because the meter is faulty, testing indicates the meter may become faulty or the meter has reached the end of its life.

11. The tenant agrees to pay:

- 11.1 all charges for the supply of electricity or oil to the tenant at the residential premises if the premises are separately metered, and
- 11.2 all charges for the supply of non-bottled gas to the tenant at the residential premises if the premises are separately metered, unless the premises do not have any appliances supplied by the landlord for which gas is required and the tenant does not use gas supplied to the premises, and
 - Note. Charges for the supply of gas in certain circumstances may also be payable by a tenant under a social housing agreement in accordance with clause 36 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.
- 11.3 all charges for the supply of bottled gas to the tenant at the residential premises except for the costs and charges for the supply or hire of gas bottles at the start of the tenancy, and
- 11.4 all charges for pumping out a septic system used for the residential premises, and
- 11.5 any excess garbage charges relating to the tenant's use of the residential premises, and
- 11.6 water usage charges, if the landlord has installed water efficiency measures referred to in clause 10 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 and the residential premises:
 - 11.6.1 are separately metered, or
 - 11.6.2 are not connected to a water supply service and water is delivered by vehicle.

Note. Separately metered is defined in the Residential Tenancies Act 2010.

- 12. The landlord agrees that the tenant is not required to pay water usage charges unless:
 - 12.1 the landlord gives the tenant a copy of the part of the water supply authority's bill setting out the charges, or other evidence of the cost of water used by the tenant, and
 - 12.2 the landlord gives the tenant at least 21 days to pay the charges, and
 - 12.3 the landlord requests payment of the charges by the tenant not later than 3 months after the issue of the bill for the charges by the water supply authority, and
 - 12.4 the residential premises have the following water efficiency measures:
 - 12.4.1 all internal cold water taps and single mixer taps for kitchen sinks or bathroom hand basins on the premises have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres a minute.
 - 12.4.2 on and from 23 March 2025, all toilets are dual flush toilets that have a minimum 3 star rating in accordance with the WELS scheme,
 - **12.4.3** all showerheads have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres a minute,
 - 12.4.4 at the commencement of the residential tenancy agreement and whenever any other water efficiency measures are installed, repaired or upgraded, the premises are checked and any leaking taps or toilets on the premises have been fixed.

13. The landlord agrees to give the tenant the benefit of, or an amount equivalent to, any rebate received by the landlord for water usage charges payable or paid by the tenant.

POSSESSION OF THE PREMISES

14. The landlord agrees:

- 14.1 to make sure the residential premises are vacant so the tenant can move in on the date agreed, and
- 14.2 to take all reasonable steps to ensure that, at the time of signing this agreement, there is no legal reason why the premises cannot be used as a residence for the term of this agreement.

TENANT'S RIGHT TO QUIET ENJOYMENT

15. The landlord agrees:

- 15.1 that the tenant will have quiet enjoyment of the residential premises without interruption by the landlord or any person claiming by, through or under the landlord or having superior title to that of the landlord (such as a head landlord), and
- 15.2 that the landlord or the landlord's agent will not interfere with, or cause or permit any interference with, the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of the tenant in using the residential premises, and
- 15.3 that the landlord or the landlord's agent will take all reasonable steps to ensure that the landlord's other neighbouring tenants do not interfere with the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of the tenant in using the residential premises.

USE OF THE PREMISES BY TENANT

16. The tenant agrees:

- **16.1** not to use the residential premises, or cause or permit the premises to be used, for any illegal purpose, and
- 16.2 not to cause or permit a nuisance, and
- 16.3 not to interfere, or cause or permit interference, with the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of neighbours, and
- 16.4 not to intentionally or negligently cause or permit any damage to the residential premises, and
- 16.5 not to cause or permit more people to reside in the residential premises than is permitted by this agreement.

17. The tenant agrees:

- 17.1 to keep the residential premises reasonably clean, and
- 17.2 to notify the landlord as soon as practicable of any damage to the residential premises, and
- 17.3 that the tenant is responsible to the landlord for any act or omission by a person who is lawfully on the residential premises if the person is only permitted on the premises with the tenant's consent and the act or omission would be in breach of this agreement if done or omitted by the tenant, and
- 17.4 that it is the tenant's responsibility to replace light globes on the residential premises.
- 18. The tenant agrees, when this agreement ends and before giving vacant possession of the premises to the landlord:
 - 18.1 to remove all the tenant's goods from the residential premises, and
 - 18.2 to leave the residential premises as nearly as possible in the same condition, fair wear and tear excepted, as at the commencement of the tenancy, and
 - 18.3 to leave the residential premises reasonably clean, having regard to their condition at the commencement of the tenancy, and
 - 18.4 to remove or arrange for the removal of all rubbish from the residential premises in a way that is lawful and in accordance with council requirements, and





- 18.5 to make sure that all light fittings on the premises have working globes, and
- 18.6 to return to the landlord all keys, and other opening devices or similar devices, provided by the landlord.

Note. Under section 54 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, the vicarious liability of a tenant for damage to residential premises caused by another person is not imposed on a tenant who is the victim of a domestic violence offence, or a co-tenant who is not a relevant domestic violence offender, if the damage occurred during the commission of a domestic violence offence (within the meaning of that Act).

LANDLORD'S GENERAL OBLIGATIONS FOR RESIDENTIAL PREMISES

19. The landlord agrees:

- 19.1 to make sure that the residential premises are reasonably clean and fit to live in, and
 - Note 1. Section 52 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 specifies the minimum requirements that must be met for residential premises to be fit to live in. These include that the residential premises:
 - (a) are structurally sound, and
 - (b) have adequate natural light or artificial lighting in each room of the premises other than a room that is intended to be used only for the purposes of storage or a garage, and
 - (c) have adequate ventilation, and
 - (d) are supplied with electricity or gas and have an adequate number of electricity outlet sockets or gas outlet sockets for the supply of lighting and heating to, and use of appliances in, the premises, and
 - (e) have adequate plumbing and drainage, and
 - (f) are connected to a water supply service or infrastructure that supplies water (including, but not limited to, a water bore or water tank) that is able to supply to the premises hot and cold water for drinking and ablution and cleaning activities, and
 - (g) contain bathroom facilities, including toilet and washing facilities, that allow privacy for the user.

Note 2. Premises are structurally sound only if the floors, ceilings, walls, supporting structures (including foundations), doors, windows, roof, stairs, balconies, balustrades and railings:

- (a) are in a reasonable state of repair, and
- (b) with respect to the floors, ceilings, walls and supporting structures—are not subject to significant damoness, and
- (c) with respect to the roof, ceilings and windows—do not allow water penetration into the premises, and
- (d) are not liable to collapse because they are rotted or otherwise defective.
- 19.2 to make sure that all light fittings on the residential premises have working light globes on the commencement of the tenancy, and
- 19.3 to keep the residential premises in a reasonable state of repair, considering the age of, the rent paid for and the prospective life of the premises, and
- 19.4 not to interfere with the supply of gas, electricity, water, telecommunications or other services to the residential premises (unless the interference is necessary to avoid danger to any person or enable maintenance or repairs to be carried out), and

- 19.5 not to hinder a tradesperson's entry to the residential premises when the tradesperson is carrying out maintenance or repairs necessary to avoid health or safety risks to any person, or to avoid a risk that the supply of gas, electricity, water, telecommunications or other services to the residential premises may be disconnected, and
- 19.6 to comply with all statutory obligations relating to the health or safety of the residential premises, and
- that a tenant who is the victim of a domestic violence offence or a co-tenant who is under the same agreement as the victim of the domestic violence offence but is not a relevant domestic violence offender is not responsible to the landlord for any act or omission by a co-tenant that is a breach of this agreement if the act or omission constitutes or resulted in damage to the premises and occurred during the commission of a domestic violence offence.

URGENT REPAIRS

- 20. The landlord agrees to pay the tenant, within 14 days after receiving written notice from the tenant, any reasonable costs (not exceeding \$1,000) that the tenant has incurred for making urgent repairs to the residential premises (of the type set out below) so long as:
 - 20.1 the damage was not caused as a result of a breach of this agreement by the tenant, and
 - 20.2 the tenant gives or makes a reasonable attempt to give the landlord notice of the damage, and
 - 20.3 the tenant gives the landlord a reasonable opportunity to make the repairs, and
 - 20.4 the tenant makes a reasonable attempt to have any appropriate tradesperson named in this agreement make the repairs, and
 - 20.5 the repairs are carried out, where appropriate, by licensed or properly qualified persons, and
 - 20.6 the tenant, as soon as possible, gives or tries to give the landlord written details of the repairs, including the cost and the receipts for anything the tenant pays for.

Note. The type of repairs that are *urgent repairs* are defined in the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* and are defined as follows:

- (a) a burst water service,
- (b) an appliance, fitting or fixture that uses water or is used to supply water that is broken or not functioning properly, so that a substantial amount of water is being wasted.
- (c) a blocked or broken lavatory system,
- (d) a serious roof leak,
- (e) a gas leak,
- (f) a dangerous electrical fault,
- (g) flooding or serious flood damage,
- (h) serious storm or fire damage,
- a failure or breakdown of the gas, electricity or water supply to the premises,
- a failure or breakdown of any essential service on the residential premises for hot water, cooking, heating, cooling or laundering,
- (k) any fault or damage that causes the premises to be unsafe or insecure.

SALE OF THE PREMISES

21. The landlord agrees:

21.1 to give the tenant written notice that the landlord intends to sell the residential premises, at least 14 days before the premises are made available for inspection by potential purchasers, and





- 21.2 to make all reasonable efforts to agree with the tenant as to the days and times when the residential premises are to be available for inspection by potential purchasers.
- 22. The tenant agrees not to unreasonably refuse to agree to days and times when the residential premises are to be available for inspection by potential purchasers.
- 23. The landlord and the tenant agree:
 - 23.1 that the tenant is not required to agree to the residential premises being available for inspection more than twice in a period of a week, and
 - 23.2 that, if they fail to agree, the landlord may show the residential premises to potential purchasers not more than twice in any period of a week and must give the tenant at least 48 hours notice each time.

LANDLORD'S ACCESS TO THE PREMISES

- 24. The landlord agrees that the landlord, the landlord's agent or any person authorised in writing by the landlord, during the currency of this agreement, may only enter the residential premises in the following circumstances:
 - 24.1 in an emergency (including entry for the purpose of carrying out urgent repairs),
 - 24.2 if the Civil and Administrative Tribunal so orders,
 - 24.3 if there is good reason for the landlord to believe the premises are abandoned,
 - 24.4 if there is good reason for serious concern about the health of the tenant or any other person on the residential premises and a reasonable attempt has been made to obtain consent to the entry,
 - 24.5 to inspect the premises, if the tenant is given at least 7 days written notice (no more than 4 inspections are allowed in any period of 12 months),
 - 24.6 to carry out, or assess the need for, necessary repairs, if the tenant is given at least 2 days notice each time,
 - 24.7 to carry out, or assess the need for, work relating to statutory health and safety obligations relating to the residential premises, if the tenant is given at least 2 days notice each time,
 - 24.8 to show the premises to prospective tenants on a reasonable number of occasions if the tenant is given reasonable notice on each occasion (this is only allowed during the last 14 days of the agreement),
 - 24.9 to value the property, if the tenant is given 7 days notice (not more than one valuation is allowed in any period of 12 months),
 - 24.10 to take photographs, or make visual recordings, of the inside of the premises in order to advertise the premises for sale or lease, if the tenant is given reasonable notice and reasonable opportunity to move any of their possessions that can reasonably be moved out of the frame of the photograph or the scope of the recording (this is only allowed once in a 28 day period before marketing of the premises starts for sale or lease or the termination of this agreement),
 - 24.11 if the tenant agrees.
- 25. The landlord agrees that a person who enters the residential premises under clause 24.5, 24.6, 24.7, 24.8, 24.9 or 24.10 of this agreement:
 - 25.1 must not enter the premises on a Sunday or a public holiday, unless the tenant agrees, and
 - 25.2 may enter the premises only between the hours of 8.00 a.m. and 8.00 p.m., unless the tenant agrees to another time, and
 - 25.3 must not stay on the residential premises longer than Is necessary to achieve the purpose of the entry to the premises, and

- 25.4 must, if practicable, notify the tenant of the proposed day and time of entry.
- 26. The landlord agrees that, except in an emergency (including to carry out urgent repairs), a person other than the landlord or the landlord's agent must produce to the tenant the landlord's or the landlord's agent's written permission to enter the residential premises.
- 27. The tenant agrees to give access to the residential premises to the landlord, the landlord's agent or any person, if they are exercising a right to enter the residential premises in accordance with this agreement.

PUBLISHING PHOTOGRAPHS OR VISUAL RECORDINGS

- 28. The landlord agrees that the landlord or the landlord's agent must not publish any photographs taken or visual recordings made of the inside of the residential premises in which the tenant's possessions are visible unless they first obtain written consent from the tenant.
 - Note. See section 55A of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 for when a photograph or visual recording is published.
- 29. The tenant agrees not to unreasonably withhold consent. If the tenant is in circumstances of domestic violence within the meaning of section 105B of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, it is not unreasonable for the tenant to withhold consent.

FIXTURES, ALTERATIONS, ADDITIONS OR RENOVATIONS TO THE PREMISES

- 30. The tenant agrees:
 - 30.1 not to install any fixture or renovate, alter or add to the residential premises without the landlord's written permission, and
 - that certain kinds of fixtures or alterations, additions or renovations that are of a minor nature specified by clause 22(2) of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019* may only be carried out by a person appropriately qualified to carry out those alterations unless the landlord gives consent, and
 - 30.3 to pay the cost of a fixture, installed by or on behalf of the tenant, or any renovation, alteration or addition to the residential premises, unless the landlord otherwise agrees,
 - 30.4 not to remove, without the landlord's permission, any fixture attached by the tenant that was paid for by the landlord or for which the landlord gave the tenant a benefit equivalent to the cost of the fixture, and
 - 30.5 to notify the landlord of any damage caused by removing any fixture attached by the tenant, and
 - 30.6 to repair any damage caused by removing the fixture or compensate the landlord for the reasonable cost of repair.
- 31. The landlord agrees not to unreasonably withhold consent to a fixture, or to an alteration, addition or renovation that is of a minor nature.

Note. The Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 provides a list of the kinds of fixtures or alterations, additions or renovations of a minor nature to which it would be unreasonable for a landlord to withhold consent and which of those fixtures, or alterations, additions or renovations the landlord may give consent to on the condition that the fixture or alteration, addition or renovation is carried out by an appropriately qualified person.

LOCKS AND SECURITY DEVICES

- 32. The landlord agrees:
 - 32.1 to provide and maintain locks or other security devices necessary to keep the residential premises reasonably secure, and





- 32.2 to give each tenant under this agreement a copy of the key or opening device or information to open any lock or security device for the residential premises or common property to which the tenant is entitled to have access, and
- 32.3 not to charge the tenant for the cost of providing the copies except to recover the cost of replacement or additional copies, and
- 32.4 not to alter, remove or add any lock or other security device without reasonable excuse (which includes an emergency, an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal, termination of a co-tenancy or an apprehended violence order prohibiting a tenant or occupant from having access) or unless the tenant agrees, and
- 32.5 to give each tenant under this agreement a copy of any key or other opening device or information to open any lock or security device that the landlord changes as soon as practicable (and no later than 7 days) after the change.

33. The tenant agrees:

- 33.1 not to alter, remove or add any lock or other security device without reasonable excuse (which includes an emergency, an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal, termination of a co-tenancy or an apprehended violence order prohibiting a tenant or occupant from having access) or unless the landlord agrees, and
- 33.2 to give the landlord a copy of the key or opening device or information to open any lock or security device that the tenant changes within 7 days of the change.
- 34. A copy of a changed key or other opening device need not be given to the other party if the other party agrees not to be given a copy or the Civil and Administrative Tribunal authorises a copy not to be given or the other party is prohibited from access to the residential premises by an apprehended violence order.

TRANSFER OF TENANCY OR SUB-LETTING BY TENANT

- 35. The landlord and the tenant agree that:
 - 35.1 the tenant may, with the landlord's written permission, transfer the tenant's tenancy under this agreement or sub-let the residential premises, and
 - 35.2 the landlord may refuse permission (whether or not it is reasonable to do so) to the transfer of the whole of the tenancy or sub-letting the whole of the residential premises, and
 - 35.3 the landlord must not unreasonably refuse permission to a transfer of part of a tenancy or a sub-letting of part of the residential premises, and
 - 35.4 without limiting clause 35.3, the landlord may refuse permission to a transfer of part of the tenancy or to subletting part of the residential premises if the number of occupants would be more than is permitted under this agreement or any proposed tenant or sub-tenant is listed on a residential tenancy database or it would result in overcrowding of the residential premises.

Note, Clauses 35.3 and 35.4 do not apply to social housing tenancy agreements.

36. The landlord agrees not to charge for giving permission other than for the landlords reasonable expenses in giving permission.

CHANGE IN DETAILS OF LANDLORD OR LANDLORD'S AGENT

37. The landlord agrees:

- 37.1 if the name and telephone number or contact details of the landlord change, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and
- 37.2 if the address of the landlord changes (and the landlord does not have an agent), to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and

- 37.3 if the name, telephone number or business address of the landlord's agent changes or the landlord appoints an agent, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change or the agent's name, telephone number and business address, as appropriate, within 14 days, and
- 37.4 if the landlord or landlord's agent is a corporation and the name or business address of the corporation changes, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and
- 37.5 if the State, Territory or country in which the landlord ordinarily resides changes, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days.

COPY OF CERTAIN BY-LAWS TO BE PROVIDED

[Cross out if not applicable]

- 38. The landlord agrees to give to the tenant, before the tenant enters into this agreement, a copy of the by-laws applying to the residential premises if they are premises under the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015.
- 39. The landlord agrees to give to the tenant, within 7 days of entering into this agreement, a copy of the by-laws applying to the residential premises if they are premises under the Strata Schemes Development Act 2015, the Community Land Development Act 1989 or the Community Land Management Act 1989.

MITIGATION OF LOSS

40. The rules of law relating to mitigation of loss or damage on breach of a contract apply to a breach of this agreement. (For example, if the tenant breaches this agreement, the landlord will not be able to claim damages for loss which could have been avoided by reasonable effort by the landlord.)

RENTAL BOND

[Cross out this clause if no rental bond is payable]

- 41. The landlord agrees that, where the landlord or the landlord's agent applies to the Rental Bond Board or the Civil and Administrative Tribunal for payment of the whole or part of the rental bond to the landlord, the landlord or the landlord's agent will provide the tenant with:
 - 41.1 details of the amount claimed, and
 - 41.2 copies of any quotations, accounts and receipts that are relevant to the claim, and
 - 41.3 a copy of a completed condition report about the residential premises at the end of the residential tenancy agreement.

SMOKE ALARMS

42. The landlord agrees to:

- 42.1 ensure that smoke alarms are installed in accordance with the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 if that Act requires them to be installed in the premises and are functioning in accordance with the regulations under that Act, and
- 42.2 conduct an annual check of all smoke alarms installed on the residential premises to ensure that the smoke alarms are functioning, and
- 42.3 install or replace, or engage a person to install or replace, all removable batteries in all smoke alarms installed on the residential premises annually, except for smoke alarms that have a removable lithium battery, and
- 42.4 install or replace, or engage a person to install or replace, a removable lithium battery in a smoke alarm in the period specified by the manufacturer of the smoke alarm, and
- 42.5 engage an authorised electrician to repair or replace a hardwired smoke alarm, and





- 42.6 repair or replace a smoke alarm within 2 business days of becoming aware that the smoke alarm is not working unless the tenant notifies the landlord that the tenant will carry out the repair to the smoke alarm and the tenant carries out the repair, and
- 42.7 reimburse the tenant for the costs of a repair or replacement of a smoke alarm in accordance with clause 18 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019, that the tenant is allowed to carry out.
- Note 1. Under section 64A of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, repairs to a smoke alarm includes maintenance of a smoke alarm in working order by installing or replacing a battery in the smoke alarm.
- **Note 2.** Clauses 42.2–42.7 do not apply to a landlord of premises that comprise or include a lot in a strata scheme (within the meaning of the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015*) if the owners corporation is responsible for the repair and replacement of smoke alarms in the residential premises.
- Note 3. A tenant who intends to carry out a repair to a smoke alarm may do so only in the circumstances prescribed for a tenant in clause 15 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.
- Note 4. Section 64A of the Act provides that a smoke alarm includes a heat alarm.

43. The tenant agrees:

- 43.1 to notify the landlord if a repair or a replacement of a smoke alarm is required, including replacing a battery in the smoke alarm, and
- 43.2 that the tenant may only replace a battery in a battery-operated smoke alarm, or a back-up battery in a hardwired smoke alarm, if the smoke alarm has a removable battery or a removable back-up battery, and
- 43.3 to give the landlord written notice, as soon as practicable if the tenant will carry out and has carried out a repair or replacement, or engages a person to carry out a repair or replacement, in accordance with clauses 15–17 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.

Note. Clauses 43.2 and 43.3 do not apply to tenants under social housing tenancy agreements or tenants of premises that comprise or include a lot in a strata scheme (within the meaning of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015) if the owners corporation is responsible for the repair and replacement of smoke alarms in the residential premises.

44. The landlord and the tenant each agree not to remove or interfere with the operation of a smoke alarm installed on the residential premises unless they have a reasonable excuse to do so.

Note. The regulations made under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* provide that it is an offence to remove or interfere with the operation of a smoke alarm or a heat alarm in particular circumstances.

SWIMMING POOLS

[Cross out this clause if there is no swimming pool]

The tendlard agrees to ensure that the requirements of the Summing Peals Act 1002 have been complied with in respect of the summing peal on the residential promises.

[Cross out the following clause if there is no swimming pool or the swimming pool is situated on land in a strata scheme (within the meaning of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015) or in a community scheme (within the meaning of the Community Land Development Act 1989) and that strata or community scheme comprises more than 2 lots]

46. The landlerd agrees to ensure that at the time that this residential

46.1 the evinoming peel on the residential promises in registered under the Swimming Peels Act 1002 and has a valid certificate of compliance under that Act are relevant accuration certificate within the meaning of that Act and

46.2 a copy of that valid contificate of compliance or relevant

Note. A swimming pool certificate of compliance is valid for 3 years from its date of issue.

LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

47. The landlord agrees:

- 47.1 if, at the time that this residential tenancy agreement is entered into, the premises have been and remain listed on the LFAI Register, the tenant has been advised in writing by the landlord that the premises are listed on that Register, or
- 47.2 if, during the tenancy, the premises become listed on the LFAI Register, to advise the tenant in writing, within 14 days of the premises being listed on the Register, that the premises are listed on the Register.

COMBUSTIBLE CLADDING

- 48. The landlord agrees that if, during the tenancy, the landlord becomes aware of any of the following facts, the landlord will advise the tenant in writing within 14 days of becoming aware of the fact:
 - 48.1 that the residential premises are part of a building in relation to which a notice of intention to issue a fire safety order, or a fire safety order, has been issued requiring rectification of the building regarding external combustible cladding.
 - 48,2 that the residential premises are part of a building in relation to which a notice of intention to issue a building product rectification order, or a building product rectification order, has been issued requiring rectification of the building regarding external combustible cladding,
 - 48.3 that the residential premises are part of a building where a development application or complying development certificate application has been lodged for rectification of the building regarding external combustible cladding.

SIGNIFICANT HEALTH OR SAFETY RISKS

49. The landlord agrees that if, during the tenancy, the landlord becomes aware that the premises are subject to a significant health or safety risk, the landlord will advise the tenant in writing, within 14 days of becoming aware, that the premises are subject to the significant health or safety risk and the nature of the risk.

ELECTRONIC SERVICE OF NOTICES AND OTHER DOCUMENTS

50. The landlord and the tenant agree:

- 50.1 to only serve any notices and any other documents, authorised or required by the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or the regulations or this agreement, on the other party by email if the other party has provided express consent, either as part of this agreement or otherwise, that a specified email address is to be used for the purpose of serving notices and other documents, and
- 50.2 to notify the other party in writing within 7 days if the email address specified for electronic service of notices and other documents changes, and
- 50.3 that they may withdraw their consent to the electronic service of notices and other documents at any time, by notifying the other party in writing, and
- 50.4 If a notice is given withdrawing consent to electronic service of notices and other documents, following the giving of such notice, no further notices or other documents are to be served by email.

BREAK FEE FOR FIXED TERM OF NOT MORE THAN 3 YEARS

- 51. The tenant agrees that, if the tenant ends the residential tenancy agreement before the end of the fixed term of the agreement, the tenant must pay a break fee of the following amount if the fixed term is not more than 3 years:
 - 51.1 4 weeks rent if less than 25% of the fixed term has expired,





- 51.2 3 weeks rent if 25% or more but less than 50% of the fixed term has expired.
- 51,3 2 weeks rent if 50% or more but less than 75% of the fixed term has expired,
- 51.4 1 week's rent if 75% or more of the fixed term has expired.

This clause does not apply if the tenant terminates a fixed term residential tenancy agreement for a fixed term of more than 3 years or if the tenant terminates a residential tenancy agreement early for a reason that is permitted under the Residential Tenancies Act 2010.

Note. Permitted reasons for early termination include destruction of residential premises, breach of the agreement by the landlord and an offer of social housing or a place in an aged care facility, and being in circumstances of domestic violence. Section 107 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 regulates the rights of the landlord and tenant under this clause.

52. The landlord agrees that the compensation payable by the tenant for ending the residential tenancy agreement before the end of the fixed term of not more than 3 years is limited to the amount specified in clause 51 and any occupation fee payable under the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 for goods left on the residential premises.

Note. Section 107 of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* also regulates the rights of landlords and tenants for a residential tenancy agreement with a fixed term of more than 3 years.

ADDITIONAL TERMS

[Additional terms may be included in this agreement if:

- (a) both the landlord and the tenant agree to the terms, and
- (b) they do not conflict with the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 or any other Act, and
- (c) they do not conflict with the standard terms of this agreement.
 ANY ADDITIONAL TERMS ARE NOT REQUIRED BY LAW AND ARE
 NEGOTIABLE.

ADDITIONAL TERM - PETS

[Cross out this clause if not applicable]

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- 54.0 to ensure that the animal does not eaves a ruleanes, of breach the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of
- required under law, and
- 514 to comply with any council requirements
- The tenant agreed to have the corpet professionally alcohold or to pay the east of having the corpet professionally alcohold at the end of the tenancy if elegand is required because an enimal has been kept on the projectability promises during the tenancy.

ADDITIONAL TERM - PETS NOT PERMITTED

[Cross out this clause if not applicable]

56. Except to the extent that another term of this agreement expressly permits the tenant to do so, the tenant must not keep, or permit to be kept, any animals on the residential premises.

ADDITIONAL TERM - MATERIAL FACTS

[Cross out this clause if not applicable]

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ADDITIONAL TERM - AGREEMENT TO USE PREVIOUS CONDITION REPORT

- 58. The landlord and tenant:
 - 58.1 agree that the condition report included in a residential tenancy agreement entered into by the tenant and dated

 22 /07 / 2016 (insert a date if the landlord and and tenant agree to this clause) forms part of this agreement,
 - 58.2 acknowledge that the tenant's responses in that condition report form part of this agreement, and
 - 58.3 agree that two physical copies of that condition report, or one electronic copy, have been given to the tenant on or before the date of this agreement.

ADDITIONAL TERM - TENANT'S CARE AND USE OF THE RESIDENTIAL PREMISES

- 59. Further to clauses 16 and 17 and subject to any applicable by-law, the tenant agrees:
 - 59.1 to use the residential premises for residential purposes only;
 - 59.2 not to use, advertise for use, sub-let, licence, transfer or otherwise part with possession of the whole or any part of the residential premises for the purpose of giving a person the right to occupy the residential premises for the purpose of a holiday, without the prior written consent of the landlord where such consent may be refused in the landlord's absolute discretion;
 - 59.3 to clean the residential premises regularly with special attention to the kitchen, bathroom and appliances;
 - 59.4 to put nothing down any sink, toilet or drain likely to cause obstruction or damage;
 - 59.5 to wrap up and place garbage in a suitable container;
 - 59.6 to regularly mow the lawns and keep the grounds and garden tidy and free of weeds and rubbish and maintain them in their condition, fair wear and tear excepted, as at the commencement of this agreement;
 - 59.7 to take special care of the items let with the residential premises including any furniture, furnishings and appliances;
 - 59.8 to do no decorating that involves painting, marking or defacing the residential premises or fixing posters without the prior written consent of the landlord or an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal;
 - 59.9 to ensure that nothing is done that may prejudice any insurance policy or increase the premium payable under any insurance policy held by the landlord in relation to the residential premises and to ensure that nothing is done on the residential premises which may expose the owner to any claims or liability or which might give rise to an insurance claim;





- 59.10 to notify the landlord promptly of any infectious disease or the presence of rats, cockroaches, fleas or other pests;
- 59.11 to ventilate, in an adequate and timely manner and, if applicable, without any alteration or addition to the common property, all rooms and areas in the residential premises and to prevent the growth of mould;
- 59.12 not to remove, alter or damage any water efficiency measure installed in the residential premises;
- 59.13 not to store rubbish, unregistered vehicles, any inflammable, dangerous or hazardous chemical, liquid or gas (with the exception of petrol or gas stored in the fuel tank of any registered motor vehicle) or other inflammable, dangerous or hazardous material on the residential premises, and storage of any items on the residential premises is at the tenant's own risk; and
- 59.14 to take out and bring in, in accordance with the scheduled garbage collection days, and to keep clean, all bins that are supplied with the residential premises and to pay the cost of repair or replacement of any bins that become damaged, lost or stolen (if not repaired or replaced at the cost of the relevant authority) whilst the tenant is in occupation of the residential premises.

ADDITIONAL TERM - TELECOMMUNICATIONS SERVICES

60. The tenant agrees:

- 60.1 to leave, in the same manner of connection or operation, any telephone service installed in the residential premises at the commencement of this agreement; and
- the availability of telephone or fax lines, internet services, 60.2 analogue, digital or cable television (and the adequacy of such services) are the sole responsibility of the tenant and the tenant should make their own enquiries as to the availability and adequacy of such services before executing this agreement. The landlord does not warrant that any telephone or fax plugs, antenna sockets or other such sockets or service points located in the residential premises are serviceable, or will otherwise meet the requirements of the tenant, and tenants must rely upon their own enquiries. The landlord is not obliged to install any antenna, plugs or sockets including but not limited to any digital aerials or antennas or to carry out any upgrades in respect of television or internet reception on the residential premises.

ADDITIONAL TERM - RENT AND RENTAL BOND

61. The tenant agrees:

- 61.1 to pay the rent on or before the day which the term of this agreement begins; and
- 61.2 not to apply any rental bond towards payment of the rent without the prior written consent of the landlord.
- **62.** The landlord and the tenant may, by agreement, change the manner in which rent is payable under this agreement.

ADDITIONAL TERM - OCCUPANTS

63. The tenant agrees:

- 63.1 not to part with possession other than in accordance with the provisions of this agreement or the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*, and
- 63.2 to ensure that occupants and other persons who come on to the residential premises with the tenant's consent comply with the conditions of this agreement.

ADDITIONAL TERM - TERMINATION

64. The tenant acknowledges that a notice of termination does not by itself end the tenant's obligations under this agreement.

65. The tenant agrees:

- 65.1 upon termination of this agreement, to:
 - (a) promptly and peacefully deliver up vacant possession of the residential premises to the landlord by the date specified in the termination notice or otherwise in accordance with the Residential Tenancies Act 2010,
 - (b) promptly notify the landlord or the landlord's agent of the tenant's forwarding address; and
 - (c) comply with its obligations in clause 18 of this agreement; and
- 65.2 that the tenant's obligations under this agreement continue until such time as the tenant has provided vacant possession of the residential premises, left them in the condition required under this agreement and returned to the landlord or the landlord's agent all keys, access cards, locks and other opening devices and security items.
- 66. Notwithstanding any termination of this agreement, the tenant acknowledges and agrees that an application may be made to the Civil and Administrative Tribunal if the tenant does not vacate when required or otherwise does not comply with this agreement.

67. The landlord and the tenant agree that:

- 67.1 any action by the landlord or the tenant to terminate this agreement shall not affect any claim for compensation in respect of a breach of this agreement; and
- 67.2 the acceptance of or demand for rent or other money by the landlord after service of a termination notice for breach does not operate as a waiver of that notice nor does it evidence the creation of a new tenancy.

Note: Examples of where a fixed term agreement can be ended are where a party has breached the agreement (in which case the notice period is not less than 14 days) or where the rent has remained unpaid in breach of the agreement for not less than 14 days. Examples of where a periodic agreement can be ended are where a contract for sale of land requiring vacant possession has been exchanged (in which case the notice period is not less than 30 days), a party has breached the agreement (in which case the notice period is not less than 14 days) or where the rent has remained unpaid in breach of the agreement for not less than 14 days.

Note: If the tenant breaches this agreement the landlord should refer to section 87(2) of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010.

ADDITIONAL TERM - STATUTES, STRATA BY-LAWS, RULES AND SPECIAL CONDITIONS FOR FLATS

68. The tenant acknowledges and agrees:

- 68.1 to observe all relevant statutes, statutory regulations, strata by-laws, company title rules and community title rules relating to health, safety, noise and other housing standards with respect to the residential premises;
- 68.2 where the residential premises are subject to the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015, the Strata Schemes Development Act 2015, the Community Land Development Act 1989 or the Community Land Management Act 1989, to observe and comply with any applicable strata by-laws and/or management statements and any applicable law;
- 68.3 where the residential premises are a flat (not subject to the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015, the Strata Schemes Development Act 2015, the Community Land Development Act 1989 or the Community Land Management Act 1989), to comply with any applicable law and the special conditions contained in Schedule A of this agreement and any other special conditions as notified to the tenant from time to time; and
- 68.4 that, at the tenant's cost, the owners corporation or strata managing agent may dispose of abandoned goods, perishable goods or rubbish left on common property.





ADDITIONAL TERM - SWIMMING POOLS

(This clause does not apply when there is no pool on the residential premises)

- 60 Unless atherwise agreed by the landlard and tenent in writing, the
 - CO.1. to upon use, brush and close the pool, beckures the filter and empty the leaf backet(a) regularly keeping them free from leaf litter and other debries
 - co. 2 to have the pool water tested once a month at a pool shap and to purchase and use the appropriate chemicals to keep the water closer and closer
 - 60.2 to keep the water level chave the filter inlet at all times;
 - procticable of any problems with the pool, or imment,
 - co. 5 not to interfere with the operation of any peol cafety gate, access door, fence or berrier including not propping or holding open any cafety gate or access door, nor leaving any item or object near a peol cafety gate, access door, fence or berrier which would aid or allow access by children to the peol area or allow children to climb the peol cafety gate, access door, fence or berrier; and
 - 60.6 to ensure that the pool cofety gate or ecoses door is

ADDITIONAL TERM - RENT INCREASES DURING THE FIXED TERM (for a fixed term of less than 2 years):

- 70. By completing this clause, the parties agree that the rent will be increased during the fixed term of the agreement as follows:
 - 70.1 the rent will be increased to

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	on	7	7	; or
the rent increase o method (set out de	etails):	····- / ···		•

Note: The rent payable under a fixed term agreement for a fixed term of less than 2 years must not be increased during the fixed term unless the agreement specifies the increased rent or the method of calculating the increase.

Note: Generally, the rent payable under a residential tenancy agreement may be increased only if the tenant is given written notice by the landlord or the landlord's agent specifying the increased rent and the day from which it is payable, and the notice is given at least 60 days before the increased rent is payable. This extends to an increase in the rent payable under a residential tenancy agreement on renewal of the agreement as if the increase were an increase during the term of the agreement.

ADDITIONAL TERM – RENT INCREASES DURING THE FIXED TERM (for a fixed term of 2 years or more):

- 71. By completing this clause, the parties agree that the rent will be increased during the fixed term of the agreement as follows:
 - 71,1 the rent will be increased to

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to \$		per		
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71.2	the rent increase can be calculated by the following method (set out details):					

Note: The rent payable under a residential tenancy agreement may be increased only if the tenant is given written notice by the landlord or the landlord's agent specifying the increased rent and the day from which it is payable, and the notice is given at least 60 days before the increased rent is payable.

Note: The rent payable under a fixed term agreement for a fixed term of 2 years or more must not be increased more than once in any period of 12 months, and may be increased whether or not the agreement sets out the amount of the increase or the method of calculating the increase.

ADDITIONAL TERM - CONDITION REPORT FORMS PART OF THIS AGREEMENT

- 72. For avoidance of doubt:
 - 72.1 a condition report which accompanies this agreement, forms part of this agreement; and
 - 72.2 a condition report that is signed by both the landlord and the tenant is presumed to be a correct statement, in the absence of evidence to the contrary, of the state of repair or general condition of the residential premises on the day specified in the report.
- 73. Clause 72.2 does not apply:
 - 73.1 to any matter that could not have reasonably been discovered on a reasonable inspection of the residential premises; or
 - 73.2 to any statement in the condition report about which the tenant makes a written dissenting comment on the copy of the report completed by the tenant and retained by the landlord

ADDITIONAL TERM - ADDITIONAL TENANTS

- 74. If an Additional Tenant Annexure is attached to this agreement:
 - 74.1 that document forms part of this agreement; and
 - 74.2 the tenant under this agreement includes each person named in that document as a Tenant.

ADDITIONAL TERM - ADDITIONAL TENANT OBLIGATIONS

75. The tenant agrees:

- 75.1 to reimburse the landlord, within 30 days of being requested to do so, for:
 - (a) any call out fees payable where the call out has been arranged with the tenant and the tenant has failed to provide access to the residential premises for any reason, preventing the relevant service from taking place;
 - (b) any cost or expense of any kind incurred by the landlord to replace or fix an item, fixture or fitting in or on the residential premises that was required to be replaced or fixed as a result of a fire audit or fire inspection, provided that the item, fixture or fitting needed replacing or fixing due to the activities carried out by the tenant in or on the residential premises (including, without limitation, creating holes in, or attaching hooks to, fire safety doors); and
 - (c) any fine, penalty or costs of any recovery action incurred by the landlord arising out of or in connection with the failure of a body corporate, community association or company to comply with a statutory requirement (Including, without limitation, the lodgement of an annual fire safety statement) if that failure was caused or contributed to by the tenant;

70.2





- 75.2 to notify the landlord or the landlord's agent immediately if any smoke detector or smoke alarm in the residential premises is not working properly so that the landlord can attend to the landlord's obligation referred to in clause 42 of this agreement; and
- 75.3 to pay any call out fees payable to the fire brigade or other authorities which become payable in the event that a smoke alarm fitted to the residential premises is activated by activities carried out by the tenant on the residential premises, including but not limited to burning food.

ADDITIONAL TERM - TENANCY DATABASES

76. The landlord or the landlord's agent advises and the tenant acknowledges and agrees that the tenant's personal information may be collected, used and disclosed for the purpose of listing the tenant on a tenancy database as permitted by, and in accordance with, the provisions of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010.

ADDITIONAL TERM - GARAGE, STORAGE CAGE, OPEN CAR SPACE OR OTHER STORAGE FACILITY

[This clause does not apply if there is no garage, storage cage, open car space or other storage facility on the residential premises]

- 77. The tenant agrees that if the premises include a garage then the garage is provided for the purpose of parking a motor vehicle and not for the storage of goods or personal belongings.
- 78. The landlord gives no undertaking as to the security and/or waterproofing of any garage, storage cage, open car space or any other storage facility on the residential premises and accepts no liability for any damage to such garage, storage cage, open car space or other storage facility or to anything stored therein.

ADDITIONAL TERM - DETAILS OF TENANT AND TENANT'S AGENT

- 79. The tenant agrees to notify the landlord or the landlord's agent, in writing within 14 days, of any changes to the nominated contact details of the tenant or the tenant's agent, including those specified in this agreement.
- 80. The landlord agrees to provide to the tenant's agent (if appointed) all notices and documents that it gives to the tenant.

ADDITIONAL TERM - TENANT'S REFUSAL OF ACCESS

- 81. Where the tenant has been provided with the requisite notice pursuant to clause 24.8 and the tenant has refused access to the residential premises preventing prospective tenants from inspecting them, the tenant acknowledges and agrees that the landlord is entitled to claim damages for loss of bargain in the event the landlord is unable to secure a future tenant as a result of the tenant's refusal to allow access to the residential premises.
- 82. The tenant agrees that the landlord and the landlord's agent are authorised to use the office set of keys to access the residential premises for the purpose of carrying out an inspection pursuant to clause 24.

ADDITIONAL TERM - PRIVACY POLICY

83. The Privacy Act 1988 (Cth) (the Act) allows certain information about the tenant referred to in this agreement to be collected, used and disclosed for the purpose for which it was collected, and otherwise in accordance with the Act. This Privacy Policy does not form part of this agreement and only applies to the extent that the landlord collects, uses and discloses personal information and is required by the Act to comply with the requirements of the Act. If the landlord appoints an agent to act for the landlord, then this Privacy Policy will apply to the landlord's agent's collection, use and disclosure of personal information on behalf of the landlord. The landlord may amend, or amend and restate, this Privacy Policy from time to time and may subsequently notify the tenant of any changes to this Privacy Policy by written notification to the tenant. Any change to this Privacy Policy takes effect on the date of that written notification.

The personal information the tenant provides in connection with this agreement or collected from other sources is necessary for the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent to:

- (a) identify and verify the tenant's identity;
- (b) process and assess any application received in relation to the lease of the residential premises;
- assess the tenant's ability to meet their financial and other obligations under this agreement;
- (d) manage this agreement and the residential premises including (without limitation) the collection of rent and the preparation of required statements of accounts;
- (e) contact and liaise with goods and services providers as instructed by the tenant and to provide those providers with the tenant's personal information;
- (f) comply with any applicable law;
- (g) liaise and exchange information with the tenant and the legal and other advisors of the tenant, landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent in relation to or in connection with this agreement;
- (h) negotiate the lease for the residential premises;
- process any payment (including, without limitation, the exchange of personal information with the relevant payment provider, where necessary); and
- (i) comply with any dispute resolution process.

If the personal information is not provided by the tenant, the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent may not be able to carry out the steps described above.

Personal information collected about the tenant may be disclosed by the landlord or (if appointed) the landlord's agent for the purpose for which it was collected, to other parties including to the landlord (if the landlord's agent is appointed), the landlord's mortgagee or head-lessor (in either case, if any), the legal and other advisors of the tenant, landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent, referees, valuers, other agents, Courts and applicable tribunals, third parties instructed by the tenant (including.

databases, other third parties instructed by the tenant (including, without limitation, goods and services providers), as required by any applicable law and to any prospective or actual purchaser of the residential premises including to their prospective or actual mortgagee (if any). Personal information held by tenancy databases and relevant agencies may also be requested by and disclosed to the landlord and/or the landlord's agent. The landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent will take reasonable precautions to protect the personal information they hold in relation to the tenant from misuse, loss, unauthorised access, modification or disclosure.

Further, if the tenant applies for the lease of the residential premises via any third party letting business, including any online letting businesses, then the tenant will have consented to the disclosure of its personal information by that business to the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent. The tenant consents to the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent receiving personal information from the relevant online letting business for the purposes specified in this Privacy Policy.

If the tenant fails to comply with its obligations under this agreement, then that fact and other relevant personal information collected about the tenant during the term of this agreement may also be disclosed to third party operators of tenancy and other databases, other agents, Courts and relevant tribunals.





The landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent may also use the tenant's information including personal information for marketing and research purposes to inform the tenant of products and services provided by the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent, which the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent consider may be of value or interest to the tenant, unless the tenant tells the landlord or (if appointed) the landlord's agent (see opt out option below) or has previously told the landlord or (if appointed) the landlord's agent not to. If the tenant does not wish to receive any information about such products and services then please tick this box: or otherwise notify the landlord and/or landlord's agent using the contact details of the landlord and/or landlord's agent (as applicable) set out earlier in this agreement.

The tenant has the right to request access to any personal information held by the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent which relates to them, unless the landlord or (if appointed) the landlord's agent is permitted by law (including the Act) to withhold that information. If the Act applies to the landlord and the landlord is an 'organisation' (as defined under the Act) then it is entitled to charge a reasonable fee where access to personal information is provided (no fee may be charged for making an application to access personal information). If an agent is appointed by the landlord, it is entitled to charge a reasonable fee where access to personal information is provided (no fee may be charged for making an application to access personal information). Any requests for access to the tenant's personal information should be made in writing to the landlord or (if appointed) the landlord's agent at the contact details included in this agreement. The tenant has the right to request the correction of any personal information which relates to the tenant that is inaccurate, incomplete or out-of-date.

By signing this agreement, the tenant acknowledges that it has read and understands the terms of this Privacy Policy and agrees to those terms and the permissions to collect, use and disclose personal information, and the tenant authorises the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent to collect, use and obtain, in accordance with the Act, their personal information for the purposes specified in this Privacy Policy.

ADDITIONAL TERM - ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

- 84. The landlord and tenant each acknowledge that:
 - 84.1 the landlord and tenant are permitted to agree on additional terms and conditions of this agreement and to include them in an annexure at the end of this agreement;
 - 84.2 the additional terms and conditions may be included in this agreement only if:
 - they do not contravene the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 (NSW), the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 (NSW) or any other Act; and
 - they are not inconsistent with the standard terms and conditions of this agreement; and
 - 84.3 The Real Estate Institute of New South Wales Limited (REINSW) is not and cannot be responsible for the drafting and content of any additional terms and/or conditions that are included in any annexure to this agreement.





SCHEDULE A

SPECIAL CONDITIONS - FLATS

Special Condition 1 - Vehicles

The tenant must not park or stand any motor or other vehicle on common area, or permit a motor vehicle to be parked or stood on common area, except with the prior written approval of the landlord or as permitted by a sign authorised by the landlord.

Special Condition 2 - Damage to lawns and plants on the common areas

The tenant must not, except with the prior written approval of the landlord:

- damage any lawn, garden, tree, shrub, plant or flower being part of or situated on the common area, or
- use for his or her own purposes as a garden any portion of the common area.

Special Condition 3 - Obstruction of common areas

The tenant must not obstruct lawful use of common areas by any person except on a temporary and non-recurring basis.

Special Condition 4 - Noise

The tenant, or any invitee of the tenant, must not create any noise in the flat or the common area likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another flat or of any person lawfully using the common area.

Special Condition 5 - Behaviour of tenants and invitees

- (a) The tenant, or any invitee of the tenant, when on the common area must be adequately clothed and must not use language or behave in a manner likely to cause offence or embarrassment to the owner or occupier of another lot or to any person lawfully using the common area.
- (b) The tenant must take all reasonable steps to ensure that their invitees:
 - do not behave in a manner likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another flat or any person lawfully using the common area; and
 - (ii) without limiting paragraph (b)(i), comply with Special Condition 5(a).

Special Condition 6 - Children playing on common areas in building

Any child for whom the tenant is responsible may play on any area of the common area that is designated by the landlord for that purpose but may only use an area designated for swimming while under adult supervision. The tenant must not permit any child of whom the tenant is responsible, unless accompanied by an adult exercising effective control, to be or to remain on the common area that is a laundry, car parking area or other area of possible danger or hazard to children.

Special Condition 7 - Smoke penetration

The tenant, and any invitee of the tenant, must not smoke tobacco or any other substance on the common area, except:

- (a) in an area designated as a smoking area by the landlord, or
- (b) with the written approval of the landlord.

The tenant who is permitted under this Special Condition to smoke tobacco or any other substance on common area must ensure that the smoke does not penetrate to any other flat. The tenant must ensure that smoke caused by the smoking of tobacco or any other substance by the tenant, or any invitee of the tenant, in the flat does not penetrate to the common area or any other flat.

Special Condition 8 - Preservation of fire safety

The tenant must not do any thing or permit any invitees to do any thing in the flat or common area that is likely to affect the operation of fire safety devices in the parcel or to reduce the level of fire safety in the flats or common areas.

Special Condition 9 - Storage of inflammable, dangerous or hazardous liquids and other substances and materials

- (a) The tenant must not, except with the prior written approval of the landlord, use or store in the flat, garage or carport or on the common area any inflammable, dangerous or hazardous chemical, liquid or gas or other inflammable, dangerous or hazardous material.
- (b) This Special Condition does not apply to chemicals, liquids, gases or other material used or intended to be used for domestic purposes, or any chemical, liquid, gas or other material in a fuel tank of a motor vehicle or internal combustion engine.

Special Condition 10 - Appearance of flat

- (a) The tenant must not, without the prior written approval of the landlord, maintain within the flat anything visible from outside the flat that, viewed from outside the flat, is not in keeping with the rest of the building.
- (b) This Special Condition does not apply to the hanging of any clothing, towel, bedding or other article of a similar type in accordance with Special Condition 12.

Special Condition 11 - Cleaning windows and doors

- (a) Except in circumstances referred to in Special Condition 11(b), the tenant is responsible for cleaning all interior and exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors on the boundary of the flat, including so much as is common area.
- (b) The landlord is responsible for cleaning regularly all exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors that cannot be accessed by the tenant safely or at all.

Special Condition 12 - Hanging out of washing

The tenant may hang any washing on any lines provided by the landlord for that purpose. The tenant may hang washing on any part of the flat other than over the balcony railings. In each case, the washing may only be hung for a reasonable period. In this Special Condition, "washing" includes any clothing, towel, bedding or other article of a similar type.

Special Condition 13 - Disposal of waste - bins for individual flats (applicable where individual flats have bins)

- (a) The tenant must:
 - not deposit or throw on the common area any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material or discarded item except with the prior written approval of the landlord;
 - (ii) not deposit in a toilet, or otherwise introduce or attempt to introduce into the plumbing system, any item that is not appropriate for any such disposal (for example, a disposable nappy);
 - (iii) comply with all reasonable directions given by the landlord as to the disposal and storage of waste (including the cleaning up of spilled waste) on the common area;
 - (iv) comply with the local council's guidelines for the storage, handling, collection and disposal of waste;
 - (v) maintain bins for waste within the flat, or on any part of the common area that is authorised by the landlord, in clean and dry condition and appropriately covered;
 - (vi) not place any thing in the bins of the owner or occupier of any other flat except with the permission of that owner or occupier;
 - (vii) place the bins within an area designated for collection by the landlord not more than 12 hours before the time at which waste is normally collected and, when the waste has been collected, must promptly return the bins to the flat or other area authorised for the bins; and
 - (vii) notify the local council of any loss of, or damage to, bins provided by the local council for waste.





- (b) The landlord may give directions for the purposes of this Special Condition by posting signs on the common area with instructions on the handling of waste that are consistent with the local council's requirements or giving notices in writing to tenants.
- (c) In this Special Condition, "bin" includes any receptacle for waste and "waste" includes garbage and recyclable material.

Special Condition 14 - Disposal of waste - shared bins (applicable where bins are shared by flats)

- (a) The tenant must:
 - not deposit or throw on the common area any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material or discarded item except with the prior written approval of the landlord;
 - (ii) not deposit in a toilet, or otherwise introduce or attempt to introduce into the plumbing system, any Item that is not appropriate for any such disposal (for example, a disposable nappy);
 - (iii) comply with all reasonable directions given by the landlord as to the disposal and storage of waste (including the cleaning up of spilled waste) on common area; and
 - (iv) comply with the local council's guidelines for the storage, handling, collection and disposal of waste.
- (b) The landlord may give directions for the purposes of this Special Condition by posting signs on the common area with instructions on the handling of waste that are consistent with the local council's requirements or giving notices in writing to tenants.
- (c) In this Special Condition, "bin" includes any receptacle for waste and "waste" includes garbage and recyclable material.

Special Condition 15 - Change in use or occupation of flat to be notified

- (a) The tenant must notify the landlord if the tenant changes the existing use of the flat.
- (b) Without limiting Special Condition 15(a), the following changes of use must be notified:
 - a change that may affect the insurance premiums for the landlord (for example, if the change of use results in a hazardous activity being carried out in the flat, or results in the flat being used for commercial or industrial purposes rather than residential purposes); and
 - (i) a change to the use of the flat for short-term or holiday letting.
- (c) The notice must be given in writing at least 21 days before the change occurs or a lease or sublease commences.

Special Condition 16 - Compliance with planning and other requirements

The tenant must ensure that the flat is not used for any purpose that is prohibited by law and that the flat is not occupied by more persons than are allowed by law to occupy the flat.





NOTES.

1. Definitions

In this agreement:

landlord means the person who grants the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement, and includes a successor in title to the residential premises whose interest is subject to that of the tenant and a tenant who has granted the right to occupy residential premises to a sub-tenant.

landlord's agent means a person who acts as the agent of the landlord and who (whether or not the person carries on any other business) carries on business as an agent for:

- (a) the letting of residential premises, or
- the collection of rents payable for any tenancy of residential premises.

LFAI Register means the register of residential premises that contain or have contained loose-fill asbestos insulation that is required to be maintained under Division 1A of Part 8 of the Home Building Act 1989.

rental bond means money paid by the tenant as security to carry out this agreement.

residential premises means any premises or part of premises (including any land occupied with the premises) used or intended to be used as a place of residence.

tenancy means the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement.

tenant means the person who has the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement, and includes the person to whom such a right passes by transfer or operation of the law and a sub-tenant of the tenant.

2. Continuation of tenancy (if fixed term agreement)

Once any fixed term of this agreement ends, the agreement continues in force on the same terms as a periodic agreement unless the agreement is terminated by the landlord or the tenant in accordance with the *Residential Tenancles Act 2010* (see notes 3 and 4).

Clauses 5 and 6 of this agreement provide for rent to be able to be increased if the agreement continues in force, with certain restrictions.

3. Ending a fixed term agreement

If this agreement is a fixed term agreement, it may be ended by the landlord or the tenant by giving written notice of termination. The notice may be given at any time up until the end of the fixed term but cannot take effect until the term ends. The landlord must give at least 30 days notice and the tenant must give at least 14 days notice.

4. Ending a periodic agreement

If this agreement is a periodic agreement, it may be ended by the landlord or the tenant by giving written notice of termination. The notice may be given at any time. The landlord must give at least 90 days notice and the tenant must give at least 21 days notice.

5. Other grounds for ending agreement

The Residential Tenancies Act 2010 also authorises the landlord and tenant to end this agreement on other grounds. The grounds for the landlord ending the agreement include sale of the residential premises requiring vacant possession, breach of this agreement by the tenant, due to hardship or if the agreement is frustrated because the premises are destroyed, become wholly or partly uninhabitable or cease to be lawfully usable as a residence or are appropriated or acquired by any authority by compulsory process.

The grounds for the tenant include breach by the landlord of information disclosure provisions under section 26 of the Act (not revealed when this agreement was entered into), breach of this agreement by the landlord, due to hardship or if the agreement is frustrated because the premises are destroyed, become wholly or partly uninhabitable or cease to be lawfully usable as a residence or are appropriated or acquired by any authority by compulsory process.

For more information refer to that Act or contact NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20.

6. Warning

It is an offence for any person to obtain possession of the residential premises without an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal or a judgment or order of a court if the tenant does not willingly move out. A court can order fines and compensation to be paid for such an offence.





THE LANDLORD AND THE TENANT ENTER INTO THIS AGREEMENT AND AGREE TO ALL ITS TERMS.

Note. Section 9 of the Electronic Transactions Act 2000 allows for agreements to be signed electronically in NSW if the parties consent. If an electronic signature is used then it must comply with Division 2 of Part 2 of the Electronic Transactions Act 2000.

DocuSigned by:	2/7/2023
Grau Huang	
Signature of landlord/landlord's agent)	(Date)
ANDLORD INFORMATION STATEMENT	
he landlord acknowledges that, at or before the time of signing contents of an information statement published by NSW Fair Tra	g this residential tenancy agreement, the landlord has read and understood the ading that sets out the landlord's rights and obligations.
	2/7/2023
Signature of landlord/landlord's agent)	(Date)
to the development and along this acknowledgment and	less they have first obtained from the landlord a written statement that the on statement published by NSW Fair Trading setting out the landlord's rights an
SIGNED BY THE TENANT	
Occusigned by:	
Signature of tenant)	(Signature of tenant)
29/6/2023	
Date)	(Date)
,	
(Signature of tenant)	(Signature of tenant)
(Date)	(Date)
TENANT INFORMATION STATEMENT	
The tenant acknowledges that, at or before the time of signing information statement published by NSW Fair Trading.	this residential tenancy agreement, the tenant was given a copy of an
A AAA — III	
AAFAKESEDICI40A. (Signature of tenant)	(Signature of tenant)
29/6/2023	
(Date)	(Date)
(Signature of tenant)	(Signature of tenant)
(Date)	(Date)
For information about your rights and obligations as a landlord	

(c) your local Tenants Advice and Advocacy Service at www.tenants.org.au

ANNEXURE



If applicable, include additional Terms and Conditions below

The tenant(s) agree to be bound by the Special Conditions referred to in this document which makes part of the Residential Tenancy Agreement.

The tenant(s) agrees that pets will not be kept or allowed to be kept upon the premises during the term of this tenancy.

The tenant/s understands permission is required from the landlord to install any hooks, wall mounted shelving or brackets.

The tenant/s agrees it is their responsibility to rectify any damage caused.

The tenant(s) agrees to remove filters from air conditioning unit every 3-4 months and clean before replacing back in unit,

The tenant(s) agrees to undertake any and all measures necessary to prevent and eradicate mildew forming within the premises.

The tenant(s) agree to immediately report to the managing agent any faults with the smoke alarm. It is the responsibility of the tenant(s) to maintain and regularly check and clean the smoke alarm(s) and to ensure that the batteries are replaced when they run low (when the device beeps at regular intervals, the batteries require replacing).

The tenant(s) agree not to tamper or remove the batteries (unless to replace with new batteries) from the smoke alarm or inhibit its function for whatever reason.

The tenant(s) agrees that felt pads are to be placed under all furniture items to prevent scratches and/or chipping of the timber/tiled flooring. Any damage caused to the floors is to be rectified at the tenant(s) expense.

The tenant(s) agrees they have received a copy of the by-laws applying to the residential premises if the premises they are premises under the strata schemes management act 1996, the strata schemes (leasehold development) act 1986, the Community land development Act 1989 or the community Land Management Act 1989.

In the event of an emergency strata repair the tenant(s) agree to contact the emergency strata tradespeople. The tenant also agrees to note the date and time the repair was reported to the strata. The tenant(s) acknowledge that is the landlord/agents emergency contacts are contacted by the tenants for strata related matters that they do so at their own expense.

ANNEXURE



If applicable, include additional Terms and Conditions below

The tenant(s) agrees that there is to be no smoking inside the premises at any time during the term of the tenancy. All smoking must be conducted outdoors.

The tenant(s) agrees that upon vacating the property and handing the keys back the property will be left in the same condition (less fair wear & tear) at the commencement of the lease. The tenant acknowledges that if it is not the landlord is entitled to reimbursement from the bond.

The tenant(s) agrees that, if the tenant ends the residential tenancy agreement before the end of the fixed term of the agreement, the tenant must pay a break fee of the following amount, if the fixed term is for 3 years or less:

- · 4 weeks rent if less than 25% of the lease had expired
- 3 weeks rent if 25% or more but less than 50% of the lease had expired
- 2 weeks rent if 50% or more but less than 75% of the lease had expired
- 1 week's rent if 75% or more of the lease had expired.

The tenant(s) agrees that they have received a copy of the following fact sheets:

- New Tenant Checklist - What you must know before you sign a lease

The tenant(s) agree that they have been given a copy of the Direct Debit Service Agreement and accepts any dishonour fees that may eventuate from any dishonoured payments.

The tenant(s) understands that a detailed condition report has been prepared and given to the tenant, to review and return a copy to Strong Property within 7 days.

We highly recommend that you take out your own contents insurance to cover your own personal effects as the Landlords insurance nor the Owner's Corporation insurance does not cover your own personal effects.

We advise that if your property has a garage, any valuable items stored there are at your own risk neither Strong Property, nor the owner's corporation, nor the landlord is responsible for any goods damaged or stolen from the garage.

Grau Huang
STRONG PROPERTY
DocuSigned by: AAPASE8E9TC NOO:
Moderate



March 2020

Tenant information statement

What you must know before you start renting

Starting a tenancy

Landlords or agents must give all tenants a copy of this **Tenant information statement** before signing a residential tenancy agreement.

Make sure you read this information statement thoroughly before you sign a residential tenancy agreement. Ask questions if there is anything in the agreement that you do not understand.

Remember, you are committing to a legally binding contract with no cooling-off period. You want to be certain you understand and agree to what you are signing.

The landlord or agent must:

- ensure the property is vacant, reasonably clean, fit to live in and in good repair at the start of the tenancy
- provide and maintain the property in a reasonable state of repair
- meet health and safety laws (e.g. pool fencing, electrical installations, smoke alarms, window and balcony safety)
- · ensure the property is reasonably secure
- respect your privacy and follow entry and notice requirements.

When renting, you must:

- · pay the rent on time
- keep the property reasonably clean and undamaged and leave it in the same condition it was in when you moved in (fair wear and tear excepted)
- · not use the property for anything illegal
- follow the terms of the tenancy agreement
- respect your neighbours' right to peace, comfort and privacy

What you must be told before you sign an agreement

Sometimes a rental property has something in its history that you should know before you sign an agreement.

The landlord or agent must tell you if the property is:

- · planned to be sold
- subject to court proceedings where the mortgagee is trying to take possession of the property
- in a strata scheme and a strata renewal committee is currently established for the strata scheme.

The landlord or agent must tell you if they are aware of any of the following facts. If the property:

- has been subject to flooding from a natural weather event or bushfire in the last 5 years
- has significant health or safety risks (unless obvious to a reasonable person when the property is inspected)
- has been the scene of a serious violent crime (e.g. murder or aggravated assault) in the last 5 years
- is listed on the <u>loose-fill asbestos insulation</u> register
- has been used to manufacture or cultivate a prohibited drug or prohibited plant in the last 2 years
- is part of a building where a fire safety or building product rectification order (or a notice of intention to issue one of these orders) has been issued regarding external combustible cladding
- is part of a building where a development or complying development certificate application for rectification has been lodged regarding external combustible cladding
- is in a strata scheme where scheduled rectification work or major repairs will be carried out to common property during the fixed term of the agreement
- is affected by zoning or laws that will not allow you to obtain a parking permit, and only paid parking is available in the area
- is provided with any council waste services that are different to other properties in the council area
- has a driveway or walkway that others can legally use.

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Penalties apply to landlords or agents if any of the above is not done.

What you must be given before you sign an agreement

Before you sign an agreement or move into the property, the landlord or agent must give you:

- · a copy of this Tenant information statement
- a copy of the proposed tenancy agreement, filled out in the spaces provided
- 2 hard copies, or 1 electronic copy, of the condition report for the property completed by the landlord or agent
- a copy of the by-laws, if the property is in a strata scheme.

What you must be given at the time you sign an agreement

At the time you sign the agreement, the landlord or agent **must give** you:

 for any swimming or spa pools on the property, a valid certificate of compliance or occupation certificate (issued within the last 3 years). This does not apply if you are renting a property in a strata or community scheme that has more than 2 lots.

Before or at the start of the tenancy

The landlord or agent must give you:

 a copy of the key (or other opening device or information) to open any lock or security device for the rented property or common property, at no cost to you or any tenant named in the agreement

The property must be fit to live in

The property must be reasonably clean, fit to live in and in a reasonable state of repair.

To be fit to live in, the property must (at a minimum):

- 1. be structurally sound
- 2. have adequate natural or artificial lighting in each room, except storage rooms or garages
- 3. have adequate ventilation
- be supplied with electricity or gas, and have enough electricity or gas sockets for lighting, heating and other appliances
- 5. have adequate plumbing and drainage
- have a water connection that can supply hot and cold water for drinking, washing and cleaning
- 7. have bathroom facilities, including toilet and washing facilities, that allow users' privacy.

The property could have other issues that may make it unfit for you to live in, even if it meets the

above 7 minimum standards. Before you rent the property, you should tell the landlord or agent to take steps (such as make repairs) to make sure the property is fit to live in.

Residential tenancy agreement

The tenancy agreement is a legal agreement. It must include certain standard terms that cannot be changed or deleted. It may also include additional terms. Verbal agreements are still binding on you and the landlord.

Condition report

You should have already received a copy of the condition report, completed by the landlord or agent, before you signed the agreement. This is an important piece of evidence and you should take the time to check the condition of the property at the start of the tenancy. If you do not complete the report accurately, money could be taken out of your bond (after you move out) to pay for damage that was already there when you moved in.

You must complete and give a copy of the condition report to your landlord or agent within 7 days after moving into the property. You must also keep a copy of the completed report.

Rent, receipts and records

Rent is a regular payment you make to the landlord to be able to live in the property. You cannot be asked to pay more than 2 weeks' rent in advance. Your landlord or agent cannot demand more rent until it is due.

Your landlord or agent can serve you with 14 days' termination notice if you are more than 14 days behind with the rent.

Your landlord or agent must:

- give you rent receipts (unless rent is paid into a nominated bank account)
- keep a record of rent you pay
- provide you with a copy of the rent record within 7 days of your written request for it.

Rental bonds

The bond is money you may have to pay at the start of the tenancy as security. It must be in the form of money and not as a guarantee. Your landlord or agent can only ask for 1 bond for a tenancy agreement. The bond payable cannot be more than 4 weeks rent. If the landlord agrees, you can pay the bond in instalments.

Your landlord or agent cannot make you pay a bond before the tenancy agreement is signed. If you pay the bond directly to Fair Trading using Rental Bonds Online (RBO) the landlord or agent will receive confirmation of this before they finalise the tenancy agreement.

Your landlord or agent must give you the option to use RBO to pay your bond. You can use RBO to securely pay your bond direct to NSW Fair Trading using a credit card or BPAY, without the need to fill out and sign a bond lodgement form. Once registered, you can continue to use your RBO account for future tenancies.

If you decide not to use RBO, you can ask your agent or landlord for a paper bond lodgement form for you to sign, so that it can be lodged with Fair Trading. The landlord must deposit any bond you pay them with Fair Trading within 10 working days. If the bond is paid to the agent, the agent must deposit the bond with Fair Trading within 10 working days after the end of the month in which the bond was paid.

Discrimination when applying for rental property

It is against the law for a landlord or agent to discriminate on the grounds of your race, age, disability, gender, sexual orientation, marital status or pregnancy.

If you feel that a landlord or agent has declined your tenancy application or has treated you less favourably because of the above, you can contact the NSW Anti-Discrimination Board on 1800 670 812 or the Australian Human Rights Commission on 1300 656 419.

It is not against the law if a landlord or agent chooses not to have a tenant who smokes, or has a poor tenancy history or issues with rent payments.

Communicating with your landlord or agent

Your landlord must provide you with their name and a way for you to contact them directly, even if your landlord has an agent.

This information must be given to you in writing before or when you sign the tenancy agreement, or it can be included in the agreement you sign. Your landlord must also let you know, in writing, within 14 days of any changes to their details.

Some formal communication between you and the landlord or agent must be in writing to be valid, for example, termination notices. You can use email to serve notices or other documents but only if the landlord or agent has given you permission to use their nominated email address for this purpose.

During the tenancy

Can rent be increased during the tenancy?

For a fixed-term of less than 2 years, rent can only be increased during the fixed-term if the agreement sets out the increased amount or how the increase will be calculated. No written notice of the increase is required.

For a fixed-term of 2 years or more, or for a periodic agreement (i.e. where the fixed-term has expired or no fixed-term is specified), the rent can only be increased once in a 12-month period. You must get at least 60 days written notice.

Paying for electricity, gas and water usage

You may have to pay the cost for certain utilities as set out in the agreement. For example, you will pay for all:

- electricity, non-bottled gas or oil supply charges if the property is separately metered. Some exceptions apply for electricity or gas
- charges for the supply of bottled gas during the tenancy.

There are limits on when you need to pay for water usage charges. You can only be asked to pay for water usage if the property is separately metered (or water is delivered by vehicle) and meets the following water efficiency measures:

- all showerheads have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres per minute
- all internal cold-water taps and single mixer taps for kitchen sinks or bathroom hand basins have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres per minute
- any leaking taps or toilets on the property are fixed at the start of the agreement and whenever other water efficiency measures are installed, repaired or upgraded
- from 23 March 2025, toilets are dual flush and have a minimum 3-star WELS rating.

Repairs and maintenance

The property must always be fit for you to live in. The landlord is responsible for any repairs or maintenance, so the property is in a reasonable state of repair. They must also ensure the property meets health and safety laws.

You are responsible for looking after the property and keeping it clean and undamaged. If the property includes a yard, lawns and gardens, you must also keep these areas neat and tidy.

You need to tell your landlord or the agent of any necessary repairs or damage as soon as possible. They are responsible for arranging and paying for the repair costs unless you caused or allowed the damage. You are not responsible for any damage caused by a perpetrator of domestic violence during a domestic violence offence.

If the repair is an urgent repair e.g. where there is a burst water service, a blocked or broken toilet, a gas leak or dangerous electrical fault, your landlord or agent should organise these repairs as soon as reasonably possible, after being notified. If they do not respond to an urgent repair, you may be able to organise the work yourself and be reimbursed

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a maximum amount of \$1,000 within 14 days from requesting payment in writing. A list of **urgent** repairs is available on the <u>Fair Trading website</u>.

You can apply to Fair Trading for a rectification order if your landlord refuses or does not provide and maintain the property in a reasonable state of repair. Similarly, your landlord can apply to Fair Trading for a rectification order if you refuse or do not repair damage you have caused or allowed. You can also apply to the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal (the Tribunal) if your landlord does not carry out repairs.

Smoke alarms must be working

Landlords must ensure that smoke alarms are installed on all levels of the property. Your landlord must maintain the smoke alarms in your property to ensure they are working.

You should notify your landlord or agent if a smoke alarm is not working. They are responsible for repairing (including replacing a battery) or replacing a smoke alarm within 2 business days after they become aware that it is not working.

You can choose to replace a removable battery if it needs replacing, but you must notify the landlord if and when you do this. You are not responsible for maintaining, repairing or replacing a smoke alarm. However, there are some circumstances where you can arrange for a smoke alarm to be repaired or replaced.

Privacy and access

You have the right to reasonable peace, comfort and privacy when renting. Tenancy laws restrict when and how often your landlord, agent or other authorised person can enter the property during the tenancy. Your landlord, agent or authorised person can enter the property without your consent in certain circumstances if proper notice (if applicable) is provided.

For example:

- in an emergency, no notice is necessary
- · if the Tribunal orders that access is allowed
- to carry out, or assess the need for, necessary repairs or maintenance of the property, if you have been given at least 2 days' notice
- to carry out urgent repairs, no notice is necessary
- to carry out repairs or replacement of a smoke alarm, if you have been given at least 1 hours' notice
- to inspect or assess the need for repair or replacement of a smoke alarm, if you have been given at least 2 business days' notice
- to carry out a general inspection of the property if you have been given at least 7 days' written notice (no more than 4 inspections during a 12-month period).

How to make 'minor' changes to the property

You can only make minor changes to the property with your landlord's written consent, or if the agreement allows it. Your landlord can only refuse your request if it is reasonable to do so e.g. if the work involves structural changes or is inconsistent with the nature of the property.

There are certain types of 'minor' changes where it would be unreasonable for your landlord to refuse consent. For example:

- secure furniture to a non-tiled wall for safety reasons
- fit a childproof latch to an outdoor gate in a single dwelling
- · insert fly screens on windows
- install or replace internal window covering (e.g. curtains)
- install cleats or cord guides to secure blind or curtain cords
- · install child safety gates inside the property
- install window safety devices for child safety (non-strata only)
- install hand-held shower heads or lever-style taps to assist elderly or disabled occupants
- install or replace hooks, nails or screws for hanging pictures etc.
- · install a phone line or internet connection
- plant vegetables, flowers, herbs or shrubs in the garden
- · install wireless removable outdoor security camera
- apply shatter-resistant film to window or glass doors
- make changes that don't penetrate a surface, or permanently modify a surface, fixture or structure of the property.

Some exceptions apply. The landlord can also require that certain minor changes be carried out by a qualified person.

You will be responsible for paying for the changes and for any damage you cause to the property. Certain rules apply for removing any modifications at the end of the tenancy.

Your rights in circumstances of domestic violence

Every person has the right to feel safe and live free from domestic violence. If you or your dependent child are experiencing domestic violence in a rental property, there are options available to you to improve your safety.

If you or your dependent child need to escape violence, you can end your tenancy immediately,

without penalty. To do this you must give your landlord a termination notice with the relevant evidence and give a termination notice to any cotenants.

Or, if you wish to stay in your home, you can apply to the Tribunal for an order to end the tenancy of the perpetrator (if they are another co-tenant).

A tenant or any innocent co-tenant is not liable for property damage caused by the perpetrator of violence during a domestic violence offence.

Ending the tenancy

Termination notice must be given

A tenancy agreement is a legally binding agreement that can only be ended in certain ways. A tenancy will usually be ended by you or your landlord giving notice to the other party and you vacating on or after the date specified in the notice.

To end a tenancy, you need to give the landlord or agent a written termination notice with the applicable notice period. In some cases, you can apply directly to the Tribunal for a termination order without issuing a termination notice (for example if you are experiencing hardship).

If you do not leave by the date specified in the termination notice, the landlord or agent can apply to the Tribunal for termination and possession orders. If you do not comply with the Tribunal order, only a Sheriff's Officer can legally remove you from the property under a warrant for possession.

You cannot be locked out of your home under any circumstances unless a Sheriff's Officer is enforcing a warrant for possession issued by the Tribunal or a court.

Break fee for ending a fixed term agreement early

If you end a fixed term agreement early that is for 3 years or less, mandatory break fees may apply based on the stage of the agreement. If it applies, the set fee payable will be:

- 4 weeks rent if less than 25% of the lease had expired
- 3 weeks rent if 25% or more but less than 50% of the lease had expired
- 2 weeks rent if 50% or more but less than
 75% of the lease had expired
- 1 week's rent if 75% or more of the lease had expired.

The break fee does not apply if you end the agreement early for a reason allowed under the Act.

Getting the rental bond returned

You should receive the bond in full at the end of the tenancy unless there is a reason for the landlord to make a claim against the bond. For example if:

- rent or other charges (e.g. unpaid water usage bills, break fee) are owing
- copies of the keys were not given back and the locks needed to be changed
- you caused damage or did not leave the property in a reasonably clean condition compared to the original condition report, apart from 'fair wear and tear'.

You are not liable for fair wear and tear to the property that occurs over time with the use of the property, even when the property receives reasonable care and maintenance.

Checklist

You should only sign the agreement when you can answer **Yes** to the following.

The tenancy agreement

 ,,g
I have read the agreement and asked questions if there were things I did not understand.
 I understand the fixed-term of the agreement is negotiated before I sign, which means it can be for 6 months, 12 months, or some other period.
 I understand that I must be offered at least one way to pay the rent that does not involve paying a fee to a third party.
I understand that any additional terms to the agreement can be negotiated before I sign.
I have checked that all additional terms to the agreement are allowed. For example, the agreement does not include a term requiring me to have the carpet professionally cleaned when I leave, unless it is required because the landlord has allowed me to keep a pet on the property.

Promised repairs

For any promises the landlord or agent makes to fix anything (e.g. replace the oven, etc.) or do other work (e.g. paint a room, clean up the backyard, etc.):

backyard, etc.):
☐ I have made sure these have already been done
or
☐ I have an undertaking in writing (before signing

the agreement) that they will be done.

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Upfront costs

- lam **not** required to pay:
 - more than 2 weeks rent in advance
 - more than 4 weeks rent as a rental bond.
- I am not being charged for:
 - the cost of preparing the tenancy agreement
 - the initial supply of keys and other opening devices to each tenant named in the agreement
 - being allowed to keep a pet on the property.

Top tips for problem-free renting

Some useful tips to help avoid problems when renting:

- Keep a copy of your agreement, condition report, rent receipts, Rental Bond Number and copies of letters/emails you send or receive in a safe place where you can easily find them later.
- Photos are a great way to record the condition of the property when you first move in.
 Take date-stamped photos of the property, especially areas that are damaged or unclean.
 Keep these photos in case the landlord objects to returning your bond at the end of your tenancy.
- Comply with the terms of your agreement and never stop paying your rent, even if you don't think the landlord is complying with their side of the agreement (e.g. by failing to do repairs).
 You could end up being evicted if you do.
- Never make any changes to the property, or let other people move in without asking the landlord or agent for permission first.
- Keep a written record of your dealings with the landlord or agent (for example by keeping copies of emails or a diary record of your conversations, including the times and dates, who you spoke to and what they agreed to do). It is helpful to have any agreements in writing, for example requests for repairs. This is a useful record and can also assist if there is a dispute.

- Consider taking out home contents insurance to cover your belongings in case of theft, fires and natural disasters. The landlord's building insurance, if they have it, will not cover your belongings.
- If the property has a pool or garden, be clear about what the landlord or agent expects you to do to maintain them.
- Be careful with what you sign relating to your tenancy and do not let anybody rush you. Never sign a blank form, such as a 'Claim for refund of bond' form.
- If you are happy in the property and your agreement is going to end, consider asking for the agreement to be renewed for another fixedterm. This will remove any worry about being unexpectedly asked to leave and can help to lock in the rent for the next period.

More information

Visit the <u>Fair Trading website</u> or call 13 32 20 for more information about your renting rights and responsibilities. The NSW Government funds a range of community-based Tenants Advice and Advocacy Services across NSW to provide advice, information and advocacy to tenants. Visit the Tenants' Union website at tenants.org.au

fairtrading.nsw.gov.au

13 32 20

Language assistance 13 14 50 (ask for an interpreter in your language)

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For information: fairtrading.nsw.gov.au/copyright
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For more information about this topic,
refer to the appropriate legislation.

